



EU Funding Opportunities 2021 - 2027 -In a Nutshell

A practical guide to EU funding

Compiled by EuroVienna in the context with the

Embedding and Monitoring Process of EUSDR

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INTRODUCTION

The ninth financing phase of the European Union started in January 2021 and will last until 2027. The EU's long-term budget for 2021-2027, together with the NextGenerationEU recovery instrument, amounts to € 2.018 trillion in current prices (€1.8 trillion in 2018 prices). This unprecedented response will help repair the economic and social damage caused by the coronavirus pandemic and support the transition to a modern and more sustainable Europe. The budget will be managed through more than 350 individual financial instruments and consists of the long-term budget, the Multiannual Financial Framework 2021-2027, of € 1.211 trillion in current prices (€ 1.074 trillion in 2018 prices), combined with the temporary recovery instrument, NextGenerationEU, of € 806.9 billion (€ 750 billion in 2018 prices).

Accessing these opportunities may initially seem complex and daunting. Accessing information can be time consuming and difficult. This is especially true if you are not familiar with the structures.

The structures of EU funding can already seem complex, and the COVID-19 pandemic has presented the European Union with unprecedented challenges. The Union is facing new budgetary challenges and has increased a number of funding programmes.

This guide aims to help organisations understand and access the main funding opportunities. EuroVienna compiled the document as support for the embedding and monitoring activities of EUSDR, based on EuroAccess (www.euro-access.eu), a free online search tool provided by EuroVienna.

The guide starts with a short introduction to the Multiannual Financial Framework (MFF) 2021-2027. Each programme is then described in detail over two to three pages. These pages provide general information such as the funding region, eligible institutions, thematic priorities and details on project partnerships. In addition, there is a link to the corresponding page on EuroAccess, which provides further information and details on how to apply for a project.

MULTIANNUAL FINANCIAL FRAMEWORK (MFF) 2021-2027

The EU adopted the Multiannual Financial Framework (MFF) and the EU's supplementary recovery programme in December 2020. The MFF sets the priorities for EU financial planning, determining how much the EU will invest in what areas over a seven-year period. It reflects political priorities, not the entire EU budget.

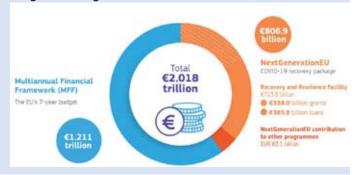
This is the first time in the history of the European Union that a budget has decreased in size. The 2014-2020 EU budget was €960 billion, smaller than the previous budget of €975 billion for the 2007-2013 period. During the planning of the current EU budget, experts assumed that no more than €950 billion would be available for the 2021-2027 EU budget phase due to Brexit and the associated loss of one of the largest net contributors to the EU budget. However, between the end of May and mid-June 2018, the European Commission exceeded this mark for the first time by publishing its first proposals for funding programmes for the 2021-2027 multiannual period, proposing a budget of more than €1 trillion. In April 2020, the Commission presented a revised budget proposal in response to the pandemic and the crisis. This proposal included the new post-COVID recovery plan, NextGenerationEU.

The EU budget for 2021-2027 prioritises climate adaptation and digitalisation. To cope with Brexit and the coronavirus crisis, the EU budget has been increased to more than EUR 1.2 trillion. An additional stimulus package of around € 800 billion has been added to the existing EU financial instruments. This provides an excellent opportunity for all stakeholders to boost the economy across Europe in the coming years.

The general trends of the MFF and its programmes are as follows:

- · Greater European cohesion with a larger budget
- Creation of synergies and standardisation of relevant programmes and regulations
- · More efficient and targeted use of EU funds
- Strong focus on sustainability, environment & climate and digitalisation
- More money for thematic flagship programmes, less money for infrastructure and cohesion

Since the adoption of the EU's long-term budget for 2021-2027 in 2020, the EU has faced unprecedented and unforeseen crises: from Russia's war of aggression against Ukraine and its consequences, to the acceleration of inflation and interest rates, to migration and external challenges such as the conflict in the Middle East. Tackling these multiple challenges has stretched the resources of the EU budget to the limit, hampering its ability to address even the most pressing challenges. To ensure that the EU budget can continue to deliver on its key objectives, the European Commission proposed in June 2023 to strengthen the EU's long-term budget.









In February 2024, EU leaders endorsed all the priorities of the Commission's proposal and agreed on the first-ever revision of the EU's long-term budget. Key elements include:

- Critical support for Ukraine: A new Ukraine Facility, based on grants, loans, and guarantees, with a total capacity of € 50 billion over the period 2024-2027, will address Ukraine's immediate needs, reconstruction, and modernisation on its path towards the EU.
- Strengthening sovereignty and competitiveness: The Strategic Technologies for Europe Platform (STEP) will boost the EU's long-term competitiveness in critical technologies, digital and deep tech, clean tech, and biotech, with new flexibilities and incentives for cohesion funding and the Recovery and Resilience Facility, and a € 1.5 billion top-up to the European Defence Fund.
- Further action on Migration and external challenges: An increase of € 9.6 billion will support the internal and external dimensions of migration and help partners in the Western Balkans, southern neighbourhood and beyond.
- Stronger response to unforeseen crisis: To enable the EU budget to continue to respond to unforeseen circumstances - such as the energy crisis, food crises and the aftermath of Russia's war amid rising inflation and interest costs – the Flexibility Instrument will be reinforced by € 2 billion while the ceiling of the Emergency Aid Reserve will be increased by €1.5 billion and split into two separate instruments: the European Solidarity Reserve and the Emergency Aid Reserve.
- More crisis resilience: A three-step emergency mechanism and a new instrument will provide clarity on the budgetary mechanisms for financing the costs associated with NextGenerationEU.

Single Market, Innovation, Digital: € 161.00 billion

- Research & Innovation
- European Strategic Investments
- Single Market
- Space

Cohesion and Values: € 1203.2 billion

- Regional Development & Cohesion
- Recovery and Resilience
- Investing in People, Social Cohesion & Values

Natural Resources & Environment: £ 419.9 hillion

- Agriculture & Maritime Policy
- Environmental & Climate Action

Migration & Border Management: € 25.7 billion

- Migration
- Border Management

Security & Defence: € 14.9 billion

- Security
- Defence

Neighbourhood & the World: € 110.6 billion

- External Action
- · Pre-accession Assistance

European Public Administration: € 82.5 billion

EU funding instruments are divided into two groups: indirectly managed funds and directly managed funds. Indirectly managed funds are further subdivided into ,funds for the implementation of cohesion policy' and ,funds for the implementation of agricultural and fisheries policy'. Directly managed funds are subdivided into ,sectoral programmes' and ,external action programmes'. The ,sectoral programmes' have an internal effect and apply to the EU27. They are mainly used by the EU Member States.

The EU uses ,external action programmes' to implement its foreign policy and they have an impact outside the EU. This classification is based on differences in management, objectives and regional focus.

Typical characteristics of indirectly managed funds

These funds support national and regional projects aimed at promoting the structural adjustment of specific sectors, regions or combinations thereof. Management and administration are decentralised and the responsibility of each Member State or region.

The EU or its institutions in Brussels do not centralise management and administration, as these are primarily intended to operate at local, national and regional levels.

Funds for the implementation of cohesion policy (ESF+, ERDF, Cohesion Fund, INTERREG) are distributed according to a regional key. The less developed regions receive more money in relation to their national GDP. This approach aims to gradually equalise the level of development of all EU Member States and regions through investment in infrastructure, the economy and the population.

The agricultural and fisheries policies have their own funds, namely EAFRD/LEADER, EAGF and EMFAF. These funds provide subsidies for these two sectors. In addition, there is limited support for projects aimed at preserving and improving rural areas and EU waters surrounding these sectors.

Typical characteristics of directly managed funds

The EU funds projects that support its common interests and values and contribute to its objectives of innovation, jobs and growth.

The European Commission supports European cooperation projects in various thematic areas, such as research and innovation, entrepreneurship, culture, education and the environment, through its funding programmes. The European Commission's specialised departments or executive agencies manage these programmes. In addition, national agencies in certain thematic areas provide advice and manage programmes at national level, receiving funds from Brussels (e.g. ERASMUS+).







Heading: Single Market, Innovation and Digital

Cluster: Research & Innovation

Cluster: European Strategic Investments

Cluster: Single Market

Cluster: Space







HORIZON EUROPE

Funding Region



In addition: with Horizon Europe associated countries

EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- · Private Entity

- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/10/Horizon-Europe

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Single Market, Innovation and Digital Cluster: Research & Innovation

Summary

Horizon Europe is the EU's main funding programme for research and innovation, with a budget of €95.5 billion for the period 2021-2027. It tackles climate change, helps achieve the UN's Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and boosts the EU's competitiveness and growth. The programme facilitates cooperation and strengthens the impact of research and innovation in developing, supporting and implementing EU policies while tackling global challenges. It supports the creation and better dissemination of excellent knowledge and technologies, creates jobs, growth, promotes boosts economic industrial competitiveness and optimises the impact of investments within a strengthened European Research Area.

Horizon Europe includes research and innovation missions to increase the effectiveness of funding by pursuing clearly

defined objectives. The Commission has asked policy experts to produce studies, case studies and reports on how a mission-oriented policy approach can work.

Five areas have been identified, each with its own Mission Panel and Assembly. The panel and assembly help to identify, design and implement the specific missions that were launched under Horizon Europe in 2021.

- Adaptation to climate change, including societal transformation
- Cancer
- · Climate neutral and intelligent (smart) cities
- · Healthy oceans, seas. Coastal and inland waters
- · Soil health and nutrition

Priorities

Horizon Europe supports European Partnerships, which are joint commitments by the EU, national authorities and/or the private sector to support the development and implementation of a programme of research and innovation activities. The aim of European Partnerships is to contribute to the achievement of EU priorities, address complex challenges outlined in Horizon Europe and strengthen the European Research Area (ERA). For example, the partnerships

aim to improve preparedness and response to infectious diseases, develop efficient low-carbon aircraft for clean aviation or improve animal health. Horizon Europe sets out the conditions and principles for setting up European partnerships.

Horizon Europe consists of three pillars, each of which is divided into different sub-areas:







Pillar I - Excellent Science

- European Research Council
- Marie Sklodowska-Curie Actions
- · Research Infrastructures

Pillar II - Global Challenges and European Industrial Competitiveness

- Cluster 1: Health
- · Cluster 2: Culture, Creativity and Inclusive Society
- · Cluster 3: Civil Security for Society

- Cluster 4: Digital, Industry and Space
- · Cluster 5: Climate, Energy and Mobility
- Cluster 6: Food, Bioeconomy, Natural Resources, Agriculture and Environment
- · Non-nuclear direct actions of the Joint Research Centre

Pillar III - Innovative Europe

- European Innovation Council
- European Innovation Ecosystems
- European Institute of Innovation and Technology

Horizon Europe related Initiatives

The European Institute of Innovation & Technology (EIT) is an integral part of Horizon Europe, the EU's Framework Programme for Research and Innovation. Its mission is to create jobs and deliver sustainable and smart growth. The goal is to find and commercialise solutions to pressing global challenges. For each global challenge, there is an ecosystem of partnerships called Knowledge and Innovation Communities.

To face these global challenges, the community of partners offers a wide range of education courses, business creation and acceleration services, and innovation-driven research projects.

The EIT's objectives are tied with those of Horizon Europe, the Framework Programme for research and innovation and the EU's key funding programme for research and innovation. It is dedicated to tackling climate change and achieving the UN Sustainable Development Goals. It is also dedicated to boosting the EU's global competitiveness and economic growth.

Pillar III of Horizon Europe is where the EIT comes in as contributors:

- Strengthen sustainable innovation ecosystems across Europe;
- Foster the development of entrepreneurial and innovation skills in a lifelong learning perspective;
- Support EU universities in integrating more entrepreneurial education;
- Bring new solutions to global societal challenges to the market;
- Create synergies and added value within Horizon Europe.

The Sustainable Transition to the Agile and Green Enterprise (STAGE) project is focused on helping enterprises and SMEs accomplish their green transformation and become Europe's sustainability leaders. Its overarching goal is to create a comprehensive platform that will help enterprises receive training and advisory support from European professionals and access private financing for sustainable growth.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries,



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Justice, Safety and Security



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Migration, European Citizenship



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban







HORIZON EUROPE: MISSIONS

Funding Region



In addition: with Horizon Europe associated countries

EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/142/Horizon-Europe-Missions

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Single Market, Innovation and Digital Cluster: Research & Innovation

Summary

The EU Missions are bold, inspiring and highly visible projects for citizens, demonstrating the added value of European investment in research and innovation. They are a new way to bring concrete solutions to some of our greatest challenges. EU Missions have ambitious goals that are time-

bound, realistic, measurable and targeted and will deliver concrete results by 2030.

Rooted in research and innovation, missions aim to tackle societal challenges with systemic solutions, leading to societal transformations and social impact.

Priorities

Five mission areas have been included in the Horizon Europe Regulation (Adaptation to Climate Change, including Societal Transformation; Cancer; Healthy Ocean, Seas, Coastal and Inland Waters; Climate-Neutral and Smart Cities; Soil Health and Food). In 2021, Missions went through an initial preparatory phase, during which implementations plans were developed. These included detailed objectives, specific interventions, investment strategy and performance indicators for each mission. In summer 2021, the implementation plans have been assessed against objective criteria and all five proposed EU Missions have now entered their full implementation:

 Adaptation to Climate Change: support at least 150 European regions and communities to become climate resilient by 2030; The aim of this mission is to prepare Europe to cope with climate change by 2030. The aim is to enable the transition to a healthy and prosperous future without exhausting the earth's ecological limits. The basis for this is social transformation that strengthens social resilience.

 Cancer: working with Europe's Beating Cancer Plan to improve the lives of more than 3 million people by 2030 through prevention, cure and solutions to live longer and better;

The mission "Beating Cancer" aims to save more than 3 million lives by 2030 and to improve the life expectancy and quality of life of people affected by cancer. Through a better understanding of cancer and improved prevention, diagnosis and treatment, it aims to improve







the quality of life of all people affected and ensure equitable access to cancer treatment across Europe.

Restore our Ocean and Waters by 2030;

By 2030, oceans and waters are cleaned of pollution, degraded ecosystems and habitats are restored and the economy is carbon neutral in line with the concept of the "Blue Economy". The aim of this mission is to make the essential goods and services that we obtain or derive from our oceans and waters usable in a sustainable manner.

100 Climate-Neutral and Smart Cities by 2030;

100 European cities will be supported and promoted as "living labs" for experiments and innovations on the path to climate neutrality as part of this mission.

• A Soil Deal for Europe: 100 living labs and lighthouses to lead the transition towards healthy soils by 2030.

By 2030, 100 living labs and lighthouses are established to lead the transition to healthy soils. Through the Soil Mission, Europe is able to continue to provide essential ecosystem services that we depend on if we want healthy food and healthy nature.

Missions will continue to help deliver key EU policy priorities such as such as the European Green Deal, Europe fit for the Digital Age, Beating Cancer and the New European Bauhaus. For instance, Mission Climate is a concrete element of the new Climate Adaptation Strategy, Mission Cancer of the Europe's Beating Cancer Plan and the Mission Soil is a flagship initiative of the Long-term Vision for the EU's Rural Areas.

To achieve their goals and promote societal change, missions will implement the reuse and reproducibility of research results such as FAIR research data and open access to scientific publications. Also, the missions will closely involve citizens in their implementation and monitoring throughout their duration, also showcasing the added value of the EU.

EU Missions are a coordinated effort by the Commission to pool the necessary resources in terms of policies and regulations, as well as other activities. They also aim to mobilise and activate public and private actors, such as EU Member States, regional and local authorities, research institutes, farmers and land managers, entrepreneurs and investors to create real and lasting impact. Missions engage with citizens to boost societal uptake of new solutions and approaches.

EU Missions support Europe's transformation into a greener, healthier, more inclusive and resilient continent. They aim to bring tangible benefits to people in Europe and engage Europeans in their design, implementation and monitoring.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Equal Rights,



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







HORIZON EUROPE: NEW EUROPEAN BAUHAUS FACILITY

Funding Region



In addition: with Horizon Europe associated countries

EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- · Private Entity
- · Public Body

- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/153/New-European-Bauhaus-Facility

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Single Market, Innovation and Digital Cluster: Research & Innovation

Summary

The New European Bauhaus Facility 2025-2027 is a new and unique **funding tool for the New European Bauhaus** (NEB). It is an initiative of the European Union that fosters the

development and scaling up of **innovative solutions for the transformation of neighbourhoods** to become not only sustainable, but also inclusive and beautiful.

Priorities

The political guidelines highlight that the NEB can bring sustainability together with inclusion and affordability, and creativity with innovation. Challenges like the housing crisis or the green transformation are addressed by putting people's needs first, with the goal to improve their lives. The NEB also contributes to creating lead markets for the Clean Industrial Deal by considering embodied greenhouse gas emissions. To this end, the NEB fosters the development of innovative solutions in the built environment and beyond.

Against this backdrop, the NEB Facility is a multi-annual (2025-2027) and cross-cutting tool to revitalise European neighbourhoods with design for sustainability and inclusion. It will support projects on the sustainable transformation of the built environment. The NEB Facility aims to make the inhabitants of the built environment partners of change.

Activities under the NEB Facility should contribute to the wider social acceptance of the innovative solutions developed, accelerating the just green and digital transformation and strengthening and restoring citizens'

trust in democracy. They should also explore the built environment's function in the conservation and restoration of natural ecosystems, its relation to historical urban, periurban or rural areas, the improvement of social cohesion as well as people's health and well-being. The NEB Facility is composed of a research and innovation (R&I) component and a roll-out component.

The R&I component will cover fundamental research, testing and demonstration. It will be implemented as a cross-cluster issue in the Horizon Europe Work Programmes with an indicative budget of €120 million per year for the period 2025-27. The roll-out component of the NEB Facility will seek to facilitate the uptake, further development and deployment of new knowledge, methods, approaches and technologies developed under the R&I component. The roll out component will also include all actions delivered under EU programmes that contribute to the goals of the Facility and particularly the implementation of the NEB values and principles 4 at the neighbourhood level. It will build further on the projects and experiences from the first three years of the NEB.







The commitment and the support of innovative solutions are rooted in the three intertwined NEB values: sustainable, inclusive and beautiful. Sustainability is about prioritising the needs of all life forms and of the planet by ensuring that human activity does not exceed planetary boundaries6 which define a safe operating space for humanity based on the intrinsic biophysical processes that regulate the stability of the Earth system. Inclusion means granting and securing equal access to opportunities and resources for all and encouraging exchanges across cultures, genders, ages, and socioeconomic groups. Beautiful refers to projects that are genuinely attentive to their context which includes arts and culture, quality, diversity and heritage.

In addition to these three values, a NEB project should embrace three working principles: participatory process, multi-level engagement and transdisciplinary approach. All three working principles should foster co-creation and co-development. Participatory processes ensure that stakeholders have a voice in projects that affect them in addressing transformational change. Multi-level engagement implements an effective exchange between public and private peers and others who operate on a different scale, bridging the local and global dimension. Transdisciplinary approaches aim for higher integration of formal and informal knowledge and go beyond technical disciplines. They address in particular social, artistic and design expertise. They should ground scientific expertise in society by drawing on the knowledge of non-academics, the public, and public administrations. Architects or designers, for instance, can play a role of facilitators to integrate different actors and disciplines. Within the scientific field, the social sciences, arts and humanities (SSAH) will play an important role in the R&I component of the NEB Facility to emphasise the holistic nature.

In order to foster dialogue, collaboration, and creativity, bringing together different disciplines and different stakeholders, the NEB relies on four thematic axes which link the initiative to the people and their interests, needs and motivations. The first axis is about reconnecting with nature and going beyond a human-centred to a life-centred

perspective. The second one is about regaining a sense of belonging and magnifying and linking collective and private experiences and building bridges between people. The third axis is about prioritising the places and people most in need and ensuring that beauty and sustainability are affordable and accessible to all. The fourth axis is about the need for long-term, lifecycle thinking in the circular economy and tackling unsustainable use of resources, including obsolete buildings or infrastructures, and waste.

The specific contributions to the overall expected impacts

- 1. Connecting the green transformation, social inclusion and local democracy
- 2. Circular and regenerative approaches for the built environment
- 3. Innovative funding and new business models for the transformation of neighbourhoods

Under the R&I component of the NEB Facility, applicants are encouraged to explore complementarities with topics and activities in Horizon Europe partnerships (in particular: Built4People, Circular Bio-based Europe and Driving Urban Transition, Forests and Forestry for a Sustainable Future, Innovative Materials for the EU, Processes4Planet, Resilient Cultural Heritage, Social Transformations and Resilience, and Textile of the Future), Missions (in particular the Climate-Neutral and Smart Cities Mission and the Adaptation to Climate Change Mission) and Clusters (in particular Cluster 2 on Culture, Creativity, and Inclusive Society, Cluster 3 on Civil Security for Society, Cluster 5 on Climate, Energy and Mobility, and Cluster 6 on Food, Bioeconomy, Natural Resources, Agriculture & Environment). Opportunities for collaboration and synergies should also be explored and, as appropriate, pursued with other relevant initiatives such as the innovation ecosystems or the Knowledge and Innovation Communities (KICs) of the European Institute of Innovation and Technology (EIT). Additionally, Horizon Europe grantees are invited to consider possible collaborations and crossfertilisation between their project and other projects selected under the same or other relevant calls.



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Health, Social, Sport



Circular Economy, **Natural Resources**



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Digitisation, Digital Society



Migration, European Citizenship



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Rural & Urban Development



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance. operation







HORIZON EUROPE: CLUSTER 1 - HEALTH

Funding Region



In addition: with Horizon Europe associated countries

EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/145/Horizon-Europe-Cluster-1-Health

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Single Market, Innovation and Digital Cluster: Research & Innovation

Summary

Cluster 1, Health' of the Horizon Europe programme covers a wide range of topics in the field of health research. Projects will cover as far as possible the full spectrum of the research and innovation cycle and should also contribute to the translation of research results into health care. The objectives of this cluster are to improve and protect the health and well-being of citizens of all ages through the generation of new knowledge, the development of innovative solutions and, where appropriate, the integration of a gender perspective in the **prevention**, **diagnosis**, **monitoring**, **treatment and cure of diseases**.

It also aims to develop health technologies, reduce health risks, protect populations and promote health and wellbeing in general and at work.

Finally, this cluster aims to make public health systems more cost-effective, equitable and sustainable, to prevent and treat poverty-related diseases, and to support and enable patient participation and self-management.

Areas of intervention:

- · Health across the life course;
- Environmental and Social Determinants of Health;
- · Non-communicable diseases and rare diseases;
- Infectious diseases, including poverty-related and neglected diseases;
- Tools, technologies and digital solutions for health and care, including personalised medicine Health systems.

Priorities

Destination 1: Staying healthy in a rapidly changing society will focus on the major societal challenges that are among the European Commission's policy priorities, in particular nutrition and health (obesity), ageing and demographic change, mental health, digital empowerment for health literacy and personalised prevention.

Destination 2: Living and working in health-promoting environments aims to fill knowledge gaps on the impact on

our health and well-being of those environmental, occupational and socioeconomic risk factors that have the greatest or most far-reaching impact on society.

Destination 3: Combating disease and reducing the burden of disease will focus on the major societal challenges related to the Commission's policy priorities, such as combating cancer and other non-communicable diseases, better diagnosis and treatment of rare diseases, preparedness,







response and surveillance of health threats and epidemics, reducing antimicrobial resistant infections, improving immunisation coverage, demographic change, mental health and digital empowerment for health literacy.

Destination 4: Ensuring access to innovative, sustainable and high quality health care, research and innovation will support the transformation of health systems to ensure equitable access to sustainable and high quality health services for all citizens. Funded activities should support the development of innovative, feasible, implementable, financially sound and scalable solutions in the different areas of health systems (e.g. governance, financing, human and material resources, health service delivery and patient empowerment).

Destination 5: Realising the full potential of new tools, technologies and digital solutions for a healthy society aims to stimulate the development of tools, technologies and digital solutions for treatments, medicines, medical devices and improved health outcomes, taking into account safety, efficacy, appropriateness, accessibility, comparative added value and financial sustainability, as well as ethical, legal and regulatory issues.

In particular, to address the green and digital transformation and the adequate supply of health technologies and products, **Destination 6: Sustaining an innovative, sustainable and globally competitive health industry** will focus on research and innovation activities aimed at.

- Production of medicines in line with the objectives of the European Green Deal;
- Methodologies, guidelines and standards, evaluation studies and structuring activities adapted to digital solutions and measures for GDPR-compliant implementation in healthcare practice, including interoperability, cybersecurity and data confidentiality;
- Supporting authorities with better methodologies and interdisciplinary approaches for the assessment and evaluation of new health technologies/interventions;
- Development of pharmaceutical products to address unmet medical needs in the context of market failures.



Digitisation, Digital Society



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Equal Rights, Social Inclusior



Health, Social, Sport



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Migration, European Citizenship







HORIZON EUROPE: CLUSTER 2 - CULTURE, CREATIVITY AND INCLUSIVE SOCIETY

Funding Region



In addition: with Horizon Europe associated countries

EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/146/Horizon-Europe-Cluster-2-Culture-Creativity-and-Inclusive-society

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Single Market, Innovation and Digital Cluster: Research & Innovation

Summary

The activities of Cluster 2 'Culture, Creativity and Inclusive Society' are primarily addressed to researchers and applicants from the **humanities**, **social sciences**, **cultural studies and the arts**. Projects in the various themes of this cluster will make an innovative and application-oriented contribution to important and forward-looking research and societal issues in Europe.

Current and future developments require new ways of thinking about how democratic institutions at all levels can adapt. This is particularly relevant in the context of increasing diversity, global competition, technological progress and digitalisation. Citizens' experiences of democratic

discourses, practices and institutions are essential for successful adaptation to these changes.

This cluster aims to strengthen European democratic values, including the rule of law and fundamental rights, to preserve our cultural heritage and to promote socioeconomic changes that contribute to inclusion and growth

Areas of intervention

- Democracy and governance;
- · Cultural heritage;
- · Social and economic change.

Priorities

Destination 1: Innovative research on democracy and governance

Democratic governance will be revitalised by improving the accountability, transparency, effectiveness and trustworthiness of rule of law institutions and policies, and by developing an active and inclusive citizen, empowered by respect for fundamental rights.

The implementation of **research activities** under this objective will contribute to revitalising and modernising

democratic governance. The aim is to develop evidence-based innovations, strategies and policy recommendations, as well as institutional frameworks that promote political participation, social dialogue, civic engagement, gender equality and the inclusion of all citizens. Activities will also contribute to improving the transparency, effectiveness, accountability and legitimacy of public policy-making. They will contribute to strengthening confidence in democratic institutions, protecting civil liberties and the rule of law, and safeguarding democracy against multidimensional threats. Rich historical, cultural and philosophical perspectives,







including a comparative dimension, will provide the framework for a sound understanding of current developments and help to chart future paths. In the medium to long term, the insights, data, science-based recommendations and innovations generated will improve decision-making in all areas relevant to democratic governance.

Destination 2: Innovative research on European cultural heritage and cultural and creative industries

- · Use of digital/modern technologies;
- Active and sustained cooperation with stakeholders, social innovators and citizens;
- Active involvement of local, regional or national authorities and sectoral social partners, in particular in the uptake and implementation of research results and recommendations;
- A clear strategy for the uptake of research findings, recommendations or results, in particular where CCIs are involved or affected;
- Training/education activities for specific groups of users and/or stakeholders;

- A solid plan for how projects will use or build on the results of research already conducted and technology already available;
- · Increased participation of CCIs, SMEs and industry;
- Lessons learned from the COVID 19 crisis in terms of sustainable management of post-crisis society;
- Contributing to the European Green Deal, the New European Bauhaus and the Sustainable Development Goals.

Destination 3: Innovative research on social and economic transformations

Social and economic resilience and sustainability will be strengthened through a better understanding of the social, ethical, political and economic impacts of drivers of change (such as technology, globalisation, demography, mobility and migration) and their interactions.

Inclusive growth will be promoted and vulnerabilities effectively reduced through evidence-based policies that protect and promote employment, education, social equity and address inequalities, including in response to the socioeconomic challenges posed by the pandemic.



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Migration, European Citizenship







HORIZON EUROPE: CLUSTER 3 - CIVIL SECURITY FOR SOCIETY

Funding Region



In addition: with Horizon Europe associated countries

EU

- Eligible Entities/ Organisations
- Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/147/Horizon-Europe-Cluster-3-Civil-security-for-society

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Single Market, Innovation and Digital Cluster: Research & Innovation

Summary

The Civil Security for Society Cluster supports the implementation of EU policy priorities in the areas of **security, cybersecurity and civil protection**. The objective is to provide new knowledge and innovations to help responders and managers to manage and prevent criminal activities, terrorist threats, cyber threats, crises and disasters.

The objective is to improve the prevention, investigation and mitigation of the effects of crime, including new/emerging criminal modus operandi (e.g. exploitation of digitalisation and other technologies). Such an approach must be based on a deeper knowledge of the human and social aspects of relevant societal challenges such as sexual

exploitation of children, violent radicalisation, trafficking in human beings, disinformation and fake news, corruption and cybercrime, including victim support.

This cluster responds to the challenges posed by persistent security threats, including cybercrime, and natural and manmade disasters.

Areas of intervention

- · Disaster resilient societies;
- · Protection and security;
- · Cyber security

Priorities

Destination 1: Better protect the EU and its citizens from crime and terrorism supports projects that demonstrate a way to contribute to the following expected impacts of the Horizon Europe Strategic Plan 2021-2024: 'Crime and terrorism will be fought more effectively, while respecting fundamental rights, thanks to more effective prevention, preparedness and response, a better understanding of the human, societal and technological aspects involved and the development of state-of-the-art capabilities for police authorities, including measures against cybercrime'.

Destination 2: Efficient management of the EU's external borders supports projects that demonstrate a way forward to contribute to the following expected impacts of the Horizon Europe 2021-2024 strategic plan 'Legal passengers and consignments will travel more easily to the EU, while illegal trafficking, smuggling, piracy, terrorism and other criminal activities will be prevented through improved management of air, land and maritime borders and maritime security, including better knowledge of social factors'







Destination 3: Resilient Infrastructure will support projects that demonstrate how they can contribute to the following expected impacts of the Horizon Europe 2021-2024 Strategic Plan 'The resilience and autonomy of physical and digital infrastructures will be strengthened and key societal functions will be ensured, thanks to more effective prevention, preparedness and response, a better understanding of the human, societal and technological aspects involved, and the development of cutting-edge skills for infrastructure operators.'

Destination 4: Enhanced Cybersecurity will support projects that demonstrate a way to contribute to the following impact of the 2021-2024 Strategic Plan: 'Enhanced cybersecurity and a safer online environment through the development and effective use of EU and Member States' digital technology capabilities that support the protection of data and networks, striving for technological sovereignty in this area while respecting privacy and other fundamental rights. This should contribute to secure services, processes and products, as well as resilient digital infrastructures that can withstand and defend against cyber-attacks and hybrid threats.'

Destination 5: A Disaster Resilient Society for Europe will support projects that demonstrate how they can contribute to the following expected outcomes of the Horizon Europe 2021-2024 Strategic Plan 'Losses from natural, accidental and man-made disasters will be systematically reduced through enhanced disaster risk reduction based on prevention, improved societal preparedness and resilience, and improved disaster risk management.'

Destination 6: Enhanced security research and innovation will support projects that demonstrate a pathway to contribute to:

- Moreeffective and efficient evidence-based development of EU civil security capabilities based on a stronger, more systematic and analysis-intensive security and innovation cycle;
- Increased industrialisation, commercialisation, uptake and exploitation of successful security research results;
- R&I-led knowledge and added value on cross-cutting issues will reduce sectoral biases and break down thematic silos.



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Justice, Safety and Security



Migration, European Citizenship







HORIZON EUROPE: CLUSTER 4 - DIGITAL, INDUSTRY AND SPACE

Funding Region



In addition: with Horizon Europe associated countries

EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/150/Horizon-Europe-Cluster-4-Digital-Industry-and-Space

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Single Market, Innovation and Digital Cluster: Research & Innovation

Summary

Digitalisation and technological progress are shaping all sectors of the economy and society and influencing industrial development - including space research. Horizon Europe's Cluster 4 'Digitalisation, Industry and Space' supports key digital, industrial and space technologies that are strategic for Europe's industrial future. The aim is to build a resilient, green and digital Europe.

The overarching vision underpinning the proposed investments in Cluster 4 is for Europe to develop competitive and trusted technologies for a European industry that leads the world in key areas, enabling production and consumption to respect the limits of our planet and maximising benefits for all parts of society in the different social, economic and territorial contexts in Europe.

This will build a competitive, digital, low-carbon and circular industry, ensure a sustainable supply of raw

materials, develop advanced materials and provide the basis for progress and innovation to address global societal challenges.

Areas of intervention

- · Manufacturing technologies;
- Key digital technologies, including quantum technologies;
- · Emerging enabling technologies;
- · Advanced materials;
- · Artificial intelligence and robotics;
- · Next generation internet;
- · Advanced Computing and Big Data;
- · Circular economy;
- · Low-carbon and clean industries;
- · Space, including Earth observation.

Priorities

Actions under **Destination 1: Climate Neutral, Circular and Digitalised Production** will focus on the double green and digital transition, providing a green productivity premium for discrete manufacturing, construction and energy-intensive industries, including process industries. This will make a substantial and significant contribution to achieving

climate neutrality in the European Union by 2050 and to achieving a circular economy.

Topics under **Destination 2: Greater autonomy in key strategic value chains for a resilient industry** will address missing segments in strategic areas and value chains in order







to strengthen the EU industrial base and promote its competitiveness and open strategic autonomy. It will also explore how a strengthened circular economy has the potential to increase the open strategic autonomy of EU industry through a more efficient use of resources and secondary raw materials.

The overarching objective of the themes in **Destination 3: World-leading data and computing technologies** is to establish European supply and value chains in cloud, edge computing, Internet of Things (IoT) and tactile Internet by integrating relevant elements of computing, connectivity, IoT and AI cybersecurity. New cloud/edge technologies with improved performance enabled by AI will increase Europe's autonomy in the data economy needed to support future hyper-distributed applications.

The objective of **Destination 4: Digital and Emerging Technologies for Competitiveness and Green Deal Suitability** is to develop a strong connectivity supply chain, increase European competitiveness and autonomy in internet infrastructure, and contribute to other key **SDGs** such as affordability and accessibility of infrastructure. The topics in this Work Programme specifically address the need

to develop microelectronic components and systems that support future disaggregated radio access networks, as well as components that enable the deployment of all-optical networks for ultra-low power and ultra-high security networks.

Destination 5: Open strategic autonomy in the development, deployment and use of global space-based infrastructures, services, applications and data will strengthen Europe's independent capacity for access to space, ensure autonomous supply of critical technologies and equipment and promote the competitiveness of the EU space sector.

Actions under **Destination 6: Human-centred and ethical development of digital and industrial technologies** will support the EU's inclusiveness objectives by promoting a human-centred approach to technology development in line with European social and ethical values and sustainability. These actions will also help to address the challenges facing European industry and support the creation of sustainable, high-quality jobs by addressing skills mismatches, the need to empower workers and ethical considerations related to technological progress.



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Digitisation, Digital Society

European Citizenship



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



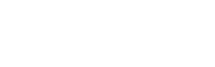
Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion









HORIZON EUROPE: CLUSTER 5 - CLIMATE, ENERGY AND MOBILITY

Funding Region



In addition: with Horizon Europe associated countries

EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- · Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/148/Horizon-Europe-Cluster-5-Climate-Energy-and-Mobility

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Single Market, Innovation and Digital Cluster: Research & Innovation

Summary

One of the EU's ambitious goals is to achieve **climate neutrality by 2050**. The activities of the Climate, Energy and Mobility cluster will make an important contribution to this. Research and innovation projects in this cluster should bring significant added value to the population.

The objective of this cluster is to **combat climate change** by better understanding the causes, evolution, risks, impacts and opportunities of climate change and by making the **energy and transport sectors more climate and environmentally friendly**, more efficient and competitive, smarter, safer and more resilient.

Areas of intervention

- · Climate science and solutions;
- Energy supply;
- · Energy systems and networks;
- · Buildings and industry in the energy transition;
- · Communities and cities;
- · Industrial competitiveness in transport;
- · Clean, safe and accessible transport and mobility;
- · Intelligent mobility;
- Energy storage.

Priorities

The activities carried out under **Destination 1 Climate** science and responses for the transition to climate neutrality will enable the transition to a climate neutral and resilient society and economy by improving knowledge of the Earth system and the ability to predict and project its changes under different natural and socioeconomic drivers, including a better understanding of societal responses and changes in behaviour, and enabling better assessment of the impacts of climate change and the design and assessment of solutions and pathways to mitigate and adapt to climate change and associated societal changes.

Destination 2: Cross-sectoral solutions for the climate transition covers thematic areas that are inherently cross-cutting and can provide important solutions for climate, energy and mobility applications. In line with cluster 5, these are batteries, hydrogen, communities and cities, breakthrough technologies in early stages of citizen engagement.

Objective 3: Sustainable, secure and competitive energy supply covers activities aiming at sustainable, secure and competitive energy. In line with the scope of Cluster 5, this includes activities on renewable energy, energy systems,







networks and storage, and carbon capture, utilisation and storage (CCUS).

Destination 4: Efficient, sustainable and inclusive use of energy covers activities targeting the demand side of energy, in particular more efficient use of energy in buildings and industry. Themes targeting energy efficiency in buildings aim to achieve the following impacts:

- A more energy efficient building stock, based on a thorough understanding of building performance in Europe and related developments;
- A building stock that effectively combines energy efficiency, renewable energy sources and digital and intelligent technologies to support the transformation of the energy system towards climate neutrality.

Destination 5: Clean and competitive solutions for all modes of transport addresses actions to improve the climateandenvironmental performance and competitiveness of different modes of transport. Key areas:

- Accelerated deployment of zero emission, affordable and user-oriented solutions for road mobility across Europe;
- Increased user acceptance, improved air quality, a more circular economy and reduced environmental impact;

- Affordable, user-friendly charging infrastructure concepts and technologies, including vehicle-grid interactions;
- Innovative use cases for zero-emission vehicle integration and infrastructure concepts for on-road mobility of people and goods;
- Effective design, assessment and deployment of innovative concepts for road vehicles and mobility services using life cycle assessment tools and skills in the context of the circular economy.

Destination 6: Safe, resilient transport and intelligent mobility services for people and goods includes activities addressing safe and intelligent mobility services for people and goods through:

- Connected, Cooperative and Automated Mobility (CCAM);
- Multimodal and sustainable transport systems for people and goods;
- Safety and resilience per transport mode and across transport modes.



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance, Institutional co-



Labour Market/ Employment,



Migration, European Citizenship



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







HORIZON EUROPE: CLUSTER 6 - FOOD, BIOECONOMY, NATURAL RESOURCES, AGRICULTURE AND ENVIRONMENT

Funding Region



In addition: with Horizon Europe associated countries

EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- · Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/149/Horizon-Europe-Cluster-6-Food-Bioeconomy-Natural-Resources-Agriculture-and-Environment

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Single Market, Innovation and Digital Cluster: Research & Innovation

Summary

The aim of research, development and innovation in cluster 6 is to increase knowledge, build capacity and develop innovative solutions in these relevant areas. This includes in particular the **transition to a sustainable circular economy and the use of natural resources, as well as food security** for all.

This cluster aims to reduce environmental degradation, halt and reverse the decline of terrestrial, freshwater and marine biodiversity, and better manage natural resources through economic and social transformation in both urban and rural areas.

Knowledge, innovation and digitalisation in agriculture, fisheries, aquaculture and food systems will ensure food and

nutrition security for all within planetary boundaries and guide and accelerate the transition to a low-carbon, resource-efficient circular economy and a sustainable bio-economy, including forestry.

Areas of intervention

- · Environmental monitoring;
- · Biodiversity and Natural Resources;
- · Agriculture, Forestry and Rural Areas;
- · Seas, oceans and inland waters;
- · Food systems;
- · Bio-based innovation systems in the EU bioeconomy;
- · Circulation systems.

Priorities

Destination 1: Biodiversity and ecosystem services will support policy objectives, develop nature-based solutions and holistic approaches to address the main drivers of biodiversity loss, in particular those related to production systems, and bring together all sectors to integrate them into ecosystem-based management. Investment in R&D will help to protect and restore the integrity of terrestrial, aquatic and marine ecosystems.

Destination 2: Fair, healthy and environmentally sound food systems from primary production to consumption and the 'farm to fork' strategy aim to deliver shared environmental, health, social and economic benefits and ensure that the actions leading to overcoming the crisis also put us on a sustainable path for the future. Research and innovation (R&I) are key drivers to guide and accelerate the transition to sustainable, safe, healthy and inclusive food systems, ensuring food and nutrition security for all.







Destination 3: Circular and bio-economy sectors aims at climate-neutral transitions in the circular and bio-economy sectors, encompassing safe and integrated circular solutions at territorial and sectoral levels for key material flows and product value chains, such as the textile, electronics, plastics and construction sectors, as well as key bio-economy sectors.

Destination 4: A clean environment and zero pollution, the European Green Deal and the Climate Action Plan 2030, as well as other relevant EU legislation, aim to stop and prevent pollution by focusing on fresh and marine water, soil, air, including nitrogen and phosphorus emissions, and the environmental performance and sustainability of processes in bio-based systems.

Destination 5: Land, ocean and water for climate protection aims to assess the impacts of climate change on our land and marine environment, natural resources, agriculture and food systems, and to identify options for mitigation and adaptation. Research is also needed to identify mitigation options that reduce the risk of long-term climate change.

Destination 6: Resilient, inclusive, healthy and green rural, coastal and urban communities will support transdisciplinary R&I with a strong social and behavioural science dimension and taking into account gender aspects to promote

sustainable, balanced and inclusive development of rural, coastal and urban areas in three different ways:

- Improving our understanding of the different impacts of climatic, environmental, socioeconomic and demographic changes on rural, coastal and urban areas in order to find ways to transform these changes into equal opportunities for people wherever they live, to strengthen territorial cohesion and to enable a just transition;
- To explore innovative ways of finding policy responses to place-based challenges identified at different levels of governance;
- Support community-led innovation to enable communities to develop, test and disseminate solutions that address global challenges in locally appropriate ways.

Destination 7: Innovative governance, environmental monitoring and digital solutions in support of the Green Deal aims to test new ways of managing the transition process and modernising governance. R&I for governance in support of the Green Deal aims to provide insights into institutional barriers such as lock-ins, path dependency, political and cultural inertia, power imbalances and regulatory inconsistencies or weaknesses.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention Resilience



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Rural & Urban Development







CONNECTING EUROPE FACILITY (CEF)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- · Research Institution incl. University
- Private Entity
- Public Body
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/7/Connecting-Europe-Facility

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Single Market, Innovation and Digital Cluster: European Strategic Investments

Summary

The Connecting Europe Facility (CEF) is an important EU financial instrument for promoting growth, jobs and competitivenessthroughtargeted infrastructure investment at European level. It supports the development of high-capacity, sustainable and efficiently interconnected trans-European networks in the areas of transport, energy and digital services. CEF investments fill the gaps in Europe's energy, transport and digital backbone.

The CEF will benefit people in all Member States by making travel easier and more sustainable, increasing Europe's

energy security while enabling wider use of renewable energy, and facilitating cross-border interaction between public administrations, businesses and citizens.

In addition to grants, CEF provides financial support to projects through innovative financial instruments such as guarantees and project bonds. These instruments have a significant leverage effect on the use of EU budget funds and act as a catalyst to attract further funding from the private sector and other public actors.

Priorities

Connecting Europe Facility - Digital (CEF-DIG)

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/60/Connecting-Europe-Facility-Digital

The second generation of the Connecting Europe Facility (CEF-2 programme), Digital strand (2021-2027), aims to support and promote **investments in digital connectivity infrastructure** of common interest.

The measures to be supported under CEF-2 Digital include:

 Deployment of or access to very high capacity networks, including 5G systems capable of providing gigabit connectivity in areas where socio-economic factors such

- as schools, universities, hospitals, transport hubs, public administrations, etc. are located;
- Uninterrupted coverage with 5G systems on all major transport routes, including trans-European transport networks;
- Deployment of new or significant upgrades of existing backbone networks, including submarine cables, both within EU Member States and between them and third countries;
- Building digital connectivity infrastructures related to cross-border transport and energy projects and/or supporting operational digital platforms directly connected to these infrastructures.







Connecting Europe Facility - Energy (CEF-E)

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/59/Connecting-Europe-Facility-for-Energy

The Connecting Europe Facility (CEF) for Energy is the EU funding program for the implementation of the Trans-European Networks for Energy policy. It aims to support investments in the construction of new **cross-border energy infrastructure in Europe** or in the rehabilitation and upgrading of existing infrastructure.

A forward-looking, modern, secure and smart energy infrastructure is key to achieving the European Green Deal.

The Trans-European Energy Networks (TEN-E) framework will be a key enabler for achieving the Union's 2030 and 2050 **decarbonization targets**, while contributing to sector and market integration, security of supply and competition.

The TEN-E policy focuses on interconnecting the energy infrastructure of EU countries. To address energy infrastructure needs at the regional and European level, the TEN-E strategy identified priority corridors and three priority thematic areas. The Connecting Europe Facility program supports the implementation of Projects of Common Interest (PCIs) in these priority corridors and thematic areas.

The three priority thematic areas, which cover the entire EU, include the deployment of smart grids, electricity highways, and a cross-border carbon network.

- Deployment of smart grids: increasing the deployment of smart grids to support the integration of renewable and enable consumers to better regulate their energy consumption
- **Electricity highways**: Building electricity highways large grids that allow electricity to be transported across

Europe over long distances (e.g., from wind farms in the North and Baltic Seas to storage facilities in Scandinavia and the Alps)

 Cross-border carbon dioxide network: development of transport infrastructure for captured CO₂ by dedicated thematic groups.

Connecting Europe Facility - Transport (CEF-T)

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/8/Connecting-Europe-Facility-for-Transport

The Connecting Europe Facility (CEF) for Transport is the financial instrument for implementing European transport infrastructure policy. It aims to support investments in the construction of new transport infrastructure in Europe or in the rehabilitation and modernization of existing infrastructure.

The policy objectives of the Trans-European Networks for Transport (TEN-T) provide for:

- Completion of the core network by 2030, consisting of nine multimodal core network corridors.
- Completion of the comprehensive network by 2050 to facilitate accessibility to all European regions.

CEF Transport focuses on cross-border projects and projects to remove bottlenecks or bridge missing links in different sections of the core network and the comprehensive network (Link), as well as horizontal priorities such as traffic management systems.

The Transportation CEF also supports innovations in the transportation system to improve infrastructure use, reduce the environmental impact of transportation, increase energy efficiency, and improve safety.



Digitisation, Digital Society



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Mobility & Transport







DIGITAL EUROPE (DIGITAL)

Funding Region



In addition: Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Iceland, Kosovo, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Serbia, Türkiye, Ukraine

EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/9/Digital-Europe

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Single Market, Innovation and Digital Cluster: European Strategic Investments

Summary

The Digital Europe programme is an EU funding programme focused on making digital technologies accessible to businesses, citizens and public administrations. The Digital Europe programme will provide strategic funding to address these challenges and support projects in five key areas: High Performance Computing, Artificial Intelligence, Cybersecurity, Advanced Digital Skills and Ensuring the widespread use of digital technologies in business and society, including through Digital Innovation Centres.

With a total planned budget of € 7.5 billion, the aim is to accelerate economic recovery and shape the digital transformation of European society and economy for the

benefit of all, especially small and medium-sized enterprises.

The Digital Europe programme plays a strategic role in supporting the digital transformation of the EU's industrial ecosystems and aims to upskill the workforce for these advanced digital technologies. It supports industry, small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) and public administrations in their digital transformation through a strengthened network of European Digital Innovation Hubs (EDIH). The programme will accelerate economic recovery and drive Europe's digital transformation.

Priorities

Specific objective 1 - High Performance Computing

- Deploy, coordinate at Union level and operate a demanddriven and application-oriented integrated Exa supercomputing and data infrastructure;
- Deploy ready-to-use operational technologies from research and innovation to build an integrated high performance computing ecosystem in the Union (with high levels of security and privacy);
- Deploy and operate a post-Exa infrastructure.

Specific objective 2 - Artificial Intelligence

- Build and strengthen core capacities and basic knowledge in the field of AI;
- Make these capacities available to businesses, SMEs & start-ups, civil society, non-profit organisations, research institutions, universities & public administrations;
- Strengthening and networking Al test and experimentation facilities;
- Develop and strengthen commercial application and production systems.







Specific objective 3 - Cybersecurity and Trust

- Develop and procure advanced cybersecurity equipment, tools and data infrastructures;
- Support the development and optimal use of European cybersecurity knowledge, capacities and competences, and the dissemination and generalisation of best practices;
- Ensure the widespread use of effective advanced cybersecurity solutions in all sectors of the European economy;
- Strengthening capabilities in Member States and the private sector to support compliance with Directive (EU) 2016/1148;
- Strengthening the ability to defend against cyberattacks, working towards better risk identification and knowledge of cyber-security practices;
- Improve cooperation between the civil and defence sectors on dual-use cybersecurity projects, services, capabilities and applications.

Specific objective 4 - Advanced digital competencies

- Quality long-term training and courses, including blended learning, for students and the workforce;
- High-quality short-term training and courses for the workforce:
- High-quality work-based training and internships for students and workers.

Specific Objective 5 - Adoption and optimal use of digital capacities and interoperability

- Support the public sector and areas of public interest to adopt and use advanced digital technologies, such as high performance computing, AI and cybersecurity;
- Deploy, operate and maintain advanced trans-European interoperable infrastructures for digital services;
- Support the integration/use of trans-European digital services infrastructures;
- Facilitate the development, updating and use of solutions and frameworks by public administrations, businesses and citizens:
- Enable the Union's public sector and industry to test and experiment with digital technologies;
- Support the take-up of advanced digital and related technologies;
- Support the design, testing, implementation, deployment and maintenance of interoperable digital solutions;
- Ensuring that the capacity for leadership in digital progress is consistently available at Union level;
- Supporting cooperation for the realisation of a European ecosystem for trustworthy data exchange and trustworthy digital infrastructures;
- Establish and strengthen the European Digital Innovation Centres and their network.



Digitisation,



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Justice, Safety and Security



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness







SINGLE MARKET PROGRAMME (SMP)

Funding Region



Albania, Armenia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Serbia, Türkiye, Ukraine

EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- · Research Institution incl. University
- Private Entity
- Public Body
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/116/Single-Market-Programme-SMP

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Single Market, Innovation and Digital Cluster: Single Market

Summary

The Single Market Programme (SMP) is the EU funding programme to help the single market reach its full potential and ensure Europe's recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic. With \leqslant 4.2 billion over the period of 2021-2027, it provides an integrated package to support and strengthen the governance of the single market.

The SMP has six objectives:

- Food safety to ensure a high level of health for humans, animals and plants throughout the food chain;
- Consumer protection to promote the interests of European consumers and end-users, including in financial services; to ensure that consumer rights are respected and enforced in every EU country and to strengthen the consumer voice in policy-making;
- Support to small and medium-sized businesses to provide various forms of support to businesses, in

particular SMEs; to boost their competitiveness and sustainability, including in the tourism sector;

- A more effective single market to ensure a wellfunctioning EU internal market for goods and services, including in the areas of financial services, anti-money laundering and the free movement of capital;
- High quality European statistics to provide financial support for the development, production and dissemination of high-quality European statistics by the European Statistical System in a timely, impartial and cost-efficient manner;
- Effective European standards to provide financial support to organisations that develop European-wide standards and to both European and international organisations developing auditing, and financial and non-financial reporting standards.

Priorities

Food Safety

- The Rapid Alert System for Food and Feed (RASFF);
- Training for competent authorities in the areas of food and feed, animal health and welfare, and plant health;
- EU reference laboratories/reference centers;
- · Financing of emergency measures.







Consumer protection

- The European Online Dispute Resolution (ODR) platform, which helps consumers when shopping online;
- Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR), which helps consumers settle disputes out of court;
- Safety Gate: the EU's rapid alert system for dangerous non-food products;
- European Consumer Centers, which help consumers exercise their rights and access redress.

Support for small and medium-sized enterprises

- The Enterprise Europe Network will offer an integrated package of advice for SMEs to help them innovate and grow internationally;
- SME Envoy Network to promote SME-friendly regulation and policy-making at EU and national level;
- · Erasmus for young entrepreneurs;
- Joint Cluster Initiatives a new generation of actions involving industrial clusters;
- Further measures covering this SMP objective and implementing the EU SME strategy.

A more effective single market

 The 'Your Europe' platform, which will be extended to provide online administrative services for citizens and businesses;

- The Single Market Information System for the exchange of information between authorities involved in the practical implementation of EU law;
- The SOLVIT network, which helps EU citizens and businesses when their EU rights are violated by authorities in another EU country;
- FIU.net: An IT system connecting financial investigation units in EU countries.

High quality European statistics

- Strengthened partnership between Eurostat, the EU statistical office, national statistical offices and other national statistical authorities, and relevant external parties;
- Develop new European statistics using multiple data sources, advanced data analysis methods, intelligent systems and digital technologies;
- Provide funding to improve the comparability and quality of European statistics for monitoring the economic, social, environmental and territorial situation of the EU.

Effective European standards

- Cooperation between the European Commission and the European standardization organizations;
- Grants from framework partnership agreements for European standards organizations, European interest groups representing small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) and societal stakeholders in standardization activities.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Justice, Safety and Security



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness







Heading: Cohesion and Values

Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Cluster: Recovery and Resilience

Cluster: Investing in People, Social Cohesion & Values

Heading: Neighbourhood & the World

Cluster: External Action

Cluster: Pre-accession Assistance







EUROPEAN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT FUND (ERDF)

Funding Region



In addition: EU candidate countries

EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/56/European-Regional-Development-Fund

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The European Regional Development Fund (ERDF) aims to strengthen economic, social and territorial cohesion in the European Union by redressing imbalances between regions. Over the period 2021-2027, it will enable investment in a smarter, greener, better connected and more social Europe that is closer to its citizens.

ERDF funds programmes in shared responsibility between the European Commission and Member States' national and regional authorities. Member State administrations select the projects to be funded and are responsible for day-to-day management. Over the period 2021-2027, the Fund will enable investments that move Europe and its regions forward:

 More competitive and smarter through innovation and support for small and medium-sized enterprises, and through digitalisation and digital connectivity (policy objective 1 - PO1);

- Greener, low-carbon and resilient (policy objective 2 -PO2);
- More connected by improving mobility (policy objective 3 - PO3);
- More social by promoting effective and inclusive employment, education, skills, social inclusion and equitable access to health care, and strengthening the role of culture and sustainable tourism (Policy Objective 4 - PO4);
- Proximity to citizens, supporting locally-led development and sustainable urban development across the EU (Policy Objective 5 - PO5).

In addition to the five ERDF policy objectives, the Interreg programmes have two further policy objectives, namely 'Better governance of cooperation' and 'A safer and more secure Europe'.

Priorities

The European Regional Development Fund will support investments under all five policy objectives, but all regions and Member States will focus support on a more competitive and smarter Europe (PO1) and a greener, low-carbon, low-

carbon economy and resilient Europe (PO2), based on their prosperity, through the 'thematic concentration' mechanism.







All regions and Member States will focus at least 30% of their allocation on PO2 and:

- More developed regions or Member States will devote at least 85% of their allocation to PO1 and PO2;
- Transition regions or Member States at least 40% for PO1;
- Less developed regions or Member States at least 25% for PO1

All regions and Member States will also focus at least 8% of their allocation on urban development implemented through Local Development Partnerships with different instruments. ERDF activities are also expected to devote 30 % of the total financial envelope to climate objectives.

European Territorial Cooperation (ETC), better known as Interreg, provides a framework for the implementation of joint actions and policy exchanges between national, regional and local actors from different Member States. The overall objective of European Territorial Cooperation (ETC) is to promote the harmonious economic, social and territorial development of the Union as a whole.

Interreg is based on four areas of cooperation:

- Cross-border cooperation between neighbouring regions to promote integrated and harmonious regional development between neighbouring land and maritime border regions (Interreg A)
- Transnational cooperation in larger transnational areas or around sea basins, involving national, regional and local programme partners in Member States, third countries and partner countries and OCTs, to achieve a higher degree of territorial integration (Interreg B)
- Interregional cooperation to enhance the effectiveness of cohesion policy (Interreg C)
- Cooperation between the outermost regions themselves and with their neighbouring third or partner countries or OCTs, or with regional integration and cooperation organisations, or with several such organisations, in order to facilitate their regional integration and harmonious development in their neighbourhood (Interreg D)



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Justice, Safety and Security



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Migration, European Citizenship



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG ALPINE SPACE PROGRAMME

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/57/Interreg-Alpine-Space-programme-2021-2027

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The Alpine Space Programme is a European transnational cooperation programme that funds projects across the Alps. It provides a framework to connect actors from different sectors and different policy levels from seven Alpine countries. Key actors from science and administration, business and the innovation sector as well as policy makers work together to address common challenges and develop joint solutions for the Alpine Space. They share their experience and expertise and strive to improve the quality of life of Alpine inhabitants.

The programme focuses on green, carbon neutral, innovative and governance-related issues. The programme's mission statement also reflects this focus and aims to make this approach widely visible. The following priorities are defined for the period 2021-2027:

Priority 1: Climate-resilient and green Alpine Space

- Objective: Promote climate change adaptation, risk prevention and disaster resilience;
- Objective: Improve conservation and nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reduce all forms of pollution.

Priority 2: Climate neutral and resource efficient Alpine Space

- Objective: Promote energy efficiency and reduce greenhouse gas emissions;
- Objective: Promoting the transition to a circular economy and resource efficiency.

Priority 3: Innovation and digitalisation for a green Alpine Space

- Objective: Improve research and innovation capacities and the adoption of advanced technologies;
- Objective: Exploit the benefits of digitalisation for citizens, businesses, research institutions and public authorities.

Priority 4 - Specific objective of Interreg: Better governance of cooperation







Priorities

Objective: Promote climate change adaptation, risk prevention and disaster resilience

Under this specific objective, measures to promote adaptation to climate change, i.e. "the process of adapting to the actual or expected climate and its impacts", as formulated by the IPCC, should be covered.

Objective: Improve conservation and nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reduce all forms of pollution

Continued and projected habitat loss and fragmentation of biotopes are leading to high biodiversity losses and reducing ecosystem services. The need to reduce fragmentation and loss of biotopes and to promote ecosystem connectivity is therefore great.

Objective: Promote energy efficiency and reduce greenhouse gas emissions

Efficiency concepts alone will most likely not be sufficient to make the transition to a carbon-neutral or even post-carbon society. Innovative steps should therefore go beyond efficiency and promote integrated, sufficiency-oriented concepts of well-being and carbon-neutral lifestyles. This should be coupled with the use of renewable energy sources, which are widely available in the Alpine Space (e.g. hydro, wind, solar, etc.).

Objective: Promoting the transition to a circular economy and resource efficiency

The principles of avoiding waste and trying to use resources for as long as possible are relevant to the entire production cycle. In this respect, the circular economy is a much more comprehensive approach than just recycling or waste management. It strongly supports sustainable development, mindful use of resources, climate neutrality and climate change mitigation and adaptation.

Objective: Enhancing research and innovation capacities and the uptake of advanced technologies

Cooperation in the field of innovation capacities is a transversal activity that can enhance the impact of the programme in specific thematic areas by increasing the innovation potential of Alpine stakeholders. The improvement of research and innovation capacities in the Alpine Space should be effectively promoted through cooperation between actors and stakeholders in different regions.

Objective: Exploit the benefits of digitalisation for citizens, businesses, research institutions and public authorities

New digital tools can be developed to increase the resilience of Alpine regions and mitigate the effects of accessibility problems and remoteness linked to the negative demographic situation in many regions. Such increased flexibility can be particularly attractive in the context of the territorial specificity of the Alps as well as their ambition to become climate resilient, carbon neutral, green, inclusive and resource efficient.

Specific objective of Interreg: A better governance of cooperation

This objective represents a tailor-made opportunity to deepen and develop cooperation and governance structures in the Alpine Space, with a particular focus on professionalising governance and stakeholder structures, as well as preparing the ground for innovative projects and greater involvement of civil society.



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Migration, European Citizenship







INTERREG CENTRAL EUROPE

Funding Region

Austria, Croatia, Czechia, Germany, Hungary, Italy, Poland, Slovakia, Slovenia

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- · Private Entity

- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/3/Interreg-Central-Europe-Programme-2021-2027

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

Interreg CENTRAL EUROPE envisions a united Central Europe working together - to become smarter, greener and better connected together. Based on common needs and a shared identity in an area long divided by the "Iron Curtain", the programme aims to create a trusting culture of cooperation across administrative borders.

The programme aims to bring regions and cities together across borders to find appropriate solutions for their citizens - in a fair and equal way everywhere. It promotes and supports transnational cooperation to make regions more resilient to common challenges that know no borders and cannot be solved alone. These challenges include economic transition, climate change and the long-term socio-economic consequences of the Covid 19 pandemic.

The programme priorities and specific objectives form the backbone of the Interreg CENTRAL EUROPE funding strategy 2021-27. In line with the thematicareas, transnational cooperation actions should address the development and implementation of strategies, action plans, tools, training, pilot actions and related solutions. All actions shall comply with the horizontal principles of sustainable development, including environmental protection, as well as equal opportunities, non-discrimination and gender equality.

The programme has the following priorities:

- Priority 1: Cooperation for a smarter Central Europe.
- Priority 2: Working together for a greener Central Furone
- Priority 3: Working together for a better connected Europe
- Priority 4: Improving governance for cooperation in Central Europe

Priorities

SO 1.1 Strengthening innovation capacities

Strong innovation capacities are important for Central Europe given its strong industrial base & the importance of sectors such as agriculture, food & tourism.

SO 1.2 Strengthening skills for smart specialisation, industrial change and entrepreneurship

SMEs have been identified as the main employment providers in Central Europe and it is important to foster the locally available human skills, especially for the transition to Industry 4.0, digitalisation and a green economy.







SO 2.1 Supporting the energy transition to a climateneutral Central Europe

Central Europe needs to accelerate its performance in both energy efficiency and renewable energy generation and use to meet EU targets and the climate goals of the European Green Deal.

SO 2.2 Increasing resilience to climate change risks

To increase resilience to climate change, general approaches need to be adapted locally to develop feasible and manageable integrated solutions that can be disseminated across Central Europe.

SO 2.3 Advancing the circular economy in Central Europe

A climate-neutral, resource-efficient & competitive economy requires highly scaled circular approaches. This economic transformation needs to considert that a circular economy often requires a reorganisation of value chains, changing interdependencies & creating new profit options.

SO 2.4 Safeguarding the environment

The economic and ecological importance of natural assets and landscapes in Central Europe requires coordinated valorisation and protection of biodiversity and ecosystems. There is an urgent need to counteract the negative effects of human activity through integrated environmental management concepts.

SO 2.5 Greening urban mobility

Smart and greener urban mobility requires an integrated response. Many functional urban areas in Central Europe face similar challenges in greening their mobility.

SO 3.1 Improving transport accessibility of rural and peripheral regions

The programme area is an important crossroads in Europe. This can strategically facilitate participation in trade and increase competitiveness. However, accessibility to major transport corridors is comparatively weak. There is a need to connect peripheral regions in particular to the nodes of the TEN-T core network corridors (CNC), to remove bottlenecks and bridge missing transport links to ensure good accessibility throughout Central Europe.

SO 4.1 Strengthening governance for integrated territorial development

Central Europe is very heterogeneous both territorially and socio-economically. There is a need to improve the capacity of authorities at all territorial levels to elaborate and implement integrated territorial development strategies. Cooperation should be promoted within and between territories that have functional links.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Migration, European Citizenship



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG DANUBE REGION PROGRAMME

Funding Region

Austria, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czechia, Germany, Hungary, Italy, Moldova, Montenegro, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Ukraine

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/61/Interreg-Danube-Region-Programme-2021-2027

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The Interreg Danube Region Programme works for economic, social and territorial cohesion through policy networking in selected areas in the Danube Region. To achieve more territorial integration in the highly heterogeneous Danube Region, the transnational cooperation programme acts as a policy driver and enabler to address common challenges and respond to needs in specific policy areas where transnational cooperation is likely to deliver tangible results.

The Danube macro-region is a region of barriers as it is highly fragmented politically, socio-economically and administratively. The effects of this fragmentation are crucial for the development of the entire region; therefore, the associated boundary effects should be addressed and mitigated. The fragmentation of the region is not only a weakness, but also an opportunity for greater cooperation and coordinated action between these countries to overcome these barriers in the areas of innovation, environment, governance and social issues.

Priorities

The following priorities have been identified for the period 2021-2027:

Priority 1: A Smart Danube Region

- Specific objective: Develop and improve research and innovation capacities and the adoption of cutting-edge technologies;
- Specific objective: develop capabilities for smart specialization, industrial transformation and entrepreneurship.

Priority 2: A greener, low-carbon Danube Region

- Specific objective: promoting renewable energy in line with Directive (EU) 2018/2001, including the sustainability criteria set out therein;
- Specific objective: to promote climate change adaptation capacities in the Danube Region and disaster management at the transnational level in relation to environmental risks, taking into account ecosystembased approaches;
- Specificobjective:sustainable, integrated, transboundary water and sediment management in the Danube River Basin to ensure good quality and quantity of water and sediment balance;







· Specific objective: Protection and conservation of biodiversity in ecological corridors and ecoregions of transnational importance in the Danube basin.

Priority 3: A more social Danube Region

- · Specific objective: Accessible, inclusive and effective labor markets;
- · Specific objective: Accessible and inclusive quality services in education, training and lifelong learning;

· Specific objective: Strengthening the role of culture and sustainable tourism for economic development, social inclusion and social innovation.

Priority 4: Better governance of cooperation

· Specific objective: strengthening institutional capacity for territorial and macro-regional governance.



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention,



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Institutional cooperation



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



European Citizenship



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG EURO-MED

Funding Region

Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, France, Greece, Italy, Malta, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Portugal, Slovenia, Spain

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- NPO/NGO
- · Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Other

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/87/Interreg-Euro-MED

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values / Neighbourhood & the World Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion / Pre-Accession Assistance

Summary

Interreg Euro-MED supports projects, initiatives and policies related to climate change and the environment in line with the priorities and specific objectives set out by the European Commission for the Cohesion policy. The Programme decided to embed such objectives into missions for a more comprehensive approach.

Four missions have been identified. They pull together different thematic issues and initiatives to reach goals that isolated projects could not reach otherwise. Each project has to contribute to one mission pursuing one of the specific objectives selected by the Programme.

Priorities

The following priorities and specific objectives have been developed within the programme:

- · P1: Smarter Mediterranean
 - SO 1.1: Developing and enhancing research and innovation capacities and the uptake of advanced technologies
- · P2: Greener Mediterranean
 - SO 2.1: Promoting the transition to a circular and resource efficient economy
 - SO 2.2: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention, resilience, taking into account ecosystem-based approaches

- SO 2.3: Enhancing protection and conservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure including in urban areas and reducing all forms of pollution
- P3: Better Mediterranean Governance
 - SO 3.1: Other actions to support better cooperation governance

The Programme supports 2 types of projects:

- Thematic projects that contribute to the Smarter and Greener priorities;
- Governance projects that fit the Governance priority.







Thematic projects are divided into 4 categories:

- Study projects perform analyses to better address a thematic issue and open the door to the development of new instruments, policies, strategies, and action plans.
- Test projects experiment common instruments, policies, strategies and action plans already developed to validate concrete solutions to be transferred.
- Transfer projects optimise and share validated common instruments, policies, strategies and actions plans to have the stakeholders adopt them.
- Strategic territorial projects conduct studies, test solutions and transfer results addressing the strategic topics of a specific typology of territories.

Each project implementing actions to fulfil the selected specific objective contributes to one of the 4 Programme missions that tackle challenges of greater importance.

Governance projects consist of 2 categories:

- Thematic Community projects facilitate the exchanges and the development of synergies between thematic projects. They develop technical knowledge embedding the results of the projects and strategies to support the effective transfer of their results to other territories or stakeholders.
- Institutional Dialogue projects support the effective cooperation of all stakeholders concerned by the Programme missions in the Mediterranean. They optimise the conditions for the transfer and the mainstreaming of the project results into practices and public policies to improve the governance at transnational level within and beyond the Programme area.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries,



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Governance, Institutional co-



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG EUROPE

Funding Region





In addition: Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Moldova. Montenegro, North Macedonia, Serbia, Ukraine

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · NPO/NGO
- · Public Body

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/75/Interreg-Europe

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

Interreg Europe is an interregional cooperation programme co-financed by the European Union. The European Union aims to reduce disparities in development, growth and quality of life within and between the regions of Europe. The aim of Interreg Europe is to enable public authorities and other relevant organisations to actively learn from the experiences of other regions. This is a learning process in which good practices are identified, analysed and transferred in order to improve regional development policy instruments and ultimately find solutions that benefit all citizens.

The overall objective of Interreg Europe is to 'improve the implementation of regional development policies, including programmes focusing on investment in jobs and growth, by promoting the exchange of experience, innovative approaches and capacity building in relation to the identification, dissemination and transfer of good practice among regional policy stakeholders'.

The programme will fund two complementary types of strategic actions:

- Interregional Cooperation Projects: These are partnerships consisting of policy-relevant organisations from different countries in Europe working together for four years to share experiences on a specific regional development theme. In the fourth and final year of implementation, partner regions focus mainly on monitoring the results and impact of their project. Calls for project proposals are launched throughout the programme period.
- A policy learning platform: It provides a space for continuous or demand-driven learning where any policyrelevant organisation dealing with regional development policy in Europe can find solutions and request expert support to improve their policies.

Priorities

Interreg Europe contributes to all EU priorities and aims to improve regional governance through capacity building in the following areas:

Smarter Europe

- · Research and innovation capacities
- Digitalisation
- SME competitiveness
- S3, Industry and Entrepreneurship
- Digital connectivity







Greener Europe

- Energy Efficiency
- · Renewable Energies
- · Smart Energy Systems
- · Climate Change
- Water Management
- Circular economy
- · Nature and Biodiversity
- · Carbon-free urban mobility

A better connected Europe

- · Sustainable TEN-T
- Sustainable mobility







Education, Children and Youth, Media



Equal Rights,

A more social Europe

- Education
- · Social inclusion
- · Integration of third country nationals
- · Health care
- · Culture and sustainable tourism

A Europe close to its citizens

- · Integrated urban development
- · Integrated non-urban development

Better regional governance

· Political governance



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Migration, European Citizenship







INTERREG AT-CZ (AUSTRIA-CZECHIA)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity
- · Public Body

- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/74/Interreg-Austria-Czechia

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

As a part of the European cohesion policy, the Interreg Programme Austria-Czech Republic aims to **support sustainable cross-border cooperation and to contribute to** the improvement of economic, social and territorial integration.

Priorities

Specific objective: Research and innovation

- Cross-border research and exchange of expertise;
- Joint pilot actions and solutions in shared research infrastructures and services;
- · Communication and mobility of researchers.

Specific objective: Climate change adaptation

- Shared knowledge base inventory and data sharing to better prepare for climate change impacts;
- Joint pilot actions and solutions for climate change adaptation;
- Awareness raising and training on climate change adaptation.

Specific objective: Nature Conservation & Biodiversity

- Shared knowledge base stocktaking and data sharing to improve water management;
- Joint pilot actions and investment in common solutions for ecological water management;
- Shared knowledge base stocktaking and data sharing to improve biodiversity;
- Joint pilot actions and common solutions to better protect biodiversity;
- Awareness-raising/training measures to enhance biodiversity.

Specific objective: Education and training

 Cross-border cooperation to improve cross-border education in kindergartens, primary schools, secondary schools, universities and vocational schools;







 Joint pilot actions and investments to improve crossborder education in kindergartens, primary schools, secondary schools, higher education institutions and vocational schools.

Specific objective: Culture and tourism

- Cross-border knowledge and data exchange to promote the resilience of the tourism and culture sector;
- Joint pilot actions and investments to promote the resilience of the tourism and culture sector.

Specific objective: Legal and institutional cooperation

- Joint strategy development and exchange of knowhow;
- · Joint pilot actions to remove border barriers;
- Networking and clustering activities to reduce administrative and legal barriers.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG AT-HU (AUSTRIA-HUNGARY)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- · Private Entity
- · Public Body

- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/81/Interreg-Austria-Hungary-2021-2027

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The programme aims to address environmental, economic and demographic challenges with which extensive experience has been gained since the late 1990s. The needs of the region were assessed and resulted in four elaborated priorities to support targeted project development with a strong focus on the real needs of the border region. The main priorities and specific objectives of the programme are:

A green and resilient border region

- Adaptation to climate change
- Sustainable water supply

Protection of nature and biodiversity

A better connected border region

Sustainable transport

A competent border region

- · Education and training infrastructure
- Culture and sustainable tourism

An integrated border region

· Legal and administrative cooperation

Priorities

Adaptation to climate change

- Improving know-how and preparation for the impacts of climate change.
- Develop transboundary strategies, management & action plans to address climate change impacts, risks and natural hazards in the border region.
- Implementation of measures, including small-scale investments in climate change adaptation measures

 Raising awareness on climate adaptation and mitigation, especially at local level

Sustainable water

- Data collection, monitoring and analysis as well as exchange of know-how to improve knowledge on water quality and ecology, on sustainable water management and on flood hazards
- Development of strategies and action plans for more sustainable water management in the border region







 Implementation of measures, including small-scale investments, to promote sustainable water management

Nature conservation and biodiversity

- Data collection and research as well as exchange of know-how to gain better knowledge of the ecological status and threats in the region
- Development of strategies and action plans to enable a positive development of nature and biodiversity in the transboundary region
- Implementation of measures, including small-scale investments, that contribute to the protection of nature or the reduction of environmental pollution
- Awareness-raising activities on the need for nature conservation and pollution reduction at local and regional level

Sustainable transport

- Cross-border data collection and exchange of know-how on cross-border transport patterns and mobility behaviour of the population
- Development of strategies/action plans to better organise and link different sustainable transport modes
- Measures, including small-scale investments, to better link regional/local public transport and cycling infrastructure and to improve the sustainability, multimodality and safety of cross-border mobility

Education and training infrastructure

- Improve coordinated decision-making on education and training issues across the border.
- · Measures in cross-border education and training
- Implementation of joint training measures focusing on linguistic and intercultural aspects as well as labour market needs

Culture and sustainable tourism

- Cross-border data collection and exchange of know-how in the field of tourism and culture for a better understanding of the cross-border tourism landscape and potentials
- Enabling better strategic embedding of projects in the field of culture and tourism
- Implementation of measures, including small-scale infrastructure development for sustainable culture and tourism development
- Conducting thematic training and capacity building of stakeholders in the culture and tourism sector

Legal and administrative cooperation

- Development of monitoring and data exchange systems to improve the cross-border exchange of know-how
- Development of strategic frameworks for public organisations in all relevant sectors to address the upcoming challenges of the border region
- Implementing joint solutions to improve cross-border governance and reduce cross-border obstacles
- Developing skills and raising awareness for better crossborder cooperation



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG BAYAUT (BAVARIA-AUSTRIA)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- · Private Entity
- Public Body

- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/77/Interreg-Bavaria-Austria

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The INTERREG VI-A Programme Bavaria - Austria 2021-2027 pursues the strategy of an innovative, sustainable economy, a resilient environment, sustainable tourism as well as integrated regional development - embedded in a joint cross-border INTERREG governance.

The programme architecture comprises **five priorities** (PA), which are thematically subdivided into a total of **seven specific objectives**:

Priority 1: Sustainable Economy

- Objective 1: Innovative and accessible cross-border knowledge system
- Objective 2: Sustainable and competent business landscape

Priority 2: Resilient environment

- Objective 3: Proactive management of climate change and climate adaptation
- Objective 4: Protection, enhancement and renewal of biodiversity

Priority 3: Sustainable tourism

Objective 5: Sustainable and integrated tourism development

Priority 4: Integrated regional development

Objective 6: Integrated territorial development to ensure quality of life

Priority 5: Cross-border governance

· Objective 7: Joint removal of border barriers

Priorities

Objective 1: Innovative and accessible cross-border knowledge system.

The R&D&I power should be further strengthened by using the potential of the entire region and possible synergies. The regional knowledge systems are to be made accessible to enterprises in order to provide impulses for new developments. Small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) in particular should benefit from this and participate more strongly in the innovation process.







Objective 2: A sustainable and competent business landscape in the programme area

Entrepreneurial competences for innovation, specialisation, agility and resilience should ensure the future viability of the economy in the programme area. Application-oriented tools and offers are to strengthen entrepreneurship and business competences to successfully cope with current challenges. Above all, companies and organisations should benefit from this and position themselves for the future at European and international level. The projects to be funded in this

Objective 3: Proactive management of climate change and climate adaptation

Projects supported under Specific Objective 3 are intended to strengthen the adaptive capacity and resilience of natural and technical systems in the programme area and to minimise the risks and hazards to people, settlements and infrastructure in the programme area resulting from climate change. The damage caused by natural disasters, especially in mountain areas and along rivers, should also be minimised through concerted cross-border action.

Objective 4: Protection, improvement and renewal of biodiversity in the border area

The aim is to protect the diversity of natural areas, natural and cultural landscapes through integrated approaches and to safeguard or restore their ecosystem services, as well as to improve cooperation between administrations and other actors in the various protected areas and biotopes in the programme area. The aim is therefore not only to protect but also to improve the natural areas, natural and cultural

landscapes and biodiversity in the programme area and to jointly explore and implement potential for renewal.

Objective 5: Sustainable and integrated tourism development

The aim is to develop joint solutions in order to further develop tourism in a resilient, socially and environmentally compatible and integrated manner. In this way, tourism is to be strengthened as an economic and employment driver in the programme area, jobs in tourism are to be secured in the long term and economic recovery in the directly and indirectly dependent economic sectors is to be worked towards. At the same time, the aim is to reduce potential (use) conflicts.

Objective 6: Integrated territorial development to safeguard the quality of life

The aim is to secure and improve the quality of life locally through integrated regional development.

Objective 7: Joint reduction of border obstacles

Living and working together in the everyday life of the border regions is to be improved through encounter measures and long-term cross-border cooperation, and the use of existing common potentials in the programme area is to be facilitated by:

- · Promotion of encounter measures:
- Dismantling legal-administrative border obstacles;
- Promotion of structural "governance projects.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Justice, Safety and Security



Biodiversity & Environme Climate and Climate Change



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention Resilience



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Governance. Institutional cooperation



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG BY-CZ (BAVARIA-CZECHIA)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- · Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/94/Interreg-Bavaria-Czech-Republic

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The programme INTERREG Bavaria-Czech Republic supports cross-border cooperation between Bavaria and Czechia. Funding is provided for innovative Bavarian-Czech projects that contribute to the dismantling of barriers, mutual understanding and networking among citizens and at the same time to improving the quality of life. Following priorities and specific objectives have been developed within the programme:

P1: Research and knowledge transfer

 SO 1.1: Development and strengthening of research and innovation capacities and the introduction of advanced technologies.

P2: Adaptation to climate change and environmental protection

- SO 2.1: Promote climate change adaptation and disaster prevention and resilience, taking into account ecosystembased approaches;
- SO 2.2: Improve the protection and conservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reduce all forms of pollution

P3: Education

 SO 3.1: Improve equitable access to inclusive and quality education, training and lifelong learning services through the development of accessible infrastructure, including by promoting the resilience of distance and online learning in education and training.

P4: Culture and sustainable tourism

• SO 4.1: Strengthen the role that culture and sustainable tourism play in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation.

P5: Better Interreg governance

- SO 5.1: Improve the efficiency of public administrations by promoting their legal and administrative cooperation as well as cooperation between citizens, civil society and institutions, in particular with the aim of removing legal and other obstacles in border regions;
- SO 5.2: Building mutual trust, in particular by promoting cooperation between citizens.

Priorities

SO 1.1: Development and strengthening of research and innovation capacities and the introduction of advanced technologies

 Supporting the development & strengthening of joint research capacities of knowledge and research institutions in the field of applied research & building







- joint transfer capacities of applied research results into the structures of the regional economy;
- Strengthening the innovation environment of the crossborder region

SO 2.1: Promote climate change adaptation and disaster prevention and resilience, taking into account ecosystem-based approaches.

- Adaptation of transboundary ecosystems (terrestrial and aquatic) in protected areas and cultivated areas to changing climatic conditions;
- Measures to coordinate and establish joint water management to enable a coordinated response to drought and heavy rainfall;
- Coping measures for environmental disasters resulting from climate change (e.g. extreme weather events, floods, forest fires).

SO 2.2: Improve the protection and conservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reduce all forms of pollution.

- Strategic cooperation in the field of nature and landscape protection;
- Protection and enhancement of green infrastructure to improve ecosystem services and connectivity of biotopes:
- Cross-border species protection (flora and fauna) in the form of coordinated protection concepts and their implementation.

SO 3.1: Improve equitable access to inclusive and quality education, training and lifelong learning services through the development of accessible infrastructure, including by promoting the resilience of distance and online education and training.

 Improving, expanding and networking common formal or informal education services for children, youth, trainees and students; Promotion of informal educational offers for adults in the fields of environmental education and the acquisition of social or sociocultural competences, which improve, network and expand the existing offers.

SO 4.1: Strengthen the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation.

- Tourism valorisation of shared natural and cultural heritage (e.g. buildings or monuments) or the development of tourism infrastructure in the field of nature and active tourism (e.g. cycling routes, hiking routes):
- Presentation of the common natural and cultural heritage in exhibitions or joint cultural events with tourism potential;
- · Coordination of mobility services for tourists;
- Coordination and services for joint marketing of tourist attractions and sights.

SO 5.1: Improve the efficiency of public administrations by promoting their legal and administrative cooperation as well as the cooperation between citizens, civil society and institutions, in particular with the aim of removing legal and other obstacles in border regions.

- Capacity building for cross-border cooperation of public administration institutions and providers of public services:
- Removal of legal, administrative and socio-cultural obstacles, for example in the areas of cross-border public services and offers;
- Promotion and creation of networks and platforms to achieve better coordination and greater effectiveness of individual measures of cross-border cooperation.

SO 5.2: Building mutual trust, in particular by promoting cooperation between citizens

 Cooperation between citizens and institutions within the framework of so-called people-to-people projects.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries,



Energy Efficiency, Equal Rights, Renewable Energy Social Inclusion



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy,

Natural Resources

hts, Governance, Usion Institutional cooperation



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Health, Social, Sport



Digitisation, Digital Society



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development

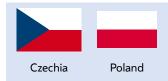






INTERREG CZ-PL (CZECHIA-POLAND)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/107/Interreg-Czechia-Poland

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The cooperation programme Interreg V-A in the Czech Republic and Poland addresses the most important cross-border challenges and taps into the potential of eight Czech-Polish border regions.

The following priorities and specific objectives have been developed within the programme:

P1: Integrated Rescue System and Environment

- SO 1.1: support for climate change adaptation, disaster risk prevention and resilience, taking into account ecosystem approaches;
- SO 1.2: strengthening the protection and conservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution.

P2: Tourism

 SO 2.1: strengthening the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation.

P3: Transport

 SO 3.1: Developing and enhancing a sustainable, smart and intermodal statewide, climate-resilient, intermodal, regional and local mobility, including improved access to the TEN-T network and cross-border mobility.

P4: Cooperation of institutions and residents

- SO 4.1: Increasing the efficiency of public administration by supporting legal and administrative cooperation and cooperation between citizens, civil society actors and authorities, in particular with the aim of solving legal and other obstacles in border regions;
- SO 4.2: Building mutual trust, in particular by promoting people to people events.

P5: Economic development

 SO 5.1: Enhancing the sustainable growth and competitiveness of SMEs and the creation of jobs in SMEs, including through productive investments

Priorities

SO 1.1: support for climate change adaptation, disaster risk prevention and resilience, taking into account ecosystem approaches

Systematic measures to strengthen cross-border cooperation







- Education & exchange of experience, joint exercises, exchange internships
- Modernisation/acquisition of specialised equipment necessary for the prevention and elimination of the consequences of risks associated with climate change

SO 1.2: strengthening the protection and conservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution

- · Networking, coordination, monitoring;
- Field measures,

SO 2.1: strengthening the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation

- Support for the creation of new or development of existing tourism elements;
- Connecting and creating tourism products and their promotion;
- Support of accompanying activities related to the development of tourism.

SO 3.1: Developing and enhancing a sustainable, smart and intermodal statewide, climate-resilient, intermodal, regional and local mobility, including improved access to the TEN-T network and cross-border mobility

- Modernization, reconstruction or repair of cross-border road bridges;
- Modernization, reconstruction or repair of cross-border railway lines;

- Adaptation of road infrastructure for the development of cross-border public and emission-free individual transport;
- Measures for the development of cross-border public and individual transport.

SO 4.1: Increasing the efficiency of public administration by supporting legal and administrative cooperation and cooperation between citizens, civil society actors and authorities, in particular with the aim of solving legal and other obstacles in border regions

- Identify specific obstacles and find solutions to problems that are common on both sides of the border;
- Mutual cooperation, transfer of experience and good practice.

SO 4.2: Building mutual trust, in particular by promoting people to people events

- · Support for institutional cooperation;
- · People-to-people projects.

SO 5.1: Enhancing the sustainable growth and competitiveness of SMEs and the creation of jobs in SMEs, including through productive investments

- Cross-border services for entrepreneurs with the aim of sustainable expanding the activities of their businesses across borders;
- Cross-border services for entrepreneurs to improve access to innovation and research/research and development services.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention Resilience



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG EL-BG (GREECE-BULGARIA)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- · Public Body

- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/110/Interreg-Greece-Bulgaria

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The Interreg Cooperation Programme Greece – Bulgaria is a cross-border cooperation programme aims at promoting cross border cooperation by bringing together the different actors of the cross border area, in order to strengthen the development of the region and its transformation into a centre for sustainable development. Following priorities / specific objectives have been developed:

P1: A more resilient and greener Greece-Bulgaria Cross Border Territory

- SO 1.1: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention, resilience taking into account ecosystem based approaches;
- SO 1.2: Promoting the transition to a circular and resource efficient economy;
- SO 1.3: Enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution.

P2: A more accessible Greece-Bulgaria Cross Border Territory

 SO 2.1: Developing and enhancing sustainable, climate resilient, intelligent and intermodal national, regional and local mobility, including improved access to TEN-T and cross-border mobility.

P3: A more inclusive Greece-Bulgaria Cross Border Territory

- SO 3.1: Improving equal access to inclusive and quality services in education, training and lifelong learning through developing accessible infrastructure, including by fostering resilience for distance and on-line education and training;
- SO 3.2: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion, and social innovation.

Priorities

SO 1.1: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention, resilience taking into account eco-system based approaches

- Risk prevention, monitoring, planning & installation of early warning systems;
- Climate-proof landscape planning and ecosystem-based Disaster Risk Reduction measures;
- Cooperation plans, protocols, infrastructures, & equipment for effective risk treatment, incl. digital solutions.







SO 1.2: Promoting the transition to a circular and resource efficient economy

- Joint or coordinated action plans for the promotion and application of circular economy and resource efficiency;
- Creation & support of cross-border & cross-sectoral networks and secondary / used material and product markets:
- Development & application of Circular transformation models solutions and products;
- · Awareness raising & know-how exchange.

SO 1.3: Enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution

- Development of Green infrastructure, including developing and implementing new tools, transferring solutions between stakeholders and promotion of environmentally friendly practices;
- Installation of monitoring systems regarding the prevention and control of air pollution at multiple territorial levels.

SO 2.1: Developing and enhancing sustainable, climate resilient, intelligent and intermodal national, regional and local mobility, including improved access to TEN-T and cross-border mobility

• will be applied by exclusively a targeted call for the following Action: improvement of multimodal, smart and secure mobility in Greece - Bulgaria CBC area.

SO 3.1: Improving equal access to inclusive and quality services in education, training and lifelong learning through developing accessible infrastructure, including by

fostering resilience for distance and on-line education and training

- Training activities to workers, self-employed, unemployed, and would-be Entrepreneurs on priority topics;
- Information and technical exchange on educational and training practices;
- Training and support of special target groups focusing on cooperation and entrepreneurship;
- Growth of digital competences of enterprises and selfemployed;
- Corporate Infrastructure and equipment serving the above activities.

SO 3.2: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion, and social innovation

- Support of tourism destination and attractions networking across borders;
- Adaptation of tourism sector to cl. change and inclusiveness;
- Promotion of digitization of tourism resources and processes and adoption of digital and innovative tools in local tourism industry;
- Upgrade of human resources and entrepreneur skills in tourism;
- Link tourism with local supply chain in the context 'farm to fork' EU strategy.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG HU-HR (HUNGARY-CROATIA)

Funding Region



Hungary

Croatia

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/144/Interreg-Hungary-Croatia

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The Cooperation programme Interreg Hungary-Croatia focusses on smart and sustainable growth in the Hungarian-Croatian border region, by reinforcing and expanding existing cooperation networks and contributing to the establishment of a sound basis for a dynamic and lasting cooperation across the border.

P1: A competitive border region

 SO1.1:Enhancingsustainable growth and competitiveness of SMEs and job creation in SMEs

P2: A greener and low-carbon border region

- SO 2.1: Promoting energy efficiency and reducing greenhouse gas emissions
- SO 2.2: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention, resilience taking into account eco-system based approaches

P3: A connected border region

 SO 3.1: Developing and enhancing sustainable, climate resilient, intelligent and intermodal national, regional and local mobility

P4: An inclusive border region

- SO 4.1: Improving equal access to inclusive and quality services in education, training and lifelong learning through developing accessible infrastructure, by fostering resilience for distance and on-line education
- SO 4.2: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation

P5: A cooperating border region

- SO 5.1: Enhance efficient public administration by promoting legal and administrative cooperation and cooperation between citizens, civil society actors and institutions
- SO 5.2: Build up mutual trust, in particular by encouraging people-to-people actions

Priorities

SO 1.1: Enhancing sustainable growth and competitiveness of SMEs and job creation in SMEs

- Internal and external human expertise of joint product, technology and service development;
- Activities for entering existing or newly developed products and services on international markets: international market surveys, appearance on events,
- development or upgrading of marketing tools and materials;
- Trainings, seminars for improving knowledge on product or service development;
- Purchase of equipment for product or service development, moving, packaging and storing of products to be marketed at international level;







· Involvement of business support and R&D organisations in joint innovation of SMEs.

 ${\sf SO2.1:} Promoting energy efficiency and reducing greenhouse$ gas emissions

- Fostering renovation wave in public and private buildings in line with energy efficiency standards (nearly zero energy buildings);
- · Contribution to clean energy transition and affordable utilisation of renewable energy resources (geothermal, solar etc.);
- Combating energy poverty for households;
- Supporting smart and innovative low emission technologies;
- Decarbonisation of industries;
- Raising commitment of citizens and empowering regional and local communities to energy consciousness and sustainable behaviour in line with EU Climate Pact.

SO 2.2: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention, resilience taking into account eco-system based approaches

- · Cooperation related to protected areas on green land
- Cooperation on blue land use;
- Raising awareness about impacts of climate change on biodiversity, water quality and quantity, creation of an adaptive environment for implementation of green and blue land use practices.

SO 3.1: Developing and enhancing sustainable, climate resilient, intelligent and intermodal national, regional and

- Elaboration of technical documentation in terms of main project design for licensing;
- Elaboration of technical documentation, in terms of executive plan:
- · Implementation of road construction works (new infrastructure or upgrading);
- Obtaining of relevant permits, according to legislation of the partner countries.

SO 4.1: Improving equal access to inclusive and quality services in education, training and lifelong learning through developing accessible infrastructure by fostering resilience for distance and on-line education

- · General public education and education in line with labour market needs;
- · Open to all educational institutions from preschool to adult education:
- · Multisectoral and innovative approaches in education programme design and delivery;
- · Enabling delivery of online education programmes;
- Exchange of best practices in education provision;
- Contribution to green and digital transformation of the border area.

SO 4.2: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation

- Development of sustainable tourism attractions with clear tourism relevance generating visibility beyond the border area:
- · Quality development of service provision in the tourism sector resulting increase in number of visitors;
- · Enhance green transformation of the sector and promotion of green tourism mobility services;
- · Setting up regional and joint tourism destination management services and promotion beyond borders.

SO 5.1: Enhance efficient public administration by promoting legal and administrative cooperation and cooperation between citizens, civil society actors and institutions

- · Decrease of legal and administrative obstacles to cooperation of territorial governance actors in various domains;
- Provision of opportunities for organisations to elaborate on development issues which they together on both sides of the border consider relevant related to the future of the border area. These thematic issues may include the following: labour market, health and social care, digitalisation, transport and mobility etc.

SO 5.2: Build up mutual trust, in particular by encouraging people-to-people actions

- Cooperation in arts and culture;
- Sport events (tournaments, festivities);
- Cultivation of traditions of minorities, promotion of trust an intercultural dialogue;
- Social integration of the youth and promotion of intergenerational solidarity.



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Labour Market/ Employment.



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digital Society



Education, Children Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Governance. Institutional co-



Mobility & Transport











INTERREG HU-SK (HUNGARY-SLOVAKIA)

Funding Region





Hungary

Slovakia

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- · Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/98/Interreg-Hungary-Slovakia

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The programme Interreg V-A Slovakia-Hungary aims at the joint protection, development and touristic utilization of the border regions' common natural and cultural heritage. This includes joint water management, disaster avoidance, the creation of the right conditions for the renewal of cultural and architectural heritage and the development of cross-border sustainable tourism.

The following priorities and specific objectives have been developed within the programme:

P1: Green cooperations

- SO 1.1: Promoting transition to a circular and resource efficient economy;
- SO 1.2: Protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure.

P2: Social cooperations

- SO 2.1: Enhancing access to quality employment through developing social infrastructure and promoting social economy;
- SO 2.2: Improving equal access to inclusive and quality services in education;
- · SO 2.3: Ensuring equal access to health care;
- SO 2.4: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development.

P3: Institutional cooperations

- SO 3.1: Enhance efficient public administration by promoting legal and administrative cooperation;
- SO 3.2: Build up mutual trust.

Priorities

SO 1.1: Promoting transition to a circular and resource efficient economy

- More efficient production to improve the reuse of raw materials through greater ,industrial symbiosis' and enhance the exchange of information between SMEs on routes to resource efficiency, that can prevent waste, boost innovation and create new markets;
- · Sustainable waste management and waste prevention;
- Creation of short supply chains involving food producers, processors and consumers in close geographical and social relations committed to cooperate for local economic development.







SO 1.2: Protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure

- Cross-border initiatives that protect and restore natural wetlands, grasslands and shrubs;
- Biodiversity-friendly afforestation, reforestation, treeplanting and re-grassing;
- Promotion of agroforestry and activities significantly contributing to prevention of soil degradation and preservation of soil functions;
- · Awareness-raising educational campaigns;
- · Nature-friendly forest management.

SO 2.1: Enhancing access to quality employment through developing social infrastructure and promoting social economy

 Social innovations for disadvantaged and vulnerable groups focusing on development or adaption of social innovations which can be products, services or models addressing unmet social needs more effectively.

SO 2.2: Improving equal access to inclusive and quality services in education

 Investment in education in order to ensure the citizens' right to quality and inclusive education, training and lifelong learning that develops their key competencies and basic skills.

SO 2.3: Ensuring equal access to health care

- Family and community-based health care systems
- Promote research and innovation to improve the lives of people with disabilities, people with mental health problems and older people;
- Improve services enabling people working outside of health facilities discharging their services at the individual, family or community level;
- Promote e-inclusion and e-health and technological and ICT innovations (e.g.: telemedicine);
- Cross-border development of healthcare institutions.

SO 2.4: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development

- Preservation of local heritage;
- · Complex development of tourism destinations.

SO 3.1: Enhance efficient public administration by promoting legal and administrative cooperation

· Eliminating border obstacles.

SO 3.2: Build up mutual trust

 This action is expected to contribute to the strengthening of cross-border cooperation by people-to-people actions via Small Project Fund.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention,



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Migration, European Citizenship



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG IT-AT (ITALY-AUSTRIA)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- · Private Entity

- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/84/Interreg-Italy-Austria

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The Italy-Austria Cooperation Program supports projects with a concrete and sustainable cross-border approach that fall within one of the investment priorities of the Cooperation Program and correspond to the defined beneficiaries. The following priorities and specific objectives have been developed within the program:

P1: Innovation and Enterprise

 SO 1.1: Development and expansion of research and innovation capacities and the introduction of advanced technologies.

P2: Climate change and biodiversity

- SO 2.1: Promote climate change adaptation and disaster prevention and resilience, taking into account ecosystembased approaches;
- SO 2.2: Enhance the protection and conservation of nature, biodiversity, and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reduce all forms of pollution.

P3: Sustainable tourism and cultural tourism

• SO 3.1: Strengthen the role that culture and sustainable tourism play in economic development, social inclusion, and social innovation.

P4: Local development

 SO 4.1: Promote integrated and inclusive social, economic and environmental local development, culture, natural heritage, sustainable tourism and safety outside urban areas.

P5: Reduce cross-border barriers

 SO 5.1: Improve the efficiency of public administration bodies by promoting their cooperation in the fields of law and administration as well as cooperation between citizens, civil society and institutions, especially with the aim of removing legal and other obstacles in border regions.

Priorities

The program proposes the following types of measures:

P1 Innovation and Enterprise invests in the areas of smart specialization strategies, promotes investment in research

and development, and supports companies on topics of cross-border importance:

- · Energy transition;
- · Support for start-ups and entrepreneurship;







- · Circular production processes;
- · New and sustainable technologies;
- · 'Life sciences' or life sciences:
- ICT and digitalization.
- **P2** Climate change and biodiversity focuses on disaster management, risk prevention, ecosystems, environmental protection and biodiversity:
- · Disaster mitigation measures for risk management;
- Climate change adaptation systems Awareness raising activities for climate change adaptation;
- · Nature conservation and biodiversity enhancement.
- **P3 Sustainable tourism and cultural tourism** promotes sustainable tourism models:
- · Smart and sustainable tourism (ecotourism);

- · Seasonal adaptation of the tourist offer;
- · Digitalization of the cultural and tourist offer;
- · Promotion of cultural and creative enterprises.

P4 Local Development finances the implementation of four cross-border local development strategies through the CLLD (Community-Led Local Development) instrument.

- Areas of intervention selected by the CLLD strategies.
- **P5** Reducing Cross-Border Barriers supports digital solutions developed by public administration for citizens, sustainable mobility, combating brain drain, promoting employment, sharing health services, and reducing cross-border barriers:
- Identify cross-border barriers through consultation with stakeholders operating in the territories;
- Possible areas of intervention: (1) ICT and digitalization of public administration, (2) health and digitalization of healthcare, (3) mobility.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Justice, Safety and Security



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Migration, European Citizenship



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG IT-HR (ITALY-CROATIA)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- · Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/85/Interreg-Italy-Croatia

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The Interreg Italy-Croatia CBC Programme 2021-2027 will focus on the blue economy, capitalising previous cooperation experiences and creating stronger synergies with EUSAIR. Cross-border cooperation among the territories overlooking the Adriatic Sea has been encouraged by Interreg Italy-Croatia Programme during the 2014-2020 programming period and will be further supported in the forthcoming period 2021-2027.

P1: Sustainable growth in the blue economy

- SO 1.1: Developing and enhancing research and innovation capacities and the uptake of advanced technologies;
- SO 1.2: Developing skills for smart specialisation, industrial transition and entrepreneurship.

P2: Green and resilient shared environment

- SO 2.1: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention, resilience taking into account eco-system based approaches;
- SO 2.2: Enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution.

P3: Sustainable maritime and multimodal transport

 SO 3.1: Developing and enhancing sustainable, climate resilient, intelligent and intermodal national, regional and local mobility, including improved access to TEN-T and cross-border mobility.

P4: Culture and tourism for sustainable development

 SO 4.1: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation.

P5: Integrated governance for stronger cooperation

• SO 5.1: Other actions to support better cooperation governance (all strands).

Priorities

SO 1.1: Developing and enhancing research and innovation capacities and the uptake of advanced technologies

- Cooperation between public bodies, academic institutions, private actors and civil society;
- · Supporting market driven research;
- · Promoting career opportunities in R&D;

 Supporting the joint development of sustainable technologies and materials, as well as efficient productive processes in terms of resource saving and recycling.

SO 1.2: Developing skills for smart specialisation, industrial transition and entrepreneurship.







- Dialogue and increase cooperation in the common areas of expertise of smart specialisation strategies;
- Developing and consolidating entrepreneurial skills;
- Supporting cross-border initiatives, training programmes and mutual learning;
- Boosting the development of entrepreneurial skills of graduates to support their entry in the labour market.

SO 2.1: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention, resilience taking into account eco-system based approaches

- · Coordinating and harmonising methodologies and processes related to climate change monitoring and adaptation;
- · Strengthening joint coordination of risk assessment process for those hazards that are common for the Programme area but not considered by national assessment reports of both countries;
- · Strengthening cooperation of the civil protection strategies throughout all its stages, from risk assessment, to definition of protocols and equipment supplies, and finally to post-disaster management;
- Defining a more effective and strategic approach to climate change adaptation and risk prevention by the use of nature-based solutions;
- Improving knowledge development and capacity building linked to climate change, its consequences and how to adapt.

SO 2.2: Enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution.

- Creating a stronger knowledge-based information & joint monitoring system necessary for embracing a new approach to biodiversity/pollution challenges;
- Investing in protecting marine ecosystems, exploiting good practices provided by existing protected areas, and preserving sea habitats from pollution due to human activities and from the arrival of alien fauna in the basin;
- Promoting public awareness especially through the development of responsible behaviour.

SO 3.1: Developing and enhancing sustainable, climate resilient, intelligent and intermodal national, regional and local mobility, including improved access to TEN-T and cross-border mobility

- · Promoting transition towards greener and alternative transport solutions;
- · Strengthening and modernizing cross-border maritime connections by fostering ICT solutions;
- · Investing in a sea-land integrated approach and improvement of multimodal capabilities of ports, supporting both the central role played by TEN-T ports for the overall macro regional area connections, as well as minor ports for their relevance at the local level and for remote areas.

SO 4.1: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation

- · Boosting innovation and digitalisation with the aim to valorise cultural sites and activities leading to a positive impact on local communities;
- · Investing in alternative routes and creating new integrated offers – such as experiential tourism - able to diversify the traditional flows and to reduce seasonality also supporting the creation of business and stable jobs through tourism/culture;
- Promoting inclusive education and training focused on a smarter strategic management of sustainable tourist destinations.

SO 5.1: Other actions to support better cooperation governance (all strands)

- Identifying/reducing cross-border improvement of legal/administrative cooperation;
- Enhancing institutional capacities of public administration and stakeholders;
- Strengthening cooperation and multi-level governance;
- Establishing closer cooperation in key areas such as risk management, marine spatial planning, fisheries, and aquaculture.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Environme Climate and Climate Change



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Labour Market/ Employment, Mobility & Transport Competitiveness



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG IT-SI (ITALY-SLOVENIA)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- · Private Entity
- Public Body

- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/86/Interreg-Italy-Slovenia

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The general objective of the Italy-Slovenia Programme is enhanced cross-border cooperation for improving the quality of life of the population, preserving and promoting cultural and natural heritage and enhancing the climate neutrality of the Programme area through sustainable, innovative and inclusive growth.

PO1: A more competitive and smarter Europe by promoting innovative and smart economic transformation and regional ICT connectivity

• SO 1.1: Developing and enhancing research and innovation capacities and the uptake of advanced technologies.

PO 2: A greener, low-carbon transitioning towards a net zero carbon economy and resilient Europe by promoting clean and fair energy transition, green and blue investment, the circular economy, climate change mitigation and adaptation and risk prevention and management

 SO 2.1: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention, resilience, taking into account ecosystem based approaches;

- SO 2.2: Promoting the transition to a circular and resource efficient economy;
- SO 2.3: Enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity, and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution.

PO 3: A more social and inclusive Europe implementing the European Pillar of Social Rights

 SO 3.1: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation.

Interreg Specificv Objective 1: A better cooperation governance

- ISO 1.1: Enhance efficient public administration by promoting legal and administrative cooperation and cooperation between citizens, civil society actors and institutions, in particular, with a view to resolving legal and other obstacles in border regions;
- ISO 1.2: Build up mutual trust, in particular by encouraging people-to-people actions.

Priorities

SO 1.1: Developing and enhancing research and innovation capacities and the uptake of advanced technologies

- Joint pilot actions to foster innovation processes through exploiting new advanced technologies;
- Developing partnerships through the approach of the quadruple helix in order to stimulate knowledge sharing, open innovation strategies and the joint development of new product and services;







· Promoting technology transfer processes.

SO 2.1: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention, resilience, taking into account ecosystem based approaches

- Tools to counteract the effects of climate change/ extreme events & to improve quality of life;
- Strengthening cross-border cooperation among local authorities to build up integrated risk management systems and joint action plan;
- Promoting awareness of risks due to anthropogenic and climate changes on local ecosystems;
- · Design of coordinated rescue protocols/actions

SO 2.2: Promoting the transition to a circular and resource efficient economy

- Innovative and sustainable solutions for the conversion of production activities;
- Exchanges of good practices for the design of new models for the optimization of the use of resources and the diffusion of eco-innovations;
- Developing cross-border services based on ICT solutions;
- Supporting the creation of experimental supply chains using digital technologies/Al;
- Developing/ testing innovative technologies following the concepts of industrial symbiosis and facilitating waste reuse;
- Supporting projects relating to ecosystem services and water management.

SO 2.3: Enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity, and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution

- · Promoting green and blue infrastructures;
- Joint strategies for the conservation and protection of biodiversity and geodiversity;
- Preserving and restoring the natural capital of the crossborder area;
- Promoting sustainable spatial planning, including transfer of best practices and pilot actions;
- Implementation of the strategic project POSEIDONE -Promotion Of greenSEa Infrastructure Devoted tO a New Environment.

SO 3.1: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation

- Developing integrated tourism products based on the natural and cultural resources of the area;
- Preservation, revitalisation, maintenance & promotion of tangible/intangible cultural heritage;
- Strengthening the linkage between education and tourism/cultural labour market;
- Digitalising the tourism and culture sector;
- · Promoting minorities, their culture & identities;
- Developingjointstrategies, structures and communication platforms for the exchange of experience;
- Contributing to the implementation of macro-regional connections linked to the ADRIONCYCLETOUR cycle route flagship;
- · Implementation of strategic project KRAS-CARSO I.

ISO 1.1: Enhance efficient public administration by promoting legal and administrative cooperation and cooperation between citizens, civil society actors and institutions, in particular, with a view to resolving legal and other obstacles in border regions

- Joint investments to improve quality and accessibility of public services for the benefit of the most isolated and remote areas;
- Exchange of experience and data, training programmes to enhance the capacity of public authorities to design and implement integrated cross-border initiatives;
- Improving institutional multilevel governance to reduce administrative, cultural and social obstacles and promote common solutions in specific sectors;
- · Supporting strategies for multimodal accessibility.

ISO 1.2: Build up mutual trust, in particular by encouraging people-to-people actions

- · Supporting all types of joint actions;
- Valorising and promoting local cultural elements;
- Promoting exchange of experiences, networking, living labs bringing together citizens and local actors;
- Integrated digitalisation of the cross-border cultural heritage;
- Creating education and training possibilities taking into account the needs of national minorities.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Migration, European Citizenship



Digitisation, Digital Society



Mobility & Transport



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth Media



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG PL-SK (POLAND-SLOVAKIA)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- NPO/NGO
- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University

Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/112/Interreg-Poland-Slovakia

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The Cooperation programme addresses the most important cross-border challenges which are linked to the implementation of the Europe 2020 strategy in the Polish-Slovak border region. Strategically, the programme will support the development of transport infrastructure to improve cross-border accessibility and provide easier access to TEN-T networks. At the same time, it will address environmental issues and promote effective and sustainable use of natural and cultural heritage.

The following priorities and specific objectives have been developed within the programme:

P1: Nature-friendly and safe borderland

- SO 1.1: Supporting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention and resilience, taking into account an ecosystem approach;
- SO 1.2: Enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution.

P2: Better connected borderland

 SO 2.1: Developing and improving sustainable, climate resilient, intelligent and intermodal mobility at national, regional and local level, including improved access to TEN-T and cross-border mobility.

P3: A borderland that is creative and attractive for tourists

 SO 3.1: Strengthen the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation.

P4: Cooperation of institutions and inhabitants of the borderland

- SO 4.1: Strengthen the institutional capacity of public institutions, in particular those entrusted with the management of a specific territory, and stakeholders;
- SO 4.2: Build up mutual trust, in particular by encouraging people-to-people actions.

Priorities

SO 1.1: Supporting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention and resilience, taking into account an ecosystem approach

 The protection of biodiversity and the enhancement of environmentally valuable areas, for example: A) protection, restoration and enhancement of natural habitats, including wetlands, wetlands and breeding







sites of protected animal species, especially in protected areas, including, if necessary, inter alia, nature inventory, nature monitoring, monitoring of the ecosystem for the effects of atmospheric pollution, reduction of tourism pressure, improvement of waterrelations, complementary planting; B) protection, maintenance and improvement of the connectivity of ecological corridors, in particular between protected areas, including, inter alia, removal of physical barriers, making corridor connectivity clear (inter alia, by upgrading/constructing culverts under transport routes), development of green and blue infrastructure;

- Countering the spread and emergence of invasive species through detection and control of invasive species, isolating population of invasive species, removal of invasive species;
- Analyses, strategies, action plans and pilots that address the protection or creation of forms of nature conservation and the maintenance of transboundary ecological corridors.

SO 1.2: Enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution

Their aim is to raise public awareness of nature conservation and biodiversity preservation by:

- Promoting the principles of sustainable management and use of natural environment resources;
- Communicating the benefits of maintaining the continuity of ecological corridors and preserving biodiversity, including the benefits of ecosystem services;
- · Promoting green and blue infrastructure;
- Communicating the risks associated with the spread of invasive species;
- Learning about ecosystems (including through field visits) and their current threats;
- Examples of educational and promotional activities: creation of educational trails, meetings, lectures, workshops, seminars, conferences concluding projects.

SO 2.1: Developing and improving sustainable, climate resilient, intelligent and intermodal mobility at national, regional and local level, including improved access to TENT and cross-border mobility

- Providing a climate-resilient and safe transport infrastructure that is conducive to increasing economic and social integration;
- Promoting pollution-free and sustainable multimodal mobility;
- · Improving cross-border mobility.

SO 3.1: Strengthen the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation

- Supporting the development of cross-border competitive / innovative / integrated tourism products / services / offers:
- Preserving, providing access to & promoting tangible and intangible cultural and natural heritage;
- Creation of tourism information and promotion systems that popularise the region as an attractive tourist destination;
- Building human capital and raising the level of knowledge particularly with regard to the dissemination of sustainable tourism practices and the requirements of the European Green Deal (including the New European Bauhaus) and digital competence.

SO 4.1: Strengthen the institutional capacity of public institutions, in particular those entrusted with the management of a specific territory, and stakeholders

- Building cross-border partnerships, for example cooperation of public institutions and not-forprofit organisations related in particular to education, ecology, culture, arts, sports, active leisure, tradition, economic cooperation, tourism, nature, emergency management, rescue;
- Supporting local cross-border initiatives to improve the quality of life in the Borderland;
- Strengthening cross-border integration and building a common identity of Borderland inhabitants;
- Exchange of good practices, promotion of cooperation for common solutions in the field of environment and low-carbon economy;
- Raising awareness and promoting pro-ecological behaviour.

SO 4.2: Build up mutual trust, in particular by encouraging people-to-people actions

· Only small-scale projects are eligible.



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG RO-BG (ROMANIA-BULGARIA)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/89/Interreg-Romania-Bulgaria

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The Interreg VI-A Romania-Bulgaria Programme, financed through the European Regional Development Fund, aims to improve the Romanian-Bulgarian border area in the 2021-2027 period.

P1: A well connected region

 SO 1.1: Developing and enhancing sustainable, climate resilient, intelligent and intermodal national, regional and local mobility, including improved access to ten-t and cross-border mobility

P2: A green region

 SO 2.1: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention, resilience, taking into account ecosystem-based approaches SO 2.2: Enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution

P3: An educated region

 SO 3.1: Improving equal access to inclusive and quality services in education, training and lifelong learning through developing accessible infrastructure, including by fostering resilience for distance and on-line education and training

P4: An integrated region

 SO 4.1: Fostering the integrated and inclusive social, economic and environmental local development, culture, natural heritage, sustainable tourism and security, in areas other than urban areas

Priorities

SO 1.1: Developing and enhancing sustainable, climate resilient, intelligent and intermodal national, regional and local mobility, including improved access to TEN-T and cross-border mobility

- Actions enhancing rail connectivity and mobility across the Danube;
- Actions improving the navigation conditions and safety on the Danube and Black Sea in order to enhance mobility and connectivity.

SO 2.1: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention, resilience, taking into account ecosystem-based approaches

- Climate change adaptation measures to reduce the vulnerability of natural and human systems to actual or expected effects of climate change;
- Risk prevention and management of natural and hazardous events and risks linked to human activities;
- · Promoting disaster resilience.







SO 2.2: Enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution

- Reducingall types of pollution, by supporting investments in monitoring and data collection on air, soil and water pollution;
- Supporting the development of green infrastructures, including by developing and protecting green areas in human settlements and raising awareness of the benefits of green spaces;
- Enhancing biodiversity conservation, recovery and sustainable use and protection of natural heritage, including Natura 2000 and RAMSAR sites.

SO 3.1: Improving equal access to inclusive and quality services in education, training and lifelong learning through developing accessible infrastructure, including by fostering resilience for distance and on-line education and training

- Development of extensive and structured languagelearning schemes, as a vector for building trust across the border, for creating the basis for future exchanges and also as an employment-boosting factor;
- Development of joint cross-border education and training schemes on-site in areas where accessibility is not a hindrance or online, using digitised learning tools and methods, if physical presence is not an option:
- Development of cross-border internship or placements and student exchange programmes for young graduates/ students;
- Development of joint initiatives supporting adult education and learning (LLL), including facilitating learning mobility;
- Development of partnerships between secondary and higher education establishments and businesses, in order to improve the market orientation and the quality

- aspect of education and offer young students the possibility to train and/or study on the other side of the border;
- Development of partnerships between education and training institutions and stakeholders, at all education levels (early to tertiary), to support mutual learning and exchange of practices between teachers and trainers;
- Development of joint initiatives and actions to support access to quality inclusive education and training, including LLL, to vulnerable or marginalized groups, including disabled persons, SEN;
- Joint measures for improving the link between the labour market and the education and training system;
- Investments in the infrastructure of educational facilities (e.g. learning spaces such as classrooms, labs, libraries, workshops, gyms, outdoor learning spaces but also other facilities) for all education levels and educational activities (including remedial and after-school), technical and vocational training and LLL etc.; special attention will be given to promoting accessible and inclusive learning for all persons;
- Investments in ensuring proper endowment for joint learning facilities with focus on digitalization: equipment, tools, etc., especially those that support the development of practical and/or digital skills and remote learning, such as computers, videoconferencing/distance education equipment, VR learning etc.

SO 4.1: Fostering the integrated and inclusive social, economic and environmental local development, culture, natural heritage, sustainable tourism and security, in areas other than urban areas

- · Developing the Eurovelo 6 route;
- Supporting tourism activities, connected sectors and industries.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries,



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Labour Market/ Employment,



Migration, European Citizenship



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban







INTERREG RO-HU (ROMANIA-HUNGARY)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/91/Interreg-Romania-Hungary

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The vision for the ROHU Programme is a greener, more resilient, and cohesive cross-border region between Romania and Hungary, with enhanced understanding of cooperation opportunities, increased trust and reduced barriers to cooperation, towards Agenda 2030 common targets with a more sustainable cooperation framework.

P1: Cooperation for a green and more resilient crossborder area between Romania and Hungary

- SO 1.1: Promoting renewable energy in accordance with Renewable Energy Directive (EU) 2018/2001[1], including the sustainability criteria set out therein
- SO 1.2: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention, resilience taking into account ecosystem based approaches
- SO 1.3: Enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution

P2: Cooperation for a more social and cohesive PA between Romania and Hungary

- SO 2.1: Ensuring equal access to health care and fostering resilience of health systems, including primary care, and promoting the transition from institutional to family- and community-based care
- SO 2.2: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation

P3: A more sustainable, community-based and effective cross-border cooperation

- SO 3.1: Enhance the institutional capacity of public authorities, in particular those mandated to manage a specific territory, and of all stakeholders
- SO 3.2: Enhance efficient public administration by promoting legal and administrative cooperation and cooperation between citizens, civil society actors and institutions, in particular with a view to resolving legal and other obstacles in border regions
- SO 3.3: Build up mutual trust, in particular by encouraging people-to-people actions

Priorities

SO 1.1: Promoting renewable energy in accordance with Renewable Energy Directive (EU) 2018/2001[1], including the sustainability criteria set out therein

 Increased cooperation in the field of renewable energies, contributing to build green and renewable energy communities in the PA, including by promoting joint







solutions to upscale and further promote RES in the PA (generating of RES projects).

SO 1.2: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention, resilience taking into account ecosystem based approaches

 Increased capacity and efficiency of the emergency services and risk prevention (both climate and nonclimate related) thanks to cooperation.

SO 1.3: Enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution

• Improved coordination and protection of the natural heritage across the border.

SO 2.1: Ensuring equal access to health care and fostering resilience of health systems, including primary care, and promoting the transition from institutional to family- and community-based care

 Increased resilience, personalisation and quality of the health care sector thanks to cooperation

SO 2.2: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation

 Development of a common vision for the joint promotion of common cultural and natural heritage, including cultural initiatives and the development of tourism sites and tourism niches

SO 3.1: Enhance the institutional capacity of public authorities, in particular those mandated to manage a specific territory, and of all stakeholders

 Increased understanding of cross-border exchanges and increased capacity to plan effective joint actions leading to an increased number and quality of joint strategies

SO 3.2: Enhance efficient public administration by promoting legal and administrative cooperation and cooperation between citizens, civil society actors and institutions, in particular with a view to resolving legal and other obstacles in border regions

 Increased understanding of barriers to cooperation and definition of possible solutions with the involvement of the adequate governance level

SO 3.3: Build up mutual trust, in particular by encouraging people-to-people actions

 Increased people-to-people actions and cross-border cooperation in community initiatives pave the way to future, more structured, community-led interventions



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries,



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Labour Market/ Employment,



Migration, European Citizenship



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG SI-AT (SLOVENIA-AUSTRIA)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/93/Interreg-Slovenia-Austria

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The goal of the program is to improve coordination and cooperation in the SI-AT border area in order to reduce border barriers and unleash the potential for a resilient and competitive region.

The following priorities and specific objectives have been developed under the program:

P1: A more resilient and sustainable region

- SO 1.1: Promote climate change adaptation, risk prevention, and disaster resilience;
- SO 1.2: Promote the transition to a circular economy.

P2: A more competent and competitive region

- SO 2.1: Develop skills and competencies for work and life:
- SO 2.2: Sustainable economic development based on culture and tourism.

P3: A better governance of cooperation

- SO 3.1: Improve coordination and cooperation between institutions;
- SO 3.2: Strengthening trust and cooperation between people.

Priorities

SO1.1: Promote climate change adaptation, risk prevention, and disaster resilience

- Develop and implement strategies, action plans, and pilot actions;
- Sharing expertise and building capacity, and strengthening research and innovation capacity;
- · Awareness raising and digital solutions.

SO 1.2: Promote the transition to a circular economy

- Develop and implement strategies, action plans and pilot actions;
- Establish/establish cross-sectoral transboundary networks;
- Innovative and applicable resource efficiency solutions that promote the transition to a circular economy and the effective use of natural resources;







- · Strengthening research and innovation capacities;
- Identifying regulatory barriers and proposing ways to address them;
- Digital solutions, awareness raising and sharing of knowhow.

SO 2.1: Developing skills and competencies for work and life

- Develop/implement concepts, models, and tools at all levels of education/training;
- · Pilot actions;
- · Development of curricula, training content and tools;
- Education and training activities, knowledge exchange, mentoring, internships;
- Mobility of teachers/students workers and exchanges;
- Establishment of cross-border networks and crossborder & cross-sector partnerships and exchanges;
- · Awareness raising /competence promotion.

SO 2.2: Sustainable economic development based on culture and tourism

- Development and implementation of longer-term cooperation strategies, concepts, action plans;
- Development and implementation of new cooperation models and instruments;
- · Development & implementation of pilot actions;
- · Development of curricula, training content and tools;
- Education, training, mentoring, counseling, student/ staff/employee exchanges;

Joint promotional activities and awareness raising activities.

SO 3.1: Improve coordination and cooperation between institutions

- Organization of joint meetings, workshops and events & exchange of experiences (to share solutions and increase their impact);
- · Transfer of best practices;
- Training, peer reviews and staff exchanges (to improve institutional capacity);
- · Data collection and studies;
- Identification of legal barriers and proposals to address them;
- Development and implementation of strategies and action plans;
- Cooperation agreements, administrative & legal provisions;
- · Publications & campaigns.

SO 3.2: Strengthening trust and cooperation between people

- Organization of joint meetings, workshops and events, etc.;
- · Exchange of information, know-how and personnel;
- Creation of joint structures and interventions in the addressed thematic areas.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Health, Social, Sport



Art Digitisation, n Digital Society



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Mobility & Transport



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG SI-HR (SLOVENIA-CROATIA)

Funding Region





Croatia

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- NPO/NGO
- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University

Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/105/Interreg-Slovenia-Croatia

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The Interreg SI-HR programme supports cross-border cooperation between Slovenia and Croatia in the programming period 2021-2027.

The following priorities and specific objectives have been developed within the programme:

P1: A green and adaptive region

- SO 1.1: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention and resilience, taking into account ecosystem-based approaches;
- SO 1.2: Enhanching protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity, and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution.

P2: A resilient and sustainable region

 SO 2.1: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion, and social innovation.

P3: An accessible and connected region

- SO 3.1: Enhance efficient public administration by promoting legal and administrative cooperation, and cooperation between citizens, civil society actors, and institutions, in particular with a view toward resolving legal and other obstacles in border regions;
- SO 3.2: Build up mutual trust, in particular by encouraging people-to-people actions.

Priorities

SO 1.1: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention and resilience, taking into account ecosystem-based approaches

The aim of support under this specific objective is to enhance the preparedness of local communities and responsiveness of rescue response units by joint upskilling and unified equipment, the establishment of joint protocols (concrete and comprehensive plans), and coordination mechanisms, so that units from both countries will be able to jointly respond to the same disaster and adapt to different climate change-related and other shared risks along the entire cross-border area, including the capacity building of different target groups to protect against shared risks. The activities must be aligned with responsible authorities for provision and co-ordination of protection, rescue, and relief in case of natural and other disasters from both countries.







SO 1.2: Enhanching protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity, and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution

The aim of support under this specific objective is to enhance, develop, or introduce green infrastructure as strategically planned network of natural and semi-natural areas with other environmental features designed and managed to deliver a wide range of ecosystem services, particularly addressing the biodiversity loss. Cross-border cooperation for improved protection, restoration, and management of the environment will be boosted (incl. Natura 2000 and other protected areas and areas of ecological importance. Actions will be focused to mitigate threats (e.g., pollution, climate change, invasive species, biodiversity loss, habitat fragmentation) and improve cross-border landscape management as the key to improving biodiversity.

SO 2.1: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion, and social innovation

The aim of the support under this specific objective is to facilitate the recovery of tourism and culture in the PA by greening of tourism, supporting shift from quantity towards quality, increasing diversity of tourism products and services, and supporting cultural tourism entrepreneurship and innovation. Special attention will be given to rural border areas to unlock their hidden potentials to offer demand-driven products and services, while conserving their cultural uniqueness and protecting the

natural environment. All the actions supported by this priority will contribute to strengthening local communities and local economy, increasing competitiveness, and job creation in the Programme area.

SO 3.1: Enhance efficient public administration by promoting legal and administrative cooperation, and cooperation between citizens, civil society actors, and institutions, in particular with a view toward resolving legal and other obstacles in border regions

The support under this specific objective is to support public administration in its role as an initiator/coordinator of processes aimed at improving the quality of services and developing innovative solutions in the area of health care, social inclusion and welfare, energy efficiency, and accessibility in the border region. A place-based and participatory approach, sustainability and digitalisation are the guiding principles when implementing the activities within this priority. The cross-border cooperation and resolving legal and other obstacles is crucial when taking into account the functional relations between the different actors and activities in the border area.

SO 3.2: Build up mutual trust, in particular by encouraging people-to-people actions

The aim of support under this specific objective is to build trust and understanding among people living in the cross-border area by supporting joint cross-border events, intergenerational cooperation, and joint learning and awareness-raising.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries,



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Justice, Safety and Security



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban







INTERREG SI-HU (SLOVENIA-HUNGARY)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity
- Public Body

- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/76/Interreg-Slovenia-Hungary

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The Interreg programme Slovenia-Hungary is a European Union funding programme that supports crossborder cooperation. The vision of the cross-border programme is to contribute to an active and cooperating border/programme region aware of its environmental, natural and cultural values, through promoting sustainable utilisation, preservation and exploitation for tourism purposes, setting up a well identifiable and attractive green tourism destination.

The Programme is divided into three priority axes:

Green Border Region

 Enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution

Inclusive Border Region based on sustainable tourism

- Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation
- Cooperation border Region

A better cooperation governance

 Build up mutual trust, in particular by encouraging people-to-people actions

Priorities

Priority Green border region

Supported projects are expected to result in joint solutions and actions contributing to improvement and maintenance of biodiversity in the border area, improvement in the status of green and blue infrastructure, better quality of the water bodies, reduction of various forms of pollution in the programme area. Supported actions should be in line with the relevant directives (Habitats, Birds, Invasive Alien Species, also Water Framework, Drinking Water and Floods

Directives) and the Biodiversity Strategy /EU Forest Strategy for 2030.

 Elaboration of cross-border/common analytical studies, strategies, action plans and models for more effective preservation of natural assets, biodiversity and improvement or maintenance of natural assets;







· Implementing joint pilot actions contributing to protecting biodiversity, fostering joint water and disaster management and reduction of pollution.

Priority Inclusive border region based on sustainable tourism

Supported natural and cultural tourism-related projects are expected to result in sustainable and harmonized crossborder tourism offer of the region and destination management with higher integration in local economy contributing to increased local tourism income and employment in the programme area.

- · Establishment of joint tourism quality standards and joint tourism destination management models on the basis of significant cultural (and natural) potentials and of cooperation of tourism organisations;
- · Implementing pilot actions and joint solutions for better inclusion of culture and cultural heritage in development of quality touristic attractions and connected tourism services.

Priority Cooperating border region

- · Legal and administrative cooperation projects are expected to:
 - Improve knowledge of local decision makers in various thematic areas;
 - Create new bottom-up initiatives for cross-border cooperation;
 - Result in better harmonised planning systems and processes, data collection and assessment methods, commonly identified regional interests investigation of new development directions.
- Mutual trust building projects are expected to generate new links in civil society cooperation in the border region, as well as enhanced individual relationships, new range of actors involved in a wide variety of events, increased level of mutual understanding resulted by positive experience of cooperation. Trust building projects are considered of strategic importance and highly contribute to the visibility of the Programme.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Governance. operation



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Health, Social, Sport



Digitisation, Digital Society



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Mobility & Transport



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG SK-AT (SLOVAKIA-AUSTRIA)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- NPO/NGO
- · Private Entity
- · Public Body

- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/80/Interreg-Slovakia-Austria

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The cooperation program "Interreg V-A Slovakia - Austria" focuses on smart and sustainable growth in the Austrian-Slovak border region. The main priorities and specific objectives of the program are:

A more competitive and smarter SK-AT border region

 Development and improvement of research and innovation capacities and the adoption of advanced technologies.

A more environmentally friendly and low-carbon SK-AT border region

- Promoting climate change adaptation, disaster preparedness and resilience, taking into account ecosystem-based approaches;
- Improving the protection and conservation of nature, biodiversity, and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution.

A more socially inclusive SK-AT border region

- Improving equitable access to inclusive and quality education, training, and lifelong learning services through the development of accessible infrastructure, including by promoting the resilience of distance and online education;
- Ensuring equitable access to health care and promoting the resilience of health systems, including primary care, and promoting the transition from institutional to family and community-based care;
- Strengthening the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion, and social innovation.

A better cooperating SK-AT border region

- Improving efficient public administration by promoting legal and administrative cooperation and collaboration between citizens, civil society and institutions, especially with regard to removing legal and other obstacles in border regions;
- Building mutual trust, especially by promoting peopleto-people actions.

Priorities

Development and improvement of research and innovation capacities and the adoption of advanced technologies

Interdisciplinary cross-border cooperation in research & innovation;







- Actions including small-scale investments in joint research facilities;
- Science education/awareness raising.

Promotion of climate change adaptation, disaster risk reduction and resilience, taking into account ecosystembased approaches

- Collection/analysis of data, exchange of know-how & development of strategies;
- Implementation of joint (pilot) activities, including smallscale investments;
- · Awareness raising activities and capacity building.

Improve protection and conservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reduce all forms of pollution

- Data collection & analysis, exchange of know-how & interdisciplinary strategy development;
- · (pilot) actions, including small-scale investments;
- · Awareness raising activities and capacity building.

Improve equitable access to inclusive and quality education, training and lifelong learning services through the development of accessible infrastructure, including through the promotion of distance and online education resilience

- Developing joint strategies & implementing joint solutions, including small-scale investments, to promote education collaboration;
- Sharing expertise and training relevant stakeholders who are actively involved in the education process.

Ensure equitable access to health care and promote resilience of health systems, including primary care, and

promote transition from institutional to family and community-based care

- Develop & implement cross-border strategies & action plans to strengthen collaboration among health & social service providers;
- Implement solutions, including small-scale investments, to facilitate cross-border collaboration in health & social service delivery.

Strengthening the role of culture and sustainable tourism for economic development, social inclusion and social innovation

- Develop and implement cross-border strategies and action plans for sustainable tourism development;
- Implementing joint solutions, including small-scale investments in natural & cultural heritage sites & joint tourism services;
- Investing in infrastructure to improve the accessibility of cross-border regions and sites for citizens and tourists.

Improving efficient public administration by promoting legal and administrative cooperation and collaboration between citizens, civil society and institutions, especially with regard to the removal of legal and other obstacles in border regions

- Know-how & data exchange to improve strategy development in the region;
- · Pilot actions for the removal of border obstacles;
- Strengthening the institutional capacity of authorities/ organizations.

Building mutual trust, especially by promoting people-topeople actions

 Joint actions to strengthen mutual trust and promote cooperation among citizens.



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Justice, Safety and Security



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport











INTERREG SK-CZ (SLOVAKIA-CZECHIA)

Funding Region





Slovakia

Czechia

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/109/Interreg-Slovakia-Czechia

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The aim of the Interreg Slovakia-Czechia programme is to address the common challenges of cross-border regions through joint cross-border projects.

The following priorities and specific objectives have been developed within the programme:

P1: Environment

- SO 1.1: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention and resilience, taking into account ecosystem based approaches;
- SO 1.2: Enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution.

P2: Education, culture and tourism

- SO 2.1: Improving equal access to inclusive and quality services in education, training and lifelong learning through developing accessible infrastructure, including by fostering resilience for distance and on-line education and training;
- SO 2.2: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation.

P3: Institutional cooperation and local initiatives

- SO 3.1: Enhance efficient public administration by promoting legal and administrative cooperation and cooperation between citizens, civil society actors and institutions, in particular with a view to resolving legal and other obstacles in border regions;
- SO 3.2: Build up mutual trust, in particular by encouraging people-to-people actions.

Priorities

SO 1.1: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention and resilience, taking into account ecosystem based approaches

- Collection and evaluation of climate data and the expected impacts of climate change, the production of analyses, models and forecasts of future climate change
- developments and the exchange of experience in this field (disaster management floods, fires, water erosion, etc.);
- Implementation of joint measures to prevent the drying up of water resources and aquatic ecosystems, the implementation of joint strategies and action plans to prevent and address the consequences of natural risks







(floods, water erosion, fires, invasive plant and animal species), the development of joint integrated risk management systems;

 Raising awareness on the causes and impacts of climate change, with an emphasis on practical application in everyday life, dissemination of examples of good practice.

SO 1.2: Enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution

- Monitoring the status and evolution of species and habitats, producing studies, analyses related to biodiversity conservation (e.g. occurrence of invasive plant and animal species, status of different forms of pollution) and jointly seeking solutions, exchange of experience and good practice in the use of green infrastructure and pollution reduction;
- Implementation of joint actions to improve the status of species & habitats, the implementation of joint strategies/ action plans supporting the construction, promotion & use of green infrastructure;
- Raising awareness of the importance of nature and biodiversity conservation, dissemination of examples of good practice.

SO 2.1: Improving equal access to inclusive and quality services in education, training and lifelong learning through developing accessible infrastructure, including by fostering resilience for distance and on-line education and training

 Creation of common educational materials and content, support for the development of digital skills, including online safety and the prevention of socio-pathological phenomena (cyber-bullying, discrimination, etc.), activities aimed at increasing the use of innovative and new forms and practices, including online and distance learning (e.g. activities promoting pupil and student mobility (between educational institutions) and teacher mobility, activities promoting cooperation with employers to increase the quality and relevance of dual and vocationally oriented education.

SO 2.2: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation

- Activities aimed at preserving and improving the technical condition of tangible cultural heritage and natural monuments, activities aimed at building facilities for the preservation and development of intangible cultural heritage, including its digitisation, activities aimed at creating a comprehensive tourist offer in the border area (e.g. linking certain types of monuments in the form of nature trails, thematic routes), activities aimed at preserving, modernising and building tourist infrastructure:
- Activities to raise awareness of the possibilities of exploiting the cultural and natural heritage in the border area, including innovative and digital approaches, the implementation of joint activities and strategies involving the integration of destinations, cooperation in the field of training of tourism professionals, exchange of knowhow.

SO 3.1: Enhance efficient public administration by promoting legal and administrative cooperation and cooperation between citizens, civil society actors and institutions, in particular with a view to resolving legal and other obstacles in border regions

 Activities supporting the creation and strengthening of partnerships, networks and cross-border support structures, activities supporting the exchange of experience and good practice between public administration institutions and cooperating entities in various fields, activities aimed at identifying and reducing administrative barriers to cross-border cooperation.

SO 3.2: Build up mutual trust, in particular by encouraging people-to-people actions

 Activities promoting social, sporting and cultural contacts in the cross-border area, joint activities in different fields (e.g. history, culture, art, nature, technology, health, lifestyle), activities promoting the involvement of citizens in governance.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries,



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Health, Social, Sport



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Migration, European Citizenship



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Mobility & Transport



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG SN-CZ (SAXONY-CZECHIA)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- · Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/78/Interreg-Saxony-Czech-Republic

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The Interreg Saxony - Czech Republic 2021-2027 programme supports cooperation projects that contribute to the further

economic, ecological and social development of the common border area.

Priorities

The programme offers the possibility to implement cooperation projects within four priorities:

Priority 1: Innovation and competitiveness Climate change and sustainability

- Improving the involvement of SMEs in research and innovation;
- Establishing and expanding networking activities and services for SMEs.

Priority 2: Climate change and sustainability

- Prevention, mitigation and management of environmental and climate change risks;
- Intensification of cooperation in the field of fire protection, rescue and disaster management.

 Conservation and restoration of biodiversity, development of green infrastructure and displacement of invasive species.

Priority 3: Education, lifelong learning, culture and tourism

- · Early childhood education;
- School and out-of-school educational opportunities;
- Vocational education and training, qualification of skilled workers;
- Cooperation between universities and vocational academies;
- · Enhancement of the common tourism region;
- Preservation, maintenance and communication of the cultural heritage.







Priority 4: Cooperation and confidence building

- Improving cooperation between authorities, courts, public and state institutions and bodies;
- · Cross-border strategies;
- Encounter projects (small project fund).



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Justice, Safety and Security



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Migration, European Citizenship



Rural & Urban Development







IPA III (INSTRUMENT FOR PRE-ACCESSION ASSISTANCE)

Funding Region















Albania

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Kosovo Montenegro

North Macedonia

Serbia

Türkiye

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · EU Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO

- Private Entity
- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/114/Instrument-for-Pre-accession-Assistance-IPA-III

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Neighbourhood & the World Cluster: Pre-Accession Assistance

Summary

The general objective of the IPA III instrument is to assist beneficiaries in adopting and implementing the political, institutional, legal, administrative, social and economic reforms necessary for those beneficiaries to align themselves

with the values of the Union and to progressively align themselves with the rules, standards, policies and practices of the Union with a view to contributing to their stability, security and prosperity.

Priorities

The IPA III programming framework provides for five thematic windows:

- Window 1 Rule of Law, Fundamental Rights and Democracy: the overall objective of IPA III in this window is to strengthen the rule of law, democracy, respect for human rights and international law, civil society and security, and to improve migration management, including border management.
- Window 2 Good governance, alignment with the EU acquis, good neighbourly relations and strategic communication: the overarching objective of EU assistance under Window 2 is to promote good governance, greater respect for the Union's values and alignment with the Union's rules, standards and practices in the areas concerned. EU assistance will also promote peace and stability throughout the region.
- Window3-GreenAgenda and Sustainable Connectivity: the overarching objectives of EU assistance under Window 3 are to promote the green agenda by strengthening environmental protection, contributing to climate change mitigation, increasing resilience to climate change, accelerating the transition to a low-carbon economy and circular economy, and developing the digital economy and society. This approach applies not only on land but also at sea with a new approach to a sustainable blue economy. It will help build resilience and prevent the emergence and spread of future health crises.
- Window 4 Competitiveness and Inclusive Growth: the
 overall objective of EU assistance under Window 4 is to
 strengthen economic and social development, including
 through education, competitiveness, research and
 innovation, social inclusion, industrial and employment
 policies, with a particular focus on private sector
 development, agriculture, rural and industrial







development. Gender equality, reduction of inequalities and strengthening of social cohesion must be taken into account, for example through the greening of companies to create jobs, with a focus on women, youth and refugees.

- Window 5 Territorial and cross-border cooperation: the strategic objectives of the cross-border cooperation programs between IPA III beneficiaries are:
 - Promote reconciliation and confidence building and good neighbourly relations.
 - Economic, social and territorial development of border areas, promoting cooperation between

- national local/regional authorities, associations, non-governmental organizations and enterprises from neighbouring regions
- Building the capacity of local, regional and national institutions to manage EU programs and preparing for the management of future structural funds under the territorial cooperation objective implemented upon accession.

In addition, a number of cross-cutting issues such as climate change, environmental protection, civil society, gender equality and a rights-based approach will be included in the five windows and thus implemented.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Justice, Safety and Security



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Migration, European Citizenship



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG BG-MK (BULGARIA-NORTH MACEDONIA)

Funding Region





Bulgaria

North Macedonia

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- · Research Institution incl. University
- Public Body

· Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/99/Interreg-Bulgaria-North-Madedonia

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values / Neighbourhood & the World Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion / Pre-Accession Assistance

Summary

The INTERREG VI-A IPA Bulgaria - North Macedonia 2021-2027 programme is a cross-border cooperation programme aiming to strengthen the territorial cohesion in the crossborder region between the Republic of Bulgaria and the Republic of North Macedonia by providing support for increasing the competitiveness of SMEs and laying the foundations for the creation of cross-border value chains (cooperative cross-border markets), improving mobility and connectivity in the region with the construction of border crossings to deal with the growing traffic of people and goods between the two countries, as well as supporting joint actions to protect the environment and protect the biodiversity of the cross-border region that combine protection and conservation or focus on sustainable solutions for the protection of biological diversity and development of green infrastructure.

The following priorities and specific objectives have been developed within the programme:

P1: Greener border region

 SO 1.1: Enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution

P2: More connected border region

 SO 2.1: Developing a sustainable, climate resilient, intelligent, secure, sustainable and intermodal TEN-T

P3: Integrated development of the cross-border region

 SO 3.1: Fostering the integrated and inclusive social, economic and environmental local development, culture, natural heritage, sustainable tourism and security, in areas other than urban areas

Priorities

SO 1.1: Enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution

- Support for joint strategies, action plans and concepts for developing new tools, instruments;
- Transferring solutions between relevant stakeholders, joint capacity buildings activities;
- Investments in building greens (green balconies, green walls, green roofs, atrium spaces, green pavements, green fences, noise barriers, etc.) based on the joint concept/strategies and action plans;







- · Investments in developing urban and peri-urban green areas, including improving connections between green spaces (tree alley and street tree/hedge, street green and green verge, green and coloured squares, riverbank greens) based on the joint concept/strategies and action plans;
- · Investments in developing natural urban green areas (urban park, historical park/garden, pocket park/parklet, neighbourhood green space, institutional green space, green sport facility, forest, scrubland, abandoned and derelict area with patches of wilderness) based on the joint concept/strategies and action plans;
- · Investments in developing green areas for water management (green roofs, permeable surfaces, infiltration trenches, swales, detention basins naturalized storm water pond, bio-retention areas).

SO 2.1: Developing a sustainable, climate resilient, intelligent, secure, sustainable and intermodal TEN-T

- Upgrade of the existing facility and construction of new BCCP facility;
- Purchase of specialized technical equipment and furniture:
- Rehabilitation of existing and construction of new roads in both countries;
- Environmental and other project-related assessments.

SO 3.1: Fostering the integrated and inclusive social, economic and environmental local development, culture, natural heritage, sustainable tourism and security, in areas other than urban areas

- · Actions aimed at improving the knowledge capacity of SMEs to operate in a greener, more digital & competitive environment;
- Solutions aimed at increasing the productive capacity of the SMEs to become greener, more digital and more competitive (technological modernization);
- · Actions aimed at building effective product development process (it encompasses all steps needed to take a product from concept to market availability) and reaching markets (marketing, entrepreneurship, internationalization):
- Actions aimed at developing all-season, integrated & resilient tourist products, accompanied by competitive branding & marketing practices, with the aim to untap the cross-border tourism potential by increasing the economic benefits of the sustainable use of its resources while prioritizing protection of the environment;
- Actions aimed at rationalizing the use of tourist resources in the region, incl. development of new integrated regional tourist products; investments in infrastructure and facilities to support tourists; strengthening the links between natural and cultural sites; training of staff of tourist attractions; improving marketing practices and brands;
- Actions aimed at improving the mobility & connectivity of the transport and engineering infrastructure by a system of alternative mobility, including a grid of bicycle lanes, 'dirt' forest and country roads, and etc.;
- Actions aimed at elaborating & applying joint measures for reducing the vulnerability of services in the tourism sector to the effects of pandemic/epidemic situations.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Labour Market/ Migration, European Citizenship Employment, Competitiveness



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Governance Institutional cooperation





Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG BG-RS (BULGARIA-SERBIA)

Funding Region





Bulgaria

Serbia

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/96/Interreg-Bulgaria-Serbia

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values / Neighbourhood & the World Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion / Pre-Accession Assistance

Summary

INTERREG VI-A IPA Bulgaria-Serbia 2021-2027 is a cross-border cooperation programme with the aim to strengthen the territorial cohesion of the cross-border region Bulgaria-Serbia by providing framework support to local businesses for growth and expansion, for better performance in a greener and smarter competitive global market, supporting enterprises through direct production investments to increase productivity and support joint actions to prevent the risk of natural and man-made hazards through interinstitutional coordination for risk prevention and rapid response management, harmonization of procedures and approaches, and preparation of citizens for disaster response.

The following prioritiy objectives and specific objectives have been developed within the programme:

P1: Competitive border region

 SO 1.1: Enhancing sustainable growth and competitiveness of SMEs and job creation in SMEs, including by productive investments

P2: Integrated development of border region

 SO 2.1: Fostering the integrated and inclusive social, economic and environmental local development, culture, natural heritage, sustainable tourism and security, in areas other than urban areas

P3: A more resilient border region

 SO 3.1: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention, resilience taking into account ecosystem based approaches

Priorities

SO 1.1: Enhancing sustainable growth and competitiveness of SMEs and job creation in SMEs, including by productive investments

- Joint development and implementation of technological solutions that address regional socioeconomic challenges, leading to financial and/or non-financial results obtained through cooperation;
- Technological and/or organizational investments aimed at reducing the cost of production/service delivery and any other investment leading to joint solutions for increasing enterprise competitiveness including but not limited to purchase of specialized equipment and technologies (incl. related upskilling), monitoring systems; purchase of IT equipment, training and knowhow transfer part of which may consist of digital







- components such as virtual business centres, e-commerce solutions, possibilities for electronic payments, etc; joint solutions aimed at increasing productive capacity;
- Investments aimed at improving product/service quality, including but not limited to improvements in the design of product/service features, improvements in customer after-sales service, improvements in product guarantee, total quality management systems, and any other aspect that defines overall product/service quality level;
- Joint actions aimed at fostering networking and business collaboration across the border, as well as accessing new markets or market segments including but not limited to marketing studies, distancespanning technologies, organisational cooperation and joint business schemes with other enterprises, integration into regional value chains, etc.;
- Joint marketing and promotion actions, participation in international fairs, exhibitions and other promotional events, consultation and information services, including e-marketing, communication with clients, etc.

SO 2.1: Fostering the integrated and inclusive social, economic and environmental local development, culture, natural heritage, sustainable tourism and security, in areas other than urban areas

- Actions aimed at expanding accessibility and improving quality of services of general interest in support of social /economic growth;
- Development and provision of framework support to local businesses to grow, expand, perform better in a greener and smarter competitive global market;

 Actions aimed at streamlining the utilization of the CBC regions's tourist resources, incl. ensuring faster, equitable & environmentally friendly access to and conditions for networking of cultural heritage and tourist sites.

SO 3.1: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention, resilience taking into account ecosystem based approaches

- Optimizing the educational process in regards to the development and the implementation of a disaster response framework aiming to enhance the interface between science and policy for a stronger joint knowledge base for decision-making;
- Actions aimed at strengthening the institutional cooperation in the cross-border region through development of guiding and strategic documentation; exchange of information, knowledge and skills; implementation of joint field trainings, etc.;
- Development and implementation of a specific preparedness programme for border communities to adequately response to natural disasters, including insitu joint trainings, joint awareness campaigns, etc.;
- Small-scale investments in public training infrastructure and investments in specialised equipment;
- Joint development of protocols, procedures and approaches on risk prevention and rapid response management to many potential emergencies.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries,



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Equal Rights, Governance, Institutional co-operation



Circular Economy, Cultural Heritage, Art Natural Resources & Culture, Tourism



Health, Social, Sport



Digitisation, Digital Society



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG BG-TR (BULGARIA-TÜRKIYE)

Funding Region





Bulgaria

Türkiye

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University

Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/95/Interreg-Bulgaria-Turkey

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values / Neighbourhood & the World Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion / Pre-Accession Assistance

Summary

The Interreg - IPA CBC Bulgaria - Turkey Programme is designed in the framework of the European strategy for a smart, inclusive and sustainable growth and the relevant national strategic documents. The Programme is co-financed by the European Union through the Instrument for Preaccession Assistance II and the two partnering countries Bulgaria and Turkey.

The following prioritiy objectives and specific objectives have been developed within the programme:

P1: Environmentally-friendly cross-border region

- SO 1.1: Promoting energy efficiency and reducing greenhouse gas emissions;
- SO 1.2: Promoting the transition to a circular and resource efficient economy.

P2: Integrated development of the cross-border region

• SO 2.1: Fostering the integrated and inclusive social, economic and environmental local development, culture, natural heritage, sustainable tourism and security, in areas other than urban areas.

P3: More secure cross-border region

• SO 3.1: Mobility and migration management.

Priorities

SO 1.1: Promoting energy efficiency and reducing greenhouse gas emissions

- Investments for reducing GHG emissions and energy consumption in the entire industry life cycle;
- Investments for energy efficiency of enterprise-owned building stock;
- Investments for implementation of digital solutions for collecting and analyzing data on GHG emissions and energy consumption;
- Investments for implementation of energy real-time information and management systems and energy enduse applications;
- Investments for implementation of technological solutions for reducing energy consumption in industrial processes and energy efficiency measures;







- Joint development of new and providing access to existing technological solutions;
- Improving exchange of know-how, best practice & information between the relevant local businesses;
- Joint trainings and providing consultancy services to enterprises on energy efficiency.

SO 1.2: Promoting the transition to a circular and resource efficient economy

- Development of last-longer and suitable for reuse, repair, and recycling products;
- Development of new business models based on renting and sharing goods and services;
- Development of circular business models to favour the establishment of the regional close-loop value chain by employing B2B, B2C and C2C models of cooperation;
- Development of circular biobased business models, solutions and products;
- Supporting measures for knowledge sharing, design methodology, innovation labs/hubs, clustering as approaches to promote circular products and production processes;
- Development of regional certification practices that reward regional products based on their different sustainability performance, environmental impact and circularity potential.
- SO 2.1: Fostering the integrated and inclusive social, economic and environmental local development, culture, natural heritage, sustainable tourism and security, in areas other than urban areas

- Joint actions for promoting entrepreneurship, digitalization, technological modernization, participation in regional value chains and internationalisation, applying new business and technology innovation models, upgrading production and outreach strategies, wider adoption and implementation of circularity principles, solutions and models; marketing and research;
- Upskilling and building new knowledge and skills of local employees and NEETs;
- Joint development of new integrated regional tourist products where applicable with zero environmental footprint;
- Promoting joint actions for the development of ecosystem practices and services in the management of natural assets with tourism potential;
- Support for joint actions aimed at wide implementation of consumer-oriented approaches in the provision of services of general interest;
- Implementation of joint actions to reduce pollution and ecological footprint, and provide clean air, water and food, to mitigate and adapt to climate change and to prevent and mitigate the consequences of natural and man-made disasters.

SO 3.1: Mobility and migration management

- Conducting trainings, exchange of experience and good practices, study visits in order to improve institutional cooperation;
- Measures for the enhancement of the security in urban and suburban areas of the cross-border region;
- Delivery of specialised equipment/devices to improve the technical capabilities and enhance the physical capacity of the law enforcement officers/departments.



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Health, Social, Sport



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Justice, Safety and Security



Digitisation, Digital Society



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Migration, European Citizenship



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Mobility & Transport



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Rural & Urban Development







IPA III BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA-MONTENEGRO

Funding Region





Bosnia and Herzegovina

Montenegro

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/115/IPA-III-Bosnia-and-Herzegovina-Montenegro

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Neighbourhood & the World Cluster: Pre-Accession Assistance

Summary

The Cross-border Cooperation Program Bosnia and Herzegovina - Montenegro 2021-2027 is implemented within the framework of IPA III. Its general objective is to contribute to the improvement of good neighborly relations and the promotion of sustainable, dynamic, strong and connected communities.

The program supports projects aimed at environmental protection, promotion, adaptation and mitigation of climate change, risk management and prevention, as well as a better business environment and competitiveness through the promotion of tourism development and the protection of cultural and natural heritage.

More sustainable and better cultural and nature tourism products, improving the capacity of relevant authorities and

emergency services to manage risks from natural and manmade disasters, improving the capacity of local authorities, businesses and civil society organizations to address the challenges of climate change are just some of the expected outcomes of the Bosnia and Herzegovina - Montenegro 2021-2027 Cross-Border Cooperation Program that will ultimately contribute to improving living and working conditions in the border area.

In this way, the series of successes achieved by projects under IPA I and IPA II will be continued, during which tourism services were improved and significant progress was made, with the aim of creating new opportunities for further development, work and employment, and motivating people to create better conditions for themselves and the community through their own efforts.

Priorities

Topic cluster 1: Better employment opportunities and social rights

- Exchange and cooperation between labour market services, education and the business sector;
- Support partnerships between education and business to improve youth employability;
- Improve digital skills and use of transition to online tools:
- Sharing experiences in developing new approaches to support vulnerable groups through social innovation and social economy;







 Cooperation in the field of lifelong learning to improve the skills of employed and unemployed people.

Topic cluster 2: More environmentally friendly and improved resource efficiency

- Promote cross-sectoral and cross-border collaboration to strengthen resilience to climate change;
- Further cooperation and capacity building for integrated management of protected areas and valorization of natural resources;
- Promote resource efficiency and circular economy business models related to waste management and other economic sectors in the program area.

Thematic cluster 3: Improved public infrastructure/connectivity (transport, digitalization, energy, waste and water)

- Introduction of sustainable mobility solutions in urban areas;
- Promoting the production and use of renewable energy sources;
- Sharing experiences and best practices in spatial planning and integrated solutions;
- Promoting the capacity of local government to improve digital skills and services for citizens,
- · Promotion of digital economy solutions for SMEs.

Promote tourist flows from the most visited destinations with high concentration of visitors to discover the hinterland;

- Digital promotion of the offer and development of competences for digital marketing;
- Collaboration to improve the business environment local and regional business support centers or hubs;
- Promoting entrepreneurial skills among the young population;
- · Promote digital and green economy solutions for SMEs;
- Promote R&D in regional product development (agriculture and food processing, forestry, processing, clean energy, tourism).

Theme cluster 5: Improved capacity of local and regional authorities to address local challenges

- Collaborate to strengthen the institutional capacity of local authorities to improve the quality of services provided to citizens;
- Improved capacity for strategic local and regional planning and implementation;
- Jointly addressing common challenges (climate change, disaster preparedness, social welfare, etc.);
- Expanding opportunities for local and regional civil society organizations to collaborate across borders.

Topic cluster 4: Improving the business environment and competitiveness



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG HR-BA-ME (CROATIA-BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA-MONTENEGRO)

Funding Region







Croatia

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Montenegro

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- · Public Body

- · Research Institution incl. University
- Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/97/Interreg-Croatia-Bosnia-and-Herzegovina-Montenegro

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values / Neighbourhood & the World Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion / Pre-Accession Assistance

Summary

The Interreg VI-A IPA Programme Croatia-Bosnia and Herzegovina-Montenegro will support cross-border cooperation between the participating countries. Expected Programme results will contribute to reaching the goals set by the European Green Deal and underlined by the United Nations 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

Following priorities / objectives have been developed:

P1: Smart investments in research, innovation and competitive entrepreneurship

- SO 1.1: Developing and enhancing research and innovation capacities and the uptake of advanced technologies;
- SO 1.2: Enhancing sustainable growth and competitiveness of SMEs and job creation in SMEs, including by productive investments.

P2: Green investments in environmental protection and efficient risk management

- SO 2.1: Promoting energy efficiency and reducing greenhouse gas emissions;
- SO 2.2: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention, resilience, taking into account eco-system based approaches;
- SO 2.3: Promoting the transition to a circular and resource efficient economy.

P3: Accessible and resilient health services

 SO 3.1: Ensuring equal access to health care and fostering resilience of health systems, including primary care, and promoting the transition from institutional to family- and community-based care.

P4: Sustainable and inclusive tourism and culture

 SO 4.1: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation.

Priorities

SO 1.1: Developing and enhancing research and innovation capacities and the uptake of advanced technologies

Supporting actions that accelerate innovation and technology transfer

SO 1.2: Enhancing sustainable growth and competitiveness of SMEs and job creation in SMEs, including by productive investments

 Supporting local SMEs to face challenges related to their size, limited resources or industry and market conditions;







- Improving the capacity of micro/small entrepreneurs such as family farms regarding marketing, branding, ebusiness, competitiveness including education and training in entrepreneurship skills;
- Developing and supporting existing business clusters and/or networks of SMEs in applying ICT, innovation and new technologies;
- Implementing joint pilot actions to introduce product and/or process innovations;
- Supporting actions related to development of innovative products and services (e.g., patents, industrial design, trademark and innovation etc.);
- Promoting and introducing certifications and standards of existing and new products and services;
- Development, adaptation and exchange of best practices in digitisation and application of new technologies, processes, products or services.

SO 2.1: Promoting energy efficiency and reducing greenhouse gas emissions

 Focus on public infrastructure, creation of knowledgebase and human resources required for energy transition, as well as on national, regional and local agencies that promote energy efficiency and support and encourage end users to use energy from renewable sources.

SO 2.2: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention, resilience, taking into account eco-system based approaches

- Development and introduction of joint climate change adaptation, cross-border disaster prevention strategies and first response plans, as well as solutions and systems for monitoring, prevention and management of potential risks;
- Encouraging intersectoral/interstate cooperation in risk prevention and rapid response management;
- Strengthening of institutional and expert capacities & raising awareness to address environmental issues, climate change & disaster risks reduction;
- · Establishment of joint emergency centres;
- Development of cross-border risk assessment and disaster risk strategies for cross-border hazards;
- Exchanging knowledge and good practices on ecosystem based climate change adaptation measures;

- Testing integrated climate-adaptation solutions in pilot actions;
- Increasing climate resilience of critical infrastructures and cultural/natural heritage sites;
- Integrating climate change aspects into water management strategies;
- Sharing knowledge/developing solutions for climate proofing the agricultural and forestry sectors;
- Developing solutions for strengthening eco-system services for human health and wellbeing.

SO 2.3: Promoting the transition to a circular and resource efficient economy

- Approaches and solutions for limiting landfilling of all types of waste;
- Increasing awareness of policy makers and stakeholders about environmental and economic opportunities of a circular economy;
- · Pilot/demonstration actions involving citizens;
- · Improving waste management policies;
- Developing and testing solutions that support the recovery and reuse of raw material;
- · Digital solutions for circular economy.

SO 3.1: Ensuring equal access to health care and fostering resilience of health systems, including primary care, and promoting the transition from institutional to family- and community-based care

- ICT solutions and (pilot) actions to support digitalization in health care;
- Improving access to health care services for vulnerable and marginalised groups;
- Improving the accessibility and effectiveness of crossborder public health care services;
- Transfer of knowledge through exchange of experience, awareness raising, lifelong learning, education and training programmes, and capacity building;
- Activities/solutions to promote healthy lifestyles and active and healthy aging, disease prevention.

SO 4.1: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation

 Support the specific, innovative, sustainable, green, digital and smart forms of tourism and culture.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Energy Efficiency, Equal Rights, Renewable Energy Social Inclusion



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy,

Natural Resources

Governance, Institutional cooperation



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Health, Social, Sport



Digitisation, Digital Society



Labour Market/ Employment,



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG HR-RS (CROATIA-SERBIA)

Funding Region





Croatia

Serbia

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/111/Interreg-Croatia-Serbia-2021-2027

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values / Neighbourhood & the World Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion / Pre-Accession Assistance

Summary

The Interreg IPA Croatia-Serbia programme aims to strengthen the social, economic and territorial development of the cross-border area through the implementation of joint projects and activities.

The following priorities and specific objectives have been developed within the programme:

P1: Cooperating for a smarter programme area

 SO 1.1: Developing and enhancing research and innovation capacities and the uptake of advanced technologies

P2: Cooperating for greener and climate change resilient programme area

 SO 2.1: Promoting renewable energy in accordance with Renewable Energy Directive (EU) 2018/2001, including the sustainability criteria set out therein SO 2.2: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention, resilience, taking into account ecosystem-based approaches

P3: Cooperating for healthier and more inclusive programme area

 SO 3.1: Ensuring equal access to health care and fostering resilience of health systems, including primary care, and promoting the transition from institutional to familybased and community-based care

P4: Cooperating for more sustainable and socially innovative tourism and culture

 SO 4.1: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation

Priorities

SO 1.1: Developing and enhancing research and innovation capacities and the uptake of advanced technologies

- Cross-border innovation/technology based on smart specialization approach & improving cooperation between research institutions, SMEs, public sector & business support organisations;
- Pilot lines, early product validation, certification, advanced manufacturing capabilities including via science – business collaboration;
- Strengthening/modernising business support services;
- Accelerating innovation/technology transfer to support the roll out of innovative solutions;







 Pilot actions aimed at transferring good practices on green economy trends and standards

SO 2.1: Promoting renewable energy in accordance with Renewable Energy Directive (EU) 2018/2001, including the sustainability criteria set out therein

- Development of joint solutions to increase the production of additional capacity for renewable energy;
- Implementing pilot actions to test innovative and climateneutral solutions;
- Improving energy demand management and fostering behavioural changes of consumers for reducing energy consumption and a resource-efficient and sustainable use of energy;
- Promoting the production and use of advanced biofuels, and biomass supplied from sustainable sources.

SO 2.2: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention, resilience, taking into account ecosystembased approaches

- Joint climate change adaptation, disaster prevention and first response plans, SECAP, as well as solutions and systems for monitoring, prevention and management of potential risks;
- Encouraging intersectoral/interstate cooperation in risk prevention and rapid response management;
- Strengthening of institutional and expert capacities and raising awareness to address environmental issues, climate change & disaster risks reduction;
- Development of cross-border risk assessment and disaster risk strategies for cross-border hazards;
- Increasing climate resilience of critical infrastructure and cultural/natural heritage sites.

SO 3.1: Ensuring equal access to health care and fostering resilience of health systems, including primary care, and promoting the transition from institutional to family-based and community-based care

 Development and implementation of ICT solutions and (pilot) actions to support digitalization in health and social care;

- Improving access to long-term health and social care services for vulnerable and marginalised groups, such as children (e.g., children deprived of parental care), elderly, persons with disabilities through investments in individual social housing, equipment, transport means, etc.;
- Improving the accessibility and effectiveness of crossborder public health care services by investing in telemedicine, diagnostics, mobile clinics/infirmaries and mobile assets, including small scale infrastructure preferring nature-based solutions;
- Transfer of knowledge through exchange of experience, awareness raising, lifelong learning, education and training programmes, and capacity building through online and in-situ trainings to improve skills in the field of health care and social care and enhance the delivery of primary care and family-based and community-based care services;
- Developing and implementing joint activities/solutions to promote healthy lifestyles, active and healthy aging, disease prevention.

SO 4.1: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation

- Developing and implementing joint (pilot) actions to support diversification and sustainability of the tourism by investing in lesser-known destinations and diverse forms of tourism;
- Developing and implementing innovative solutions and creating smart destinations (e.g., through digitalisation and creative industries), and new services and products for specific targeted market segments;
- Development and implementation of measures to protect, develop and promote sustainable cultural heritage and cultural services, landscape heritage, public tourism assets and tourism services including investments in physical regeneration and security of public spaces (including small-scale infrastructure preferring naturebased solutions), in the scope of their inclusion in the touristic and/or cultural circuit;
- Support of social innovation and inclusion in tourism and culture.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries,



Biodiversity &

Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth. Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



al Rights, Governance, I Inclusion Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG HU-RS (HUNGARY-SERBIA)

Funding Region





Hungary

Serbia

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · Research Institution incl. University
- NPO/NGO
- · Public Body

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/100/Interreg-Hungary-Serbia

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values / Neighbourhood & the World Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion / Pre-Accession Assistance

Summary

Interreg VI-A IPA Hungary Serbia is an initiative implemented within the 2021-2027 European Union financial framework, under the Instrument for Pre-Accession Assistance (IPA). The main aim of the Programme is to foster and encourage the harmonious cross-border development of the region, by co-financing great ideas by non-profit organizations from the Programme's territory.

The following priorities and specific objectives have been developed within the programme:

P1: A greener region

· SO 1.1: Climate change adaptation, risk prevention;

• SO 1.2: Biodiversity and reduced pollution.

P2: Enhancing the human and cultural values

- · SO 2.1: Education and lifelong learning;
- SO 2.2: Culture and tourism.

P3: Cross-border institutional and civil cooperation

- SO 3.1: Harmonious neighbourly relations through cooperation;
- SO 3.2: Border crossing management.

Priorities

SO 1.1: Climate change adaptation, risk prevention

- Joint development, coordination and improvement of the cross-border risk prevention and disaster management systems;
- Joint actions for adaptation to climate change in view to reducing the impact of climate change, addressing natural phenomena occuring as a consequence of climate change;
- Joint awareness raising and educational activities on causes, consequences of climate change and possible adaptation and mitigation measures.

SO 1.2: Biodiversity and reduced pollution

• Joint activities which identity and contribute to the elimination of the cross-border pollution sources;







- Joint initiatives for ensuring the sustainable development of natural areas;
- Joint awareness raising and educational activities on environmental and nature protection topics in the border region.

SO 2.1: Education and lifelong learning

- Lifelong learning for social inclusion, social cohesion and environmentally sustainable and healthy digitalization;
- Joint development of training, mentoring and outreach programs to combat and reverse early school leaving;
- · Joint development of vocational training.

SO 2.2: Culture and tourism

- Development of joint tourism products with joint marketing management of these products;
- Cultural cooperation;
- Joint management of information for tourism and cultural purposes.

SO 3.1: Harmonious neighbourly relations through cooperation

- Building up mutual trust, in particular by encouraging people to people actions;
- · Actions supporting better cooperation governance.

SO 3.2: Border crossing management

Capacity development of border crossing management and mobility



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Migration, European Citizenship



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG IPA RO-RS (ROMANIA-SERBIA)

Funding Region





Romania

Serbia

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/83/Interreg-IPA-Romania-Serbia

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values / Neighbourhood & the World Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion / Pre-Accession Assistance

Summary

The Interreg IPA Programme Romania-Serbia focuses on socio-economic development, mobility, energy, natural and cultural resources and risks of environmental catastrophes. The Programme developed the following priorities and specific objectives:

P1: Environmental protection and risk management

- SO 1.1: enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity, and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution;
- SO 1.2: promoting renewable energy in accordance with Directive (EU) 2018/2001, including the sustainability criteria set out therein;
- SO 1.3: promoting energy efficiency and reducing greenhouse gas emissions;
- SO 1.4: promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention and resilience, taking into account eco-system based approaches.

P2: Social and economic development

- SO 2.1: improving equal access to inclusive and quality services in education, training and lifelong learning through developing accessible infrastructure, including by fostering resilience for distance and on-line education and training;
- SO 2.2: ensuring equal access to health care and fostering resilience of health systems, including primary care, and promoting the transition from institutional to familybased and community-based care;
- SO 2.3: enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation.

P3: Increasing border management capacity

 SO: enhance the institutional capacity of public authorities, in particular those mandated to manage a specific territory, and of stakeholders.

Priorities

SO 1.1: enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity, and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution

- Protection of landscapes and implementation of measures to conserve and restore ecosystems, biodiversity, forestry and to protect wildlife;
- Conversation and protection measures of Natura 2000 sites on the Romanian side and equivalent natural protected areas on the Serbian side;
- · Reducing pollution and raising awareness;







- · Rehabilitation of industrial sites and contaminated land, support to the closure and rehabilitation of substandard and illegal landfill sites;
- · Air quality (monitoring) and noise reduction;
- · Green infrastructure mainly in urban areas , but also connecting habitats, strengthening ecological corridors and protected sites.

SO 1.2: promoting renewable energy in accordance with Directive (EU) 2018/2001, including the sustainability criteria set out therein

· Joint 'pilot actions' in renewable energy

SO 1.3: promoting energy efficiency and reducing greenhouse gas emissions

- Energy efficiency for public infrastructure;
- Reducing emissions of green-house gas and air pollutants;

SO 1.4: promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention and resilience, taking into account ecosystem based approaches

- Restoration of natural areas (e.g. forests, river banks) to prevent floods and land-slides:
- · Afforestation and reforestation;
- Prevention/management of climate related risks, like: fires, storms, drought and non-climate related natural risks/risks linked to human activities;
- · Awareness measures/training products in the field of environment and emergency preparedness and climate change;
- · Flood prevention on Danube River.

SO 2.1: improving equal access to inclusive and quality services in education, training and lifelong learning through developing accessible infrastructure, including by fostering resilience for distance and on-line education and training

- · Working procedures, joint platforms, joint events for online education and training and exchange of best practice or quidelines;
- Adaptation of youth to market needs;

- · Ensure social inclusion and social innovation, as well as support for green and digital re-skilling and up-skilling;
- Creation of resilient/sustainable jobs & employing people with vulnerable background;
- Joint IT solutions and infrastructure and services for training, including technical and vocational and life-long learning.

SO 2.2: ensuring equal access to health care and fostering resilience of health systems, including primary care, and promoting the transition from institutional to familybased and community-based care

- · Support digitalization in healthcare and health mobile assets;
- · Improve accessibility effectiveness and resilience of healthcare systems and long-term care services, especially for the elderly;
- · Investments in building/renovation/endowment of healthcare facilities (including laboratories) including purchase of high-tech equipment;
- · Elaborating working procedures, platforms, strategies for tackling cross-border medical threats;
- · Know-how exchange and capacity building activities (joint trainings, conferences, workshops).

SO 2.3: enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation

- · Develop and promote sustainable tourism assets and
- · Protect, develop and promote natural and cultural heritage and eco-tourism.

SO: enhance the institutional capacity of public authorities, in particular those mandated to manage a specific territory, and of stakeholders

- · Strengthening institutional capacities, policies and strategies for improvement of services in the field of border management; pandemic response;
- · Joint trainings of border police personnel;
- · Infrastructure and equipment for effective border surveillance.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Biodiversity &

Equal Rights. Social Inclusion



Circular Economy, **Natural Resources**



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children Youth Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Governance. Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Labour Market/ Employment,



Migration, European Citizenship



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG IPA SOUTH ADRIATIC "ITALY-ALBANIA-MONTENEGRO"

Funding Region







Albania

Italy

Montenegro

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- NPO/NGO
- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- .

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/106/Interreg-IPA-South-Adriatic-Italy-Albania-Montenegro

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values / Neighbourhood & the World Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion / Pre-Accession Assistance

Summary

Interreg IPA South Adriatic "Italy-Albania-Montenegro" is a programme aiming to promote economic growth and intensify cooperation in the low Adriatic area, by

implementing joint actions between national and regional institutional and not-for-profit actors and by fostering smart, inclusive and sustainable development.

Priorities

The following priorities and specific objectives have been developed within the programme:

- P1: A smarter South Adriatic programme area, by promoting innovative and smart economic transformation
 - SO 1.1: Enhancing sustainable growth and competitiveness of SMEs and job creation in SMEs, including by productive investments
- P2: A greener South Adriatic programme area, by promoting clean and fair energy transition, green and blue investment, the circular economy, climate adaptation and risk management
 - SO 2.1: Promoting climate change adaptation, risk prevention and disaster resilience with joint crossborder actions

- SO 2.2 Enhancing biodiversity, green infrastructure in the urban environment, and reducing pollution with joint crossborder action
- SO 2.3 Promoting energy efficiency with joint crossborder actions
- P3: A more connected South Adriatic programme area by enhancing mobility and regional connectivity
 - SO 3.1: Developing and enhancing sustainable, climate resilient, intelligent and intermodal national, regional and local mobility, including improved access to TEN-T and cross-border mobilit
- P4: A more social South Adriatic programme area
 - SO 4.1: Improving equal access to inclusive and quality services in education, training and lifelong learning through developing accessible







- infrastructure, including by fostering resilience for distance and on-line education and training
- SO 4.2: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation
- P5: A better governance in the South Adriatic programme area
 - SO 5.1: Enhance the institutional capacity of public authorities, in particular those mandated to manage a specific territory, and of stakeholders (all strands)



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG NEXT BSB (BLACK SEA BASIN PROGRAMME)

Funding Region





- · Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/72/Interreg-NEXT-Black-Sea-Basin-Programme

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values / Neighbourhood & the World Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion / Pre-Accession Assistance

Summary

The Programme aims to remain a platform where the links between the participating countries are strengthened and new ones are created and where the regional actors get together and contribute to a sustainable management of resources for the benefit of local citizens.

The Programme will further deepen the cross-border cooperation in the Black Sea Basin in a transnational configuration, supporting **three specific objectives**:

- Developing and enhancing research and innovation capacities;
- Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention;
- Enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure.

Priorities

Fields of action:

- Use of innovative technological developments, including enhancement and application of Artificial Intelligence technologies, in support of the blue economy;
- Development of research on integrated coastal and marine management including the interaction between land-based and sea-based activities and their impacts on coastal zones;
- Use of innovative technologies for sustainable fisheries and eco-friendly aquaculture;

- Promotion of innovation for improved tools for smart observing, monitoring and accurate environmental forecasting;
- Measures to prevent and mitigate the impacts of climate change on the Black Sea region, including on water quality and quantity;
- Addressing environmental hazards, coastal erosion, landslides, sea level rise, extreme events, non-indigenous species (NIS), invasive alien species (IAS), flooding, and drought in connection with climate change;







- Development and improvement of mechanisms of monitoring and early warning for natural or/and manmade disasters;
- Development and implementation of green recovery actions, contributing to climate change adaptation in the Black Sea Basin area building on lessons learnt and best practices;
- Protection and promotion of biodiversity and natural heritage:

- Actions on environment protection at all educational levels;
- Investing in green infrastructure to mitigate air, water, noise, soil pollution and degradation;
- Actions for pollutants reduction, as well as marine and river litter reduction, collecting and recycling.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention,



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG NEXT HU-SK-RO-UA (HUNGARY-SLOVAKIA-ROMANIA-UKRAINE)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/92/Interreg-NEXT-Hungary-Slovakia-Romania-Ukraine

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values / Neighbourhood & the World Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion / Pre-Accession Assistance

Summary

The Hungary-Slovakia-Romania-Ukraine ENI CBC Programme aims to promote cooperation across the borders between EU Member States and the countries in the European Neighbourhood.

The following priorities and specific objectives have been developed within the programme:

P1: A resilient and green border region

- SO 1.1: promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention and resilience, taking into account ecosystem-based approached;
- SO 1.2: enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution.

P2: A healthy and attractive border region

- SO 2.1: ensuring equal access to health care and fostering resilience of health systems including primary care, and promoting the transition from institutional to familybased and community-based care;
- SO 2.2: enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation.

P3: A cooperating border region

 SO 3.1: enhance efficient public administration by promoting legal and administrative cooperation and cooperation between citizens, civil society actors and institutions, in particular with a view to resolving legal and other obstacles in border regions.

Priorities

SO 1.1: promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention and resilience, taking into account ecosystem-based approaches

- Joint actions aimed to reduce the impact of climate change and human threats on nature: technical preparation of common infrastructure development
- projects and implementation of common interest infrastructure development projects;
- Joint education, awareness raising and knowledge sharing activities in the field of climate change adaptation and risk prevention for better understanding, increasing preparedness and prevention.







SO 1.2: enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution

- Joint initiatives for ensuring the sustainable development of natural areas: technical preparation of common infrastructure development projects and implementation; of common interest infrastructure development projects
- Joint education activities, and awareness raising and knowledge sharing in the field of nature protection and biodiversity.

SO 2.1: ensuring equal access to health care and fostering resilience of health systems including primary care, and promoting the transition from institutional to family-based and community-based care

- Creation of the legislative, administrative and technical framework for common epidemiological measures and the cross-border rescue services;
- Investments for improving cooperation in epidemiology and in cross-border rescue services;
- Enhancing the use of digital technologies in healthcare and health development;
- Implementation of health screening and health promotion programmes.

SO 2.2: enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation

- Capacity development by data collection, knowledge sharing and training;
- Development of common or joint tourism products, including development of cross-border networks and routes;
- Promotion of local and regional cooperation in culture and arts;
- Pilot actions to boost social innovation and the inclusion of vulnerable groups of the society in cultural activities, tourism services and projects.

SO 3.1: enhance efficient public administration by promoting legal and administrative cooperation and cooperation between citizens, civil society actors and institutions, in particular with a view to resolving legal and other obstacles in border regions

Institutional cooperation between public and civil society organisations



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Justice, Safety and Security



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Migration, European Citizenship



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG NEXT RO-MD (ROMANIA-MOLDOVA)

Funding Region





Moldova

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/82/Interreg-NEXT-Romania-Moldova

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values / Neighbourhood & the World Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion / Pre-Accession Assistance

Summary

The programme will finance projects aimed at **modernising** the medical system, equipping and modernising schools and other educational institutions, developing tourism in the border area. Projects aimed at strengthening

administrative capacity, prevention and preparation for interventions in emergency situations will also receive funding.

Priorities

Green Communities

- Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention and resilience, taking into account ecosystem based approaches;
- Enhancing protection and preservation of nature biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution.

Social Development across Borders

- Improving equal access to inclusive and quality services in education, training and lifelong learning through developing accessible infrastructure, including by fostering resilience for distance and on-line education and training;
- Ensuring equal access to health care and fostering resilience of health systems, including primary care, and

- promoting the transition from institutional to family-based and community-based care;
- Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation.

Cooperation across borders

- Enhance efficient public administration by promoting legal and administrative cooperation and cooperation between citizens, civil society actors and institutions, in particular, with a view to resolving legal, capacity and other obstacles in border region;
- Border crossing management and mobility and migration management.







Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Justice, Safety and Security



Migration, European Citizenship



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREG NEXT RO-UA (ROMANIA-UKRAINE)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- · Public Body

Research Institution incl. University

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/90/Interreg-NEXT-Romania-Ukraine

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values / Neighbourhood & the World Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion / Pre-Accession Assistance

Summary

Interreg NEXT Romania-Ukraine will finance projects in the field of health, education, tourism and culture, adaptation to climate change and border management.

P1: Environmental focus across borders

- SO 1.1: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention and resilience, taking into account ecosystem based approaches
- SO 1.2: Enhancing protection and preservation of nature biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution

P2: Social development across borders

 SO 2.1: Improving equal access to inclusive and quality services in education, training and lifelong learning through developing accessible infrastructure, including by fostering resilience for distance and on-line education and training

- SO 2.2: Ensuring equal access to health care and fostering resilience of health systems, including primary care, and promoting the transition from institutional to family based and community- based care
- SO 2.3: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation

P3: Border Cooperation

• SO 3.1: Border crossing management

Priorities

SO 1.1: Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention and resilience, taking into account ecosystem based approaches

- Construction/rehabilitation/modernization of infrastructure related to systems/structures dealing with fires and floods;
- Necessary equipment to address emergency situations;
- Common strategies and tools for hazard management and risk prevention including joint action plans;
- Joint training programmes, networking, exchanging experience and knowledge, including raising awareness in the field of efficient risk prevention and management in the crossborder area.

SO 1.2: Enhancing protection and preservation of nature biodiversity and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution







- · Creation/extension of natural reserves;
- · Improving human/technical capacity and modernizing monitoring equipment of protected areas;
- Studies, research, common protocols for coordinated implementation on European conventions, joint strategies & plans, trainings/awareness campaigns;
- · Assessment, protection and improvement of existing ecosystems;
- Urban green infrastructure.

SO 2.1: Improving equal access to inclusive and quality services in education, training and lifelong learning through developing accessible infrastructure, including by fostering resilience for distance and on-line education and

- Rehabilitation/modernization/extension/equipment procurement for the educational infrastructure with a strong focus on accessibility for disabled people;
- Investments in hardware and software necessary for the development of digital skills;
- · Joint educational and learning plans and strategies, training and mentorship programmes;
- Partnerships between training/education institutions and specialized civil society organisations;
- Joint initiatives that support adult education and training, including mobility programs.

SO 2.2: Ensuring equal access to health care and fostering resilience of health systems, including primary care, and promoting the transition from institutional to family based and community-based care

- Enhance the access to health in the border area through construction/rehabilitation/modernization
- Developing labs and mobile labs for screening / clinical monitoring of diseases and prevention of cross border epidemics;
- Equipping specific public medical service infrastructure, including emergency infrastructure;

- · Mobile health status screening caravans for monitoring health status as well as dental care assistance providing to population in rural areas;
- Joint training programs/exchange of experience;
- · Ensure compatibility of the treatment guidelines, joint diagnosis programmes;
- · Awareness campaigns concerning public education on health, diseases & prevention of epidemics;
- Specific equipment for digitalization in healthcare.

SO 2.3: Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation

- Restoration, conservation, consolidation, protection, security of cultural and historical monuments, archaeological sites and objects;
- · Supporting and promoting specific and traditional craftsman activities;
- · Construction, modernization of visiting centers of protected natural areas;
- · Development of ecofriendly tourist routes;
- Investments in hardware and software necessary for digitalization of cultural sites and events;
- · Promoting digital platforms for tourism;
- Promoting cultural heritage sites;
- Joint campaigns, publications, studies, strategies to improve cross border tourism potential;
- Partnerships with civil society.

SO 3.1: Border crossing management

- Specific equipment for the activity of the police/customs/ border police/gendarmerie;
- · Joint trainings of police, customs, border police, gendarmerie, other structures involved in border management, exchange of best practices;
- Modernization, rehabilitation, renovation, upgrading of police and border crossing infrastructure;
- Common policies, strategies, common intervention plans and strategies, awareness campaigns related to human trafficking and other issues related to border management.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Equal Rights



Biodiversity & Environme Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Disaster Prevention. Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy





Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Justice, Safety and Security



Migration European Citizenship



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







ESPON 2030

Funding Region







Liechtenstein





Norway

Switzerland

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- EU-Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- · Others/Natural Person

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/73/ESPON-2030

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

ESPON is an EU-funded programme that supports public authorities responsible for shaping territorial policies with high-quality expertise.

ESPON creates facts and knowledge by developing studies based on the needs of European authorities at all levels. Any local, regional or national authority as well as an EU institution can inform ESPON about policy support needs and become an ESPON stakeholder.

The studies have a territorial focus, which means that the analyses are adapted to the specificities and needs of the people and places studied.

For the ESPON 2030 Programme, the studies and events are bundled in the so-called Thematic Action Plans (TAPs):

- · Climate Neutral Territories;
- · Managing New Geographies;
- · Crisis Resistant Places;
- · Perspectives for all people and places.

Priorities

Local, regional and national authorities are the main beneficiaries of ESPON's outputs. They can request services and purchase customised studies that include benchmarking, case analysis and policy advice on the topics of their interest.

ESPON is a unique source of information for **academics**, **researchers and students**. Since 2006, ESPON has been cited more than 20,000 times in academic publications. At the same time, many European universities and research centres are commissioned by ESPON to conduct studies.

As ESPON's content is freely accessible and downloadable for all, the **private sector** also benefits from the work. Consultancies, SMEs and even industry can use the publications to better position themselves in specific markets and/or adapt their products and services.

ESPON is a goldmine for **journalists**. It provides them with evidence and data to back up their reports and connects them to a large pool of experts and advocacy groups.

ESPON can also be useful for active **citizens** who want to know how a city/region is performing, get an overview of







the main territorial trends in Europe or simply browse through interactive maps and graphs.







Education, Children and Youth, Media



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Migration, European Citizenship







EUROPEAN URBAN INITIATIVE (EUI)

Funding Region



EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity
- · Public Body

- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- · Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/66/European-Urban-Initiative

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The European Urban Initiative is an important tool to support cities of all sizes, build capacity and knowledge, foster innovation and develop transferable and scalable innovative solutions to urban challenges of EU relevance.

Under the first funding approach, **innovative and experimental sustainable urban development** measures and projects will be supported. Thematically, these must be closely linked to current challenges agreed by the Commission, Member States and associations of cities in the framework of the EU Urban Agenda. In addition, the transfer

of already tested innovative solutions to other cities is to be promoted.

In the second strand, knowledge on sustainable urban development will be shared and used. Therefore, the cooperation of the cities participating in the networks will be supported, for example through peer learning activities. This will also further develop the EU Urban Agenda and support intergovernmental cooperation on urban issues. A network of urban contact points will be established in EU Member States to facilitate work at local, regional and national level.

Priorities

In times of rapid urbanisation, Europe is increasingly facing major urban challenges ranging from the global health crisis and increasing digitalisation to social inequalities, demographic change, climate change and environmental degradation. To address these pressing challenges, cities in the EU need to transform and adapt to develop their creative and innovative potential within their competences, financial resources and capacities.

As part of this transformative perspective for cities, the EUI, funded by the European Union, supports urban areas of all sizes with innovative actions, capacity and knowledge

building, and policy development and communication on sustainable urban development.

The legal basis of the European Urban Initiative is contained in Article 12 of Regulation (EU) 2021/1058 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 June 2021 on the European Regional Development Fund and the Cohesion Fund (hereinafter the ERDF/CF Regulation), which sets out the main content and strategic framework of the initiative. The general objectives of the EUI are

 Strengthening integrated and participatory approaches to sustainable urban development; and







 To establish stronger links with EU policies, in particular cohesion policy.

The initiative aims to provide coherent support to cities in order to overcome the current fragmented landscape of multiple initiatives, programmes and instruments supporting cities under Cohesion Policy. Within its strategic approach, the EUI covers all urban areas, including large, small and medium-sized cities ("cities of all sizes") as well as functional urban areas. It supports the EU Urban Agenda and, at the request of one or more Member States, the EUI can support intergovernmental cooperation on urban issues. In this context, the aim is to create additional effective links and synergies between the activities of the EUI and the EU Urban Agenda and intergovernmental cooperation.

The European Urban Initiative comprises two strands:

- · Supporting innovative actions; and
- Supporting capacity building and knowledge, territorial impact assessments, policy development and communication.

European Urban Initiative - Innovative Actions (EUI-IA)

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/67/European-Urban-Initiative-Innovative-Actions

The European Urban Initiative is an important tool to support cities of all sizes, build capacity and knowledge, foster innovation and develop transferable and scalable innovative solutions to urban challenges of EU relevance.

EUI-IA offers two levels of support:

- Funding for the testing and transfer of your innovative urban solution. EUI-IA co-finances up to 80% of your project's activities and can provide you with up to €5 million from the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF) for the implementation of your project;
- Capture, share and disseminate the knowledge your project generates. The EUI is interested in understanding whatworked and what did not work in the implementation of the innovative solution in order to learn lessons, capture the knowledge and share it with urban decisionmakers and practitioners across Europe. Therefore, after the implementation of the innovative measures, the EUI will collect and share the results of the project trials. This will feed into transfer activities, with the aim of fostering innovation capacity and knowledge building for all urban

areas in the EU and incorporating innovative solutions into sustainable urban development.

On the basis of calls for proposals, projects are selected according to the following criteria::

Innovative

Innovative actions support pilot projects that have not yet been tested anywhere else in Europe. Such projects are highly experimental and therefore risky and are therefore unlikely to be funded through traditional or conventional funding sources. The innovative nature of the proposed solution can be understood as an evolutionary approach, where the innovation lies in the new elements added to the existing idea, or as a revolutionary approach with completely new solutions that have never been tested before in the relevant policy area in the EU.

Participatory

The partnership must be relevant to addressing the identified urban challenges and implementing the proposed solution. Participation and co-design with partners, relevant stakeholders and target groups are key to the development and implementation of truly innovative and experimental projects.

Measurable

The innovative actions implemented must be measurable in order to draw meaningful conclusions regarding the added value of the project in the policy area concerned. A sound methodology is needed to measure the expected impact, as well as clear and quantified results to capture the expected change in the local situation as a result of the project.

Transferable and scalable

The selected solutions address urban problems that may be relevant to other urban authorities in Europe and transferable to other local contexts. Based on the lessons learned from the project and shared with a wider audience of policy makers and practitioners, the innovative actions have the potential to be scaled up and transferred to other urban areas in Europe.

Of good quality

Proposals for innovative actions must be sound and ready to be implemented. They must prove to be justified, realistic, consistent and coherent. They should also be able to be managed efficiently and implemented quickly, and offer good value for money.



Circular Economy,



Digitisation, Digital Society



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Governance, Institutional co operation



Rural & Urban Development







INTERACT IV

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- NPO/NGO
- · Private Entity

- Public Body / EU-Institution
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- · Others / Natural Person

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/108/Interact-IV

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

Interact has a supporting function between the territorial cooperation programmes. It provides free services to the actors of Interreg, Interreg-IPA CBC and ENI CBC.

The following priorities and specific objectives have been developed within the programme:

P1: Service delivery - SO 1.1: Improve the institutional capacity of public authorities, especially those in charge of managing a given territory, and of stakeholders (all strands).

Under the specific Interreg objective "Better Governance", Interact has identified three perspectives that aim to improve the institutional capacity of public authorities and stakeholders for effective implementation of Interreg programmes and other cooperation activities. These perspectives aim to: Better and more effective management of processes and procedures; Better cooperation in the context of Interreg; and Improving the evidence base and visibility of Interreg. Building on the experience of promoting cooperation and coordination between different actors in the implementation of MRS and more recently SBS, Interact intends to continue to support the existing territorial framework programmes, their actors and their outward orientation whenever they benefit Interreg and promote cooperation as an effective policy tool. This includes capacity building approaches, staff exchange methods, cooperation models and experiences for actors inside and outside Interreg.

Priorities

Increasing efficiency: strengthening the management capacity of Interreg programmes and other cooperation actors

- Harmonisation of approaches focusing on interpretation and harmonisation of rules, information flows and procedures for Interreg programmes from different sectors and other cooperation actors in line with Interact's mandate, including harmonisation pilots (e.g.
- harmonisation of procedures such as ongoing reporting and project changes, business intelligence dashboard, capitalisation toolkit) to support cooperation activities as mentioned above;
- Simplification of approaches followed in the structures for Interreg programmes in the rules & procedures for programme/project management & information flows,







& through pilot processes in the cooperation actions mentioned above;

 Efficient programme management to support leaner management, clearer delineation of roles and responsibilities, better internal communication and transparency of processes.

Empowerment of individuals: Strengthening capacity to work in cooperation programmes and contexts

- Institutional knowledge and competence to support the learning and development of those working in Interreg programmes and cooperation contexts in general. The aim is to develop the skills to better manage the implementation of programmes and projects and to strengthen the skills and expertise to find new ways of managing cooperation and to develop synergies between programmes/funding instruments;
- Strengthen cooperation and coordination skills between stakeholders of Interreg programmes (including EGTC actors) and those stakeholders involved in the management and implementation of territorial governance frameworks and initiatives such as MRS and

SBS. The pilot actions will also be aligned with the objective of the IJG;

 Innovative approaches: Support actions to promote innovative tools and methods in a cooperation context and for cooperation purposes.

Interreg Visibility: Strengthening the capacity to collect and communicate programme and project results and to increase visibility

- Building and collecting thematic knowledge and awareness of results, aggregating and analysing Interreg results and promoting coordination and capitalisation as a mainstream management process in programmes;
- Communicating results, aiming at integrating communication into the programme life cycle, communicating and promoting results and building knowledge about what to promote and to whom;
- Visibility of Interreg: This is about promoting strategic communication, the use of joint initiatives to reach relevant stakeholders, the overall visibility of Interreg in relevant fora and the design of cooperation processes.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Digitisation, Digital Society



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Health, Social, Sport



Justice, Safety and Security



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Migration, European Citizenship



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







URBACT IV

Funding Region



In addition: Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Moldova, Norway, Switzerland, Serbia, Ukraine

EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations · Public Body

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/de/programs/101/URBACT-IV

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

For the period 2021-2027, URBACT IV builds on the legacy of past programs and offers cities even more opportunities to bring about positive change. The current program integrates the overarching EU priorities of digital, green, and gender-responsive policymaking into its activities. The following priorities and specific objectives have been developed under the program:

P1: Promote integrated sustainable urban development through collaboration.

SO 1.1: Improve the institutional capacity of public authorities, especially those charged with managing a given area, and stakeholders.

Priorities

- Leverage transnational networks to improve the capacity of European cities to co-design and implement integrated action plans related to common sustainable urban development challenges, transfer established urban best practices, and design investment plans to replicate elements of urban innovative actions.
- Enhance the capacity of urban stakeholders to design and implement sustainable urban development policies,
- practices, and innovations in an integrated, participatory, and place-based manner.
- Ensure that URBACT knowledge and practice are made available to urban practitioners and policy makers to inform local, regional, national and European urban policy, in particular through the European Urban Initiative; and contribute to the Urban Agenda for the EU.



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Digitisation, Digital Society



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



yment, Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







COHESION FUND

Funding Region



EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- · Private Entity

- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/121/Cohesion-Fund

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The Cohesion Fund provides support to Member States with a gross national income (GNI) per capita below 90% EU-27 average to strengthen the economic, social and territorial cohesion of the EU.

The Cohesion Fund supports investments in the field of environment and trans-European networks in the area if transport infrastructure (TEN-T).

For the 2021-2027 period, the Cohesion Fund concerns Bulgaria, Czechia, Estonia, Greece, Croatia, Cyprus, Latvia,

Lithuania, Hungary, Malta, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia and Slovenia.

37% of the overall financial allocation of the Cohesion Fund are expected to contribute to climate objectives.

The Cohesion Fund finances programmes in shared responsibility between the European Commission and national and regional authorities in Member States. The Member States' administrations choose which projects to finance and take responsibility for day-to-day management.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Mobility & Transport



Rural & Urban Development







INTERREGIONAL INNOVATION INVESTMENTS (13)

Funding Region



EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/113/Interregional-Innovation-Investments

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Regional Development & Cohesion

Summary

The Interregional Innovation Investment Instrument, as part of the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF), aims to support interregional innovation projects in their commercialisation and scaling-up phase and provide them with the tools to overcome regulatory and other obstacles and bring their project to investment level.

Priorities

The I3 instrument work programme aims to foster innovation through smart specialisation and interregional cooperation. The I3 instrument supports greater interregional cooperation on investments and creates sustainable linkages by connecting regional ecosystems in common areas of smart specialisation, which are crucial for accelerating market uptake of research results and stimulating innovation. Therefore, the focus is on the following areas:

Action Line 1 - Financial and advisory support for investments in interregional innovation projects

Action Line 1 targets mature partnerships to support them in accelerating market uptake and scaling innovative solutions in common focus areas of smart specialisation and in developing a portfolio of investment projects.

Action Line 2a - Financial and advisory support for value chain development in less developed regions

Action Line 2a focuses on increasing the capacity of regional innovation ecosystems in less developed regions to participate in global value chains, as well as increasing their capacity to engage in partnerships with other regions.



Employment, Competitiveness







UNION CIVIL PROTECTION MECHANISM FUNDS

Funding Region



In addition: Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Iceland, Moldova, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Serbia, Türkiye, Ukraine

EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Other

Partnership

Partnerships are mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/124/Union-Civil-Protection-Mechanism-Funds

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Recovery and Resilience

Summary

The EU Civil Protection Mechanism aims to put in place a reinforced and more ambitious crisis management system within the EU. It also aims to support, coordinate or

supplement the actions of EU Member States in the prevention of, preparedness for, and response to disasters.

Priorities

Civil protection assistance consists of governmental aid delivered in the immediate aftermath of a disaster. This emergency relief can take the form of in-kind assistance, deployment of specially-equipped teams, or assessment and coordination by experts sent to the field.

Disasters know no borders and a well-coordinated response at European level is necessary to avoid duplication of relief efforts and ensure that assistance meets the real needs of the affected region.

When a country is hit by a disaster, which overwhelms its response capacity, European countries can provide assistance via the EU Civil Protection Mechanism. The Mechanism was established in 2001 to foster cooperation among national civil protection authorities across Europe. It enables a more rapid and effective response to emergencies by coordinating the delivery of civil protection teams and assets to the affected country and population.

Via the Mechanism, the European Commission supports and complements the prevention and preparedness efforts of participating states, focusing on areas where a joint European approach is more effective than separate national actions.

In this context each year, the European Commission publishes calls for proposals to fund activities aimed at promoting and encouraging cooperation in prevention, preparedness and awareness-raising activities in civil protection and marine pollution.

Following a request for assistance through the Mechanism, the Emergency Response Coordination Centre (ERCC) mobilises assistance or expertise. The ERCC monitors events around the globe 24/7 and ensures rapid deployment of emergency support through a direct link with national civil protection authorities. Specialised teams and equipment, such as firefighting planes, search and rescue and medical teams, can be mobilised at short notice for deployments inside and outside of Europe.







Any country in the world, but also the United Nations and its agencies or a relevant international organisation, can call on the EU Civil Protection Mechanism for help. In 2022, the Mechanism was activated 106 times to respond to (i) war in Ukraine; (ii) wildfires in Europe; (iii) COVID-19 in Europe and worldwide; and (iv) floods in Pakistan. Additionally, Member States and participating states can also activate the Mechanism to seek assistance for consular support to their citizens (e.g., in the context of evacuation operations).

In 2019, the EU upgraded the EU Civil Protection Mechanism and created rescEU. The aim was to protect citizens from disasters and manage emerging risks. Fully financed by the EU, rescEU strengthens European preparedness for disasters and boosts the capacity to respond to crises in Europe. Such as wildfires, medical emergencies, chemical, biological,

radiological, and nuclear incidents, shelter needs, emergency transportation, and electricity supplies.

Prevention and preparedness activities mitigate the effects of disasters. A training programme for civil protection experts from EU Member States and participating states ensures compatibility and complementarity between intervention teams, while large-scale exercises train capacities for specific disasters each year. The EU supports and complements prevention and preparedness efforts of its Member States and participating states by focusing on areas where a joint European approach is more effective than separate national actions. These include risk assessments to identify the disaster risks across the EU, encouraging research to promote disaster resilience and reinforcing early warning tools.







Governance, Institutional cooperation



Justice, Safety and Security



Rural & Urban Development







EU4HEALTH PROGRAMM 2021-2027

Funding Region















EU

Bosnia and Herzegovina

lceland

Moldova

ova Montenegro

Norwa

Ukraine

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/117/EU4Health-programme-2021-2027-

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Recovery and Resilience

Summary

The EU4Health programme was launched in response to the COVID 19 pandemic and aims to strengthen the EU's crisis preparedness. The pandemic demonstrated the vulnerability of our national health systems. The programme aims to make health systems stronger, more resilient and more accessible to address long-term health threats.

Improving and promoting health in the EU

- Health promotion and disease prevention, especially for cancer;
- · Health initiatives and cooperation at international level.

Protecting people

- Prevention, preparedness and rapid response to crossborder health threats;
- Supplementing national stockpiles with essential crisisrelated products;

• Establishment of a reserve of medical, health and support staff.

Access to medicines, medical devices and crisis-related products

• Ensuring that these products are accessible, available and affordable.

Strengthening health systems

- Improving health data, digital tools and services; digitising health systems;
- · Facilitating access to healthcare;
- Developing and enforcing EU health law and evidencebased decision-making;
- · Coordination between national health systems.

Priorities

EU4Health will pave the way to a European Health Union by investing in urgent health priorities:

 Response to the COVID-19 crisis and reinforcing the EU's resilience for cross-border health threats;







- · Europe's Beating Cancer Plan;
- · Pharmaceutical Strategy for Europe.

Other areas, such as health systems' digitalisation, reducing the number of antimicrobial-resistant infections and improving vaccination rates will also be boosted.

The EU will expand successful initiatives like the European Reference Networks for rare diseases and continue to pursue international cooperation on global health threats and challenges.

EU4Health is implemented by annual Work Programmes supporting a broad range of actions that are clustered under

four overarching 'strands' with a cross-cutting focus on cancer.

- · Crisis preparedness;
- · Health promotion and disease prevention;
- · Health systems and healthcare workforce
- Digital.

The programme provides funding to eligible entities, health organisations and NGOs from EU countries, or non-EU countries associated to the programme.





Health, Social, Sport

Digitisation, Digital Society







EUROPEAN SOCIAL FUND+ (ESF+)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · EU-Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO

- · Private Entity
- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/79/European-Social-Fund

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Investing in People, Social Cohesion & Values

Summary

The European Social Fund+ (ESF+) is the European Union's (EU) main instrument for investing in people. With a budget of almost €99.3 billion for the period 2021-2027, the ESF+ will continue to make an important contribution to policies and reforms in the fields of employment, social affairs, education and skills.

Objectives of the ESF+:

- Equality for women and men incl. innovative childcare services;
- · Active ageing incl. digitalisation issues;

- · Active inclusion improving professional participation;
- Support for young people in schools and at the transition from school to education and work;
- · Access to lifelong learning incl. digital competences;
- · Social innovation;
- **Just Transition Fund** in specific regions particularly affected by the impact of the greening of the economy.

Priorities

- Invest in young people who have been hit particularly hard by the socio-economic crisis following the Corona virus outbreak. Member States above the EU average in terms of the proportion of young people not in employment, education or training (the so-called "NEETs", aged 15-29) should devote at least 12.5% of their ESF+ funding to helping these young people find a qualification or a quality job. All other Member States must allocate an appropriate amount of their ESF+ funds to targeted actions to support youth employment measures.
- Support the most vulnerable people suffering from job losses and income cuts: Member States must allocate at least 25% of their ESF+ funds to support social inclusion.
- Provide food and basic material assistance to the most vulnerable by integrating the current Fund for European Aid to the Most Deprived (FEAD) into the ESF+. All Member States will devote at least 3% of their ESF+ funds to this objective.







- Invest in measures for children who have suffered from the effects of the crisis. Member States where the level of child poverty is above the EU average should devote at least 5% of their ESF+ funds to tackling this problem. All other Member States must allocate an appropriate amount of their ESF Plus funds to targeted measures to tackle child poverty.
- Contribute to the green and digital transformation, with investment in skills opportunities for workers in a climate-neutral, digital and inclusive society.
- Directly support social innovation, social entrepreneurship and cross-border labour mobility through the new Employment and Social Innovation (EaSI) strand of ESF Plus, with earmarked funding of €676 million. EaSI will support analytical activities, capacity building and transnational/cross-border cooperation to strengthen social protection and inclusion, fair working conditions and equal access to the labour market and improve labour mobility.



Digitisation, Digital Society



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance, Institutional co-



Health, Social, Sport



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Migration, European Citizenship







ERASMUS+

Funding Region











Türkiye

North Macedonia Norway Serbia

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- · Others/Natural Person

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory - Additional countries, subject to specific criteria or conditions, can take part in certain Actions of the Programme.

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/50/Erasmus

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Investing in People, Social Cohesion & Values

Summary

Erasmus+ 2021-2027 is the EU's programme for **education**, **training**, **youth and sport**, which are key areas for supporting citizens in their personal and professional development. High-quality, inclusive education, training, informal and non-formal learning ultimately equip young people of all ages with the qualifications and skills they need for meaningful participation in democratic society, intercultural understanding and a successful transition to the labour market. Spending time in another country to study, learn and work should become the norm, while speaking two languages in addition to one's mother tongue should be the norm.

The general objective of the programme is to **support**, **through lifelong learning**, **the educational**, **vocational and personal development of people** in education, training, youth and sport in Europe and beyond, thereby contributing to sustainable growth, quality employment and social cohesion, fostering innovation and strengthening European identity and active citizenship.

The specific objectives of the programme are:

- To promote individual and group mobility for learning purposes, as well as cooperation, quality, inclusion and equal opportunities, excellence, creativity and innovation at organisational and policy levels in education and training;
- To promote non-formal and informal learning mobility and active participation of young people, as well as cooperation, quality, inclusion, creativity and innovation at the level of organisations and policies in the youth field;
- Promoting the learning mobility of those active in sport, as well as cooperation, quality, inclusion, creativity and innovation at the level of organisations and policies in the field of sport.

Priorities

Inclusion and diversity

The Programme aims to increase the qualitative impact of its actions and to ensure **equal opportunities**. To this end, the

Programme will target people of different ages and cultural, social and economic backgrounds. It will focus on people with fewer opportunities, including those with disabilities,







educational difficulties or migrant backgrounds, as well as those living in rural and remote areas.

Digital transformation

In line with the priorities of the Digital Education Action Plan, the programme will develop accessible and high-quality digital learning, support the capacity of teachers, trainers, youth workers, etc. to use digital tools and content, and test and promote distance and blended learning. The programme's mobility actions will increase opportunities to acquire and develop digital skills through initiatives such as the Digital Opportunity Traineeships programme. The implementation of the programme will be significantly digitised and simplified for participants, in particular through the European Student Card initiative and a redesigned IT architecture for beneficiaries and implementing bodies

Environment and combating climate change

In line with the European Green Deal, the programme will lead by example by encouraging participants to use lower carbon transport as an alternative to flying. Erasmus funding will also be used to increase knowledge and understanding of sustainability and climate change, so that Europeans can acquire the world-leading skills needed to create sustainable societies, lifestyles and economies.

Participation in democratic life

The programme addresses the limited participation of citizens in their democratic processes and their lack of knowledge about the European Union, and seeks to help them overcome the difficulties they face in becoming actively involved and participating in their communities or in the political and social life of the Union. **Strengthening citizens' understanding of the European Union** from an early age is crucial for the future of the Union.

Key Action 1 - Learning Mobility of Individuals

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/51/Erasmus-Key-Action-1--Learning-Mobility-of-Individuals

The focus is on **mobility** - going abroad - of learners, teachers, staff, young people and professionals in the field of education and youth. The aim is to achieve a positive and sustainable impact for participants and participating organisations. Mobility projects can be submitted by organisations working in the field of education and youth.

Activities funded under Key Action 1 are expected to have a positive and sustainable impact on the participants and participating organisations, as well as on the policy systems in which these activities are embedded.

The Erasmus+ programme reinforces the support offered to participants in mobility activities to **improve their language skills** before and during their stay abroad, including an

additional language support grant for participants in long-term mobility in vocational education and training and school education. An Erasmus+ Online Language Support (OLS) service offers participants in mobility activities the possibility to check their competence in two languages and to participate in online language courses to improve their competence. In addition to online language courses, the OLS offers several other features, such as supported and blended learning tools that allow teachers and youth workers to provide additional support to their learners, and social networking features that enable collaborative learning.

In addition, Erasmus+ provides space for the development of mobility activities involving partner organisations from different backgrounds and working in different fields or socio-economic sectors (e.g. placements of higher education students or VET learners in enterprises, NGOs, public institutions; teachers from schools participating in professional development courses in enterprises or training centres; business experts giving lectures or training in higher education institutions, etc.).

A third important element for the innovation and quality of mobility activities is the possibility for Erasmus+ participating organisations to organise mobility activities within a **broader** strategic framework and in the medium term.

Accreditation schemes play an important role in ensuring a high impact of Key Action 1. The Erasmus Charter for Higher Education, the Erasmus Accreditation for Higher Education Mobility Consortia and the Erasmus Accreditations in Vocational Education and Training, School Education, Adult Education and Youth enable organisations to benefit from Key Action 1 on a continuous basis and to focus on longer-term objectives and institutional impact.

KeyAction2–CooperationamongOrganisations and Institutions

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/52/Erasmus-Key-Action-2--Cooperation-among-Organisations-and-Institutions

Support will be given to cooperation projects between organisations. These aim to exchange good practice, use new technologies, develop innovative teaching and learning methods, support non-formal learning and develop common tools and activities at local, regional, national or European level.

This Key Action supports:

- Partnerships for cooperation, including collaborative partnerships and small-scale partnerships;
- Partnerships for excellence, including Centres for Professional Excellence, Teachers Academy and Erasmus Mundus actions;
- Partnerships for innovation, including alliances and foresight projects;
- · Youth capacity-building projects;







· European non-profit sport events.

For the participating organisations, projects funded under this key action should result in:

- Innovative approaches to reaching their target groups, such as more attractive education and training programmes that meet individual needs and expectations; use of participatory approaches and digital methods; new or improved ways of recognising and validating competences; greater effectiveness of activities for the benefit of local communities; new or improved ways of meeting the needs of disadvantaged target groups and of addressing differences in learning outcomes linked to geographical and socio-economic differences; new ways of taking account of social, ethnic, linguistic and cultural diversity; new ways of better supporting competitiveness and employment, especially at regional and local level; recognition of excellence in language learning or teaching through the European Language Label.
- A more modern, dynamic, committed and professional environment within the organisation: ready to integrate best practices and new methodologies, including digital opportunities, into daily activities; open to synergies with organisations working in other fields or in other socioeconomic sectors; strategic planning of staff professional development in line with individual needs and organisational objectives;
- Increased capacity and professionalism to work at EU/ international level: improved management skills and internationalisation strategies; increased cooperation with partners from other countries, other fields of education, training and youth and/or other socioeconomic sectors; increased allocation of funds (other than EU funds) for the organisation of EU/international projects in the field of education, training and youth; increased quality in the preparation, implementation, monitoring and follow-up of EU/international projects; monitoring and follow-up of EU/international projects;
- Increased knowledge and awareness of sport and physical activity;
- Increased awareness of the role of sport in promoting social inclusion, equal opportunities and healthy lifestyles.

Key Action 3 – Support to Policy Development and Cooperation

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/53/Erasmus-Key-Action-3--Support-to-Policy-Development-and-Cooperation

Key Action 3 supports policy cooperation at European Union level and contributes to the **development of new policies** that can trigger modernisation and reform at European

Union and system level in the fields of education, training, youth and sport.

The activities carried out under this key action aim to:

- To prepare and support the implementation of the EU policy agenda in the fields of education, training, youth and sport by facilitating the governance and functioning of open methods of coordination;
- To carry out European policy experiments, led by highlevel public authorities and involving field testing of policies in several countries, based on sound evaluation methods.
- Collect evidence and knowledge on education, training, youth and sport systems and policies at national and European level to facilitate informed policy making;
- Facilitate transparency and recognition of skills and qualifications and transfer of credits to support quality assurance, validation of non-formal and informal learning, skills management and guidance;
- Promote policy dialogue with stakeholders within and outside the European Union through conferences, events and other activities involving policy makers, practitioners and other stakeholders in the fields of education, training, youth and sport, in order to raise awareness of relevant European policy agendas and to promote Europe as a centre of excellence for study and research;
- Improve the quality of the implementation of the Programme by facilitating the transfer of knowledge and practice between National Agencies, by providing National Agencies and the Commission with 'think tank' resources to enable the development of activities and strategies for the implementation of the Programme in a more coherent way with policy developments, and by providing tools to better exploit the potential for synergies and complementarities;
- Provide opportunities for people at all stages of their lives to have a learning experience abroad in their field of expertise, e.g. public administration, agriculture and rural development, new technologies, business, etc;
- Enable Erasmus+ Implementing Agencies to act as facilitators for the scaling-up of Erasmus+ projects to apply for funding or to develop synergies through support to the European Structural and Investment Funds managed at national and regional level, the Framework Programme for Research and Innovation, and programmes in the fields of migration, security, justice and citizenship, health and culture;
- Support events, campaigns and other activities to inform citizens and organisations about the Erasmus+







programme and European Union policies in the fields of education, training, youth and sport;

 Contribute to the identification and dissemination of good practice and success stories from the projects funded, in order to raise their profile and scale them up at local, national and European level.

Sport Actions

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/55/Erasmus-Sport-Actions

Erasmus+ actions in the field of sport promote participation in **sport**, **physical activity and voluntary activities**. They are designed to address societal and sport-related challenges. There are 3 calls for proposals for organisations to address these challenges. A specific call for capacity building in the field of sport will also be available from 2022. It is open to EU Member States and third countries associated to the programme, as well as the countries of the Western Balkans.

Collaborative partnerships

Aimed at organisations that want to develop and implement joint activities to promote sport and physical activity, combat threats to the integrity of sport (e.g. doping or match-fixing), encourage dual careers for athletes, improve good governance and promote tolerance and social inclusion.

Smaller partnerships

For grassroots organisations, less experienced organisations and newcomers to the programme. Smaller partnerships have simpler administration, smaller grants and a shorter duration than collaborative partnerships.

European non-profit sport events

They aim to promote sporting activities, implement EU policies on social inclusion through sport, promote volunteering in sport, combat discrimination and encourage participation in sport and physical activity.

Capacity building in sport

Capacity building projects are international cooperation projects based on multilateral partnerships between

organisations active in the field of sport in EU Member States and third countries associated to the Programme (formerly known as Programme Countries), as well as in the Western Balkans. They aim to support sporting activities and actions as a means of promoting values and as an educational tool for the personal and social development of individuals and for building more cohesive communities.

Jean Monnet Actions

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/54/Erasmus-

Jean-Monnet-Actions

The Jean Monnet Actions provide opportunities in higher education and other fields of education and training. The Jean Monnet Actions contribute to the dissemination of knowledge on European Union integration issues.

The following Jean Monnet Actions are supported:

- · Jean Monnet Actions in the field of higher education;
- Jean Monnet Actions in other fields of education and training.

The Jean Monnet Actions are expected to produce the following main results:

- Promote knowledge and awareness of European Union affairs;
- Promote excellence in teaching and research in EU studies;
- Improved opportunities for teaching, learning and debate on EU issues;
- Improve the quality of teaching and professional training on EU issues;
- Promote dialogue between academia and policy-makers, in particular to improve EU policy governance;
- **Diversification and inclusion** of EU-related subjects in the teaching programmes of higher education institutions;
- **Greater engagement of young academics** in teaching and research on European issues.



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Health, Social, Sport



Migration, European Citizenship







JUSTICE PROGRAMME

Funding Region



EU



Albania







Bosnia and Herzegovina Kosovo

ovo Ukraine

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- · Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/68/Justice-Programme

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Investing in People, Social Cohesion & Values

Summary

The Justice Programme is running from 2021 to 2027. It provides funding to support judicial cooperation in civil and criminal matters such as training to judges and other legal practitioners and effective access to justice for citizens and businesses. It contributes to the further development of a European area of justice based on the rule of law, including

independence and impartiality of the judiciary, on mutual recognition, mutual trust and judicial cooperation. It is strengthening democracy, rule of law, and fundamental rights. This programme forms part of a new Justice, Rights and Values Fund together with the Citizens, Equality, Rights and Values programme.

Priorities

Judicial cooperation in civil and criminal matters

The objective of projects in this area is to facilitate and support judicial cooperation in civil and criminal matters, and to promote the rule of law, independence and impartiality of the judiciary, including by supporting the efforts to improve the effectiveness of national justice systems, and the effective enforcement of decisions; they should achieve these results:

- increased capacity of national practitioners, authorities to address issues related to judicial cooperation, and to the application of the Union instruments;
- strengthened cooperation and exchange of information between competent national authorities in relation to judicial cooperation in civil matters, including taking into

- account the relevant case-law of the Court of Justice of the European Union;
- increased awareness of legal practitioners and policy makers.

Judicial training

The objective of projects in this area is to support and promote judicial training, with a view to fostering a common legal, judicial and rule of law culture, as well as the consistent and effective implementation of the Union's legal instruments relevant to civil law, criminal law and fundamental rights, to judicial ethics and the rule of law, by covering training needs' gaps in these fields; they should achieve these results:

Increased knowledge of EU civil, criminal and fundamental rights instruments among legal practitioners;







Improved mutual trust between legal practitioners in crossborder judicial cooperation;

Improved cooperation of training providers of the different legal professions.

Effective access to justice in Europe, including rights of victims of crime and procedural rights in criminal proceedings

The objective of projects in this area is to facilitate effective and non-discriminatory access to justice for all, and effective redress, including by electronic means (e-justice), by promoting efficient civil, and criminal procedures, and by promoting and supporting the rights of all victims of crime as well as the procedural rights of suspects and accused persons in criminal proceedings.

The Justice programme also supports the maintenance and extension of the e-Justice portal which includes useful documents and databases to facilitate access to justice for citizens (e.g. the information on cross-border legal proceedings, rights of victims of crime or defendants in legal proceedings, family law, the Find a Lawyer and Find a Notary interfaces) and businesses (e.g. Interconnected insolvency registers search engines, Business registers, European Payment Order forms and land registers databases, the information on monetary claims and legal professions).







Governance, Institutional cooperation

Justice, Safety and Security







CITIZENS, EQUALITY, RIGHTS AND VALUES PROGRAMME (CERV)

Funding Region



Interest in participating:

Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Kosovo, Montenegro, Serbia, Ukraine

EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/49/Citizens-Equality-Rights-and-Values-programme

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Investing in People, Social Cohesion & Values

Summary

The Citizens, Equality, Rights and Values (CERV) programme was launched in 2021 and will run for seven years until 2027. It was established together with the Justice 2021-2027 programme under the Justice, Rights and Values Fund.

The aim of the CERV programme is to support and develop open, rights-based, democratic, equal and inclusive societies based on the rule of law. This includes a vibrant and empowered civil society that fosters people's democratic, civic and social participation and cultivates the rich diversity of European society based on our shared values, history and memory.

The CERV programme consists of four pillars:

 Equality, Rights and Gender Equality - promoting rights, non-discrimination, equality (including gender equality) and promoting gender mainstreaming and nondiscrimination;

- Citizenship and participation promoting citizenship and participation in the democratic life of the Union, exchanges between citizens of different Member States and raising awareness of the common European story;
- **Daphne** Fight against violence, including gender-based violence and violence against children;
- Union values protecting and promoting the values of the Union.

Civil society organisations operating at local, regional, national and transnational level, as well as other stakeholders, can apply for CERV funding for initiatives that promote civic participation, equality for all, and the protection and promotion of EU rights and values.

Priorities

Equality, Rights & Gender Pillar

 Promote equality and prevent and combat inequality and discrimination based on sex, racial or ethnic origin, religion or belief, disability, age or sexual orientation, and respect the prohibition of discrimination on the grounds set out in Article 21 of the Charter;

Support, promote and implement comprehensive strategies:







- Promote women's full enjoyment of rights, gender equality, including reconciliation of work and family life, women's empowerment in society and gender mainstreaming;
- Promote non-discrimination and its mainstreaming;
- Combating racism, xenophobia and all forms of intolerance, both online and offline, including homophobia, biphobia, transphobia, interphobia and intolerance based on gender identity;
- Protect and promote the rights of the child;
- Protecting and promoting the rights of persons with disabilities.
- Protecting and promoting the rights of European citizenship and the right to the protection of personal data.

Civic Participation & Involvement Pillar

- Support projects aimed at commemorating key moments in recent and contemporary European history, such as the rise of authoritarian and totalitarian regimes, including their causes and consequences, and projects aimed at raising the awareness of the Union's citizens of their common history and culture, heritage and values, thereby improving their level of information about the Union, its origins, purpose, diversity and achievements, and the importance of mutual understanding and tolerance;
- Promote the participation of citizens and representative associations in, and their contribution to, the democratic and civic life of the Union by giving them the opportunity to make known and publicly exchange their views in all areas of the Union's activity;
- Encourage exchanges between citizens of different countries, in particular through town-twinning and

town-networking schemes, so that they can experience the richness and diversity of the Union's common heritage and realise that this richness and diversity form a solid basis for a common future.

Daphne Pillar

- Prevent and combat all forms of gender-based violence against women and girls and domestic violence at all levels, including by promoting the standards set out in the Council of Europe Convention on Preventing and Combating Violence against Women and Domestic Violence (Istanbul Convention);
- Preventing and combating all forms of violence against children and young people and other vulnerable groups such as LGBTIQ persons and persons with disabilities;
- Support and protect all direct and indirect victims of the forms of violence referred to in points 1 and 2, such as victims of domestic violence within the family or in close relationships, including children orphaned as a result of crimes committed within the family, and to support and ensure a consistent level of protection for victims of gender-based violence across the Union.

Union Values Pillar

This pillar focuses on protecting and promoting rights and raising awareness of rights by providing financial support to civil society organisations that promote and defend these rights at local, regional, national and transnational levels, thereby also strengthening the protection and promotion of the Union's values and respect for the rule of law, and contributing to the building of a more democratic Union, democratic dialogue, transparency and good governance.



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Justice, Safety and Security



Migration, European Citizenship







CREATIVE EUROPE (CREA)

Funding Region



In addition: Albania, Armenia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Georgia, Iceland, Kosovo, Liechtenstein, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Serbia, Tunisia, Ukraine

EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- · Others/ Natural Person

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/44/Creative-Europe

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Cohesion and Values Cluster: Investing in People, Social Cohesion & Values

Summary

'Creative Europe' is the European Union's programme for the European cultural and creative sectors for the period 2021-2027. The programme brings together actions to support Europe's **cultural and creative sectors**, i.e. all sectors whose activities are based on cultural values and artistic and other individual or collective creative expressions, regardless of whether these activities are market or non-market oriented, what type of structure carries them out and how that structure is financed.

Priorities

Activities include the development, creation, production, dissemination and preservation of goods and services embodying cultural, artistic or other creative expressions, as well as related functions such as education or management. Many of them have the potential to **generate innovation and jobs**, in particular through intellectual property. Sectors include architecture, archives, libraries and museums, arts and crafts, audiovisual (including film, television, video games and multimedia), tangible and intangible cultural heritage, design (including fashion design), festivals, music, literature, performing arts (including theatre and dance), books and publishing, broadcasting and visual arts.

The programme builds on and continues the structure of its predecessor for the period 2014-2020. The overall objectives of Creative Europe are:

 To protect, develop and promote Europe's cultural and linguistic diversity and heritage; To increase the competitiveness and economic potential of the cultural and creative sectors, in particular the audiovisual sector.

These objectives will be pursued through the following specific objectives:

- Improving artistic and cultural cooperation at European level in order to support the creation of European works and to strengthen the economic, social and external dimension as well as innovation and mobility of the European cultural and creative sectors (Culture strand);
- Promote competitiveness, scalability, cooperation, innovation and sustainability, including through mobility, in the European audiovisual sector (Media strand); and
- Fostering policy cooperation and innovative actions in support of all the strands of the programme, promoting







a diverse, independent and pluralistic media environment and media literacy, thus fostering freedom of artistic expression, intercultural dialogue and social inclusion (Cross-sectoral strand).

The general and specific objectives of Creative Europe take into account the dual nature of the cultural and creative sectors, recognising both the intrinsic and artistic value of culture and the economic value of these sectors, including their wider contribution to growth and competitiveness, creativity and innovation. The objectives shall be pursued in a way that promotes inclusion, equality, diversity and participation, including, where appropriate, specific incentives to encourage the active participation of people with disabilities, people belonging to minorities and people belonging to socially marginalised groups in the cultural and creative sectors, including the creative process and audience development, as well as gender equality, in particular as a driver of economic growth, innovation and creativity.

Creative Europe - Culture Strand (CREA-CULT)

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/46/Creative-Europe-Culture-Strand

Cultural funding under the EU's Creative Europe 2021-2027 programme covers the entire arts, culture and creative sector. Funding is available for transnational cooperation projects, European networks and platforms, literary translation, mobility of arts and culture professionals and sector-specific activities.

The Culture strand of the Creative Europe programme supports a wide range of cultural and creative sectors, including

- Architecture
- Cultural heritage
- Design
- · Literature and publishing
- Music
- Performing arts

The Culture strand promotes cooperation and exchange between cultural organizations and artists in Europe and beyond. It aims to:

- · Promote artistic creation and innovation;
- Support the promotion and dissemination of European content in Europe and beyond;
- Help artists find cross-border creation and performance opportunities;
- Promote the digital and environmental transformation of the European cultural and creative sectors.

The Culture strand includes the following actions:

- Horizontal actions for all areas of the cultural and creative sectors: support for cultural cooperation projects, networks of professional associations, platforms for the promotion of European artists and works, and individual mobility programs.
- Sector-specific support to complement horizontal measures in the fields of music, publishing, cultural heritage and architecture, among others.
- Specific measures to reward and promote excellence and creativity, including prizes for literature, music, architecture and heritage, the European Capitals of Culture action and the European Heritage Label.

Creative Europe - Media Strand (CREA-MEDIA)

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/47/Creative-Europe-Media-Strand

The Media strand of the Creative Europe programme supports the European film and audiovisual industry in the development, distribution and promotion of European works, taking into account today's digital environment.

The Media strand of the Creative Europe programme

- Encourages collaboration across the audiovisual industry value chain and at EU level to promote companies and European content worldwide;
- · Nurtures talent no matter where it comes from;
- Appeals to audiences of all ages, especially younger generations.

To ensure more flexibility in the actions supported and to encourage collaboration between the different parts of the audiovisual value chain, the priorities of the Creative Europe 2021-2027 program are divided into four clusters:

- Content cluster
- Business Cluster
- · Audience cluster
- Policy Support Cluster

Content cluster: The creation and production of high quality content is the basis of the European audiovisual industry. European content reflects European values, including diversity. European talent and creativity continue to produce works that are recognised and rewarded on the world stage. This cluster aims to help the industry to:

Promote the transnational circulation of European audiovisual works;







- · Adapt content for new audiences and platforms;
- Adopt more robust business models to cope with production costs and increasing competition.

Business clusters: The Business Cluster under the Media strand of Creative Europe supports entrepreneurial innovation, scalability and talent across the European audiovisual industry value chain. This scalability is needed in the audiovisual environment, given the growth of global players in the sector and the digital transformation. Specific groups driving the internationalisation of the sector will receive targeted support to strengthen cross-border cooperation and promote learning and knowledge sharing to enable the industry to move beyond its national borders. Support through the cluster will:

- Develop talent in the audiovisual sector through activities with a strong focus on mentoring and digital and green skills;
- Encourage business-to-business exchanges covering all parts of the value chain and aiming for global reach;
- Encourage transnational distribution of content across borders and platforms.

Audience clusters: the COVID 19 crisis has had a dramatic impact on the audiovisual viewing habits of European audiences. The gradual shift from cinema to platforms that the sector has been experiencing over the last year has been greatly accelerated by the closure of cinemas. The aim of this cluster of the Media strand is to connect European audiovisual works with their audiences and to support audience development across Europe and beyond. The programme will achieve this by:

- Stimulating audience growth and renewal by increasing audiences on all platforms;
- Targeting younger audiences through a variety of educational/promotional tools;
- · Ensuring access to content by supporting subtitling.

Policy Support Cluster: A common European approach to key audiovisual policy issues is essential for the consolidation of the European audiovisual internal market. The aim of the Policy Support Cluster of the MEDIA strand is to promote a holistic European audiovisual policy by:

- · Regulatory dialogue;
- Sharing analyses/data;
- · Anticipatory information on trends;
- · Consultation with stakeholders;
- Public relations and outreach activities.

Particular priorities in this cluster are

- Fully exploiting the opportunities of digital transformation in the implementation of projects
- Promoting the greening of the sector and promoting inclusion, equality, diversity and participation.

Creative Europe - Cross-Sectoral Strand (CREA-CROSS)

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/48/Creative-Europe-Cross-Sectoral-Strand

For the first time, Creative Europe is offering funding to the news media sector to promote **media literacy**, **pluralism and freedom**, as well as activities to help the sector adapt to the structural and technological changes it is facing.

In 2021, Creative Europe has launched a call for proposals for partnerships in journalism.

The action aims to:

- Encourage cross-industry, cross-border cooperation between news media professionals in Europe;
- Stimulate the exchange of best practices for collaborative business transformation;
- Encourage journalistic cooperation through the development of standards, new business models, training programmes, funding schemes and other activities to promote quality journalism.

The support is aimed at the **entire European news media sector**, including small media.

Through the Creative Innovation Lab action, Creative Europe aims to promote innovative approaches to content creation, access, distribution and promotion in the cultural, creative and other sectors. These approaches should take into account digital transformation and cover both market and non-market dimensions.

The Creative Innovation Lab aims to:

- Encourage stakeholders from different cultural and creative sectors to develop and test innovative digital solutions with long-term positive impact;
- Facilitate the development of innovative, market-ready tools, models and methodologies for the audiovisual sector and at least one other creative or cultural sector.







Creative Europe Desks shall have the following tasks:

- Provide information on and promote the Creative Europe programme in their country;
- Support the cultural and creative sector in relation to the Programme and provide basic information on other funding opportunities;
- Promote transnational cooperation within the cultural and creative sector;
- Support the cultural and creative sectors in the participating countries;
- Assist the Commission in ensuring appropriate communication and dissemination of the results and impact of the Programme;
- Ensure the exchange and dissemination of information on the funding awarded to a participating country and the results achieved there.







Digitisation, Digital Society



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Migration, European Citizenship

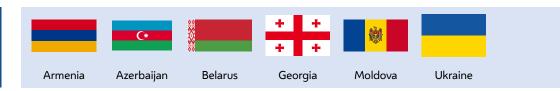






NEIGHBOURHOOD, DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION INSTRUMENT

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- · Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Other

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/154/Neighbourhood-Development-and-International-Cooperation-Instrument--Global-Europe

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Neighbourhood & the World Cluster: External Actions

Summary

The new NDICI- Global Europe instrument merges several former EU external financing instruments. It aims to support countries most in need to overcome long-term developmental challenges and will contribute to achieving the international

commitments and objectives that the Union has agreed to, in particular the 2030 Agenda and its Sustainable Development Goals and the Paris Agreement.

Priorities

The NDICI-Global Europe instrument unifies grants, blending and guarantees (the latter previously subject to specific rules and regulations, such as the EIB's External Lending Mandate), which will allow the EU to strategically promote public and private investment worldwide in support to sustainable development through the European Fund for Sustainable Development Plus (EFSD+). Investments will be backed by an up to €53.4 billion External Action Guarantee, which will also cover the pre-accession countries.

The EU assistance is based on the European Neighbourhood Policy objectives and priorities outlined in the regional strategies, such as the renewed Eastern Partnership.

Partner countries, the EU and the Member States agree on the common priorities in the Joint Documents, which take the form of Partnership Priorities, Association Agendas or equivalent. They set further the political and economic priorities for EU financial assistance. The European Neighbourhood Policy (ENP) governs the EU's relations with 6 of the EU's closest Eastern Neighbours: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine. Russia takes part in Cross-Border Cooperation activities under the ENP and is not a part of the ENP as such.

The ENP was launched in 2003 and developed throughout 2004, with the objective of avoiding the emergence of new dividing lines between the enlarged EU and its neighbours and instead strengthening the prosperity, stability and security of all. It is based on the values of democracy, rule of law and respect of human rights.

The ENP was reviewed in 2011, following the ,Arab Spring' uprisings, and again in 2015. However, given the significant developments in the Neighbourhood since 2011, it became essential to undertake a further review of the ENP. In this regard, a Joint Communication setting out the main lines of the review of the ENP has been published on 18 November







2015 following a public consultation, involving partner countries, international organisations, social partners, civil society and academia.

Under the revised ENP, stabilisation of the region, in political, economic, and security related terms, is at the heart of the new policy. Moreover, the revised ENP puts a strong emphasis on two principles: a differentiated approach, to respect the different aspirations of our partners and to better answer EU interests and the interests of our partners; and an increased ownership by partner countries and Member States.

The Joint Communication on the "Eastern Partnership policy beyond 2020-Reinforcing Resilience- an Eastern Partnership that delivers for all", adopted on 18 March 2020, outlines the long-term policy objectives for future cooperation with Eastern Neighbourhood partners. It underlines how to address common challenges and sets out how the EU will work together with the partner countries in different policy areas in the future, with the aim to strengthen resilience, foster sustainable development and deliver concrete benefits to people.

For the period 2021-27, the EU defines its cooperation priority areas and specific objectives for most Neighbourhood partner countries and regions in **multi-annual indicative programmes**. These strategic documents are prepared in an inclusive dialogue and consultation with partner countries, EU Member States, civil society, women and youth organisations, local authorities, private sector and other donors. They contain indicative financial allocations, objectives, results and indicators (with baseline and targets) to measure EU intervention effectiveness. A mid-term review of those multi-annual indicative programmes is being carried

out in 2025, in order to set the indicative financial allocations for the 2025-27 period and adjust, when necessary, the priorities to the changing geopolitical context and to the evolving relation between the EU and the partner countries.

Until 2024, the European Commission would adopt **Annual Action Plans** setting out how the implementation of these programmes. For the 2025-27 period, the Commission will adopt multi-annual Action Plans aimed to support key policies and reforms providing for sustainable socioeconomic growth. For those Neighbourhood countries where there are no adopted Joint documents nor multi-annual indicative programmes, the Commission will adopt **special measures**.

The European Commission is also supporting countries in the process of accession, through different facilities. It notably established the Ukraine Facility (covering 2024-2027) funded outside the NDICI-GE instrument and will establish the Moldova Facility in 2025 (covering 2025-27), from NDICI-GE funding.

The ENP review established revised joint priorities for cooperation. They are better suited to the challenges of our time and adapted to the regions evolutions. In addition to good governance, democracy, rule of law and human rights, three other sets of joint priorities have been identified, each of them covering a wide number of cooperation sectors:

- 1. economic development for stabilisation;
- 2. the security dimension; and
- 3. migration and mobility.



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Governance, Institutional co operation



Justice, Safety and Security



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness



Migration, European Citizenship



Mobility & Transport







Heading: Natural Resources & Environment

Cluster: Agriculture & Maritime Policy

Cluster: Environment & Climate Action







COMMON AGRICULTURAL POLICY

Funding Region



EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/122/Common-Agricultural-Policy

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Natural Resources & Environment Cluster: Agriculture & Maritime Policy

Summary

The common agricultural policy (CAP) is about food, the environment and the countryside. The CAP is a partnership between society and agriculture that ensures a stable supply

of food, safeguards farmers' income, protects the environment and keeps rural areas vibrant.

Priorities

Launched in 1962, the EU's common agricultural policy (CAP) is a partnership between agriculture and society, and between Europe and its farmers. It aims to:

- support farmers and improve agricultural productivity, ensuring a stable supply of affordable food;
- safeguard European Union farmers to make a reasonable living;
- help tackle climate change and the sustainable management of natural resources;
- · maintain rural areas and landscapes across the EU;
- keep the rural economy alive by promoting jobs in farming, agri-food industries and associated sectors.

The CAP is a common policy for all EU countries. It is managed and funded at European level from the resources of the EU's budget.

CAP 2023-27

To consolidate the role of European agriculture for the future, the CAP has evolved over the years to meet changing economic circumstances and citizens' requirements and needs.

The CAP 2023-27 entered into force on 1 January 2023. Support for farmers and rural stakeholders across the 27 EU countries is based on the CAP 2023-27 legal framework and the choices detailed in the CAP Strategic Plans, approved by the Commission. The approved Plans are designed to make a significant contribution to the ambitions of the European Green Deal, Farm to Fork Strategy and Biodiversity Strategy.

The CAP in practice

Farming is unlike most other businesses, as the following special considerations apply:







- despite the importance of food production, farmers' income is around 40% lower compared to non-agricultural income;
- agriculture depends more on the weather and the climate than many other sectors;
- there is an inevitable time gap between consumer demand and farmers being able to supply – growing more wheat or producing more milk inevitably takes time.

While being cost-effective, farmers should work in a sustainable and environmentally friendly manner, and maintain our soils and biodiversity.

Business uncertainties and the environmental impact of farming justify the significant role that the public sector plays for our farmers. The CAP takes action with the following measures:

- income support through direct payments ensures income stability, and remunerates farmers for environmentally friendly farming and delivering public services not normally paid for by the markets, such as taking care of the countryside;
- market measures to deal with difficult market situations such as a sudden drop in demand due to a health scare, or a fall in prices as a result of a temporary oversupply on the market;
- rural development measures with national and regional programmes to address the specific needs and challenges facing rural areas.

The CAP defines the conditions that will allow farmers to fulfil their functions in society in the following ways:

Food production

 There are around 10 million farms in the EU and 22 million people work regularly in the sector. They provide an

- impressive variety of abundant, affordable, safe and good quality products.
- The EU is known throughout the world for its food and culinary traditions and is one of the world's leading producers and net exporters of agri-food products. Due to its exceptional agricultural resources the EU could and should play a key role in ensuring food security for the world at large.

Rural community development

- Within our countryside and its precious natural resources, there are many jobs linked to farming. Farmers need machinery, buildings, fuel, fertilisers and healthcare for their animals, also known as 'upstream' sectors.
- Other people are busy in 'downstream' operations such as preparing, processing, and packaging food, as well as in food storage, transport and retail. The farming and food sectors together provide nearly 40 million jobs in the EU.
- To operate efficiently and remain modern and productive, farmers, upstream and downstream sectors need ready access to the latest information on agricultural issues, farming methods and market developments. During the period 2014-20, the resources of the CAP were directed towards providing high-speed technologies, improved internet services and infrastructure to 18 million rural citizens – the equivalent of 6.4% of the EU's rural population.

Environmentally sustainable farming

 Farmers have a double challenge – to produce food whilst simultaneously protecting nature and safeguarding biodiversity. Using natural resources prudently is essential for our food production and for our quality of life – today, tomorrow and for future generations.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries,



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Health, Social, Sport



Labour Market/ Employment,



Rural & Urban Development







PROMOTION OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS (AGRIP)

Funding Region



EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · International Organisation
- Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- · NPO/NGO
- · Public Body
- Private Entity
- · Others / Natural Person

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/70/Promotion-of-Agricultural-Products

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Natural Resources & Environment Cluster: Agriculture & Maritime Policy

Summary

The European Commission co-funds campaigns to promote European agricultural products worldwide and raise the

profile of EU agricultural products in new markets.

Priorities

The EU Agricultural Product Promotion Policy (AGRIP) has the general objective of **improving the competitiveness of the Union's agricultural sector**. Specifically, the information and promotion measures are intended to:

- Increase awareness and recognition of Union quality schemes, as well as consumer awareness of the benefits of Union agricultural products and production methods;
- Increase the competitiveness and consumption of the Union's agricultural products, improving their visibility and increasing their market share.

There are two types of promotion:

- Actions organized by European trade or inter-trade organizations and co-financed by the EU
- Actions organized by the EU itself, e.g. diplomatic efforts by the responsible Commissioner in non-EU countries to develop agricultural trade, participation in trade fairs

and communication campaigns for EU agricultural products.

The rules for promotion policy define the way in which EU funds can be used for information and promotion activities in EU member countries and countries outside the EU.

The annual work programs contribute to the implementation of the European Commission's policy priorities for the period 2019-2024, in particular the 'From farm to fork' strategy.







Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change







EUROPEAN MARITIME, FISHERIES AND AQUACULTURE FUND

Funding Region



EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- · Research Institution incl. University
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/143/European-Maritime-Fisheries-and-Aquaculture-Fund

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Natural Resources & Environment Cluster: Agriculture & Maritime Policy

Summary

The European Maritime, Fisheries and Aquaculture Fund (EMFAF) runs from 2021 to 2027 and supports the EU common fisheries policy (CFP), the EU maritime policy and the EU agenda for international ocean governance. It

provides support for developing innovative projects ensuring that aquatic and maritime resources are used sustainable.

Priorities

As a global ocean actor and a major producer of seafood, the EU has a responsibility to protect and sustainable use the oceans and their resources. It is also in the EU's socioeconomic interest to guarantee the availability of food supplies, the competitiveness of the maritime economy and the livelihood of coastal communities.

The fund helps achieve sustainable fisheries and conserve marine biological resources. This leads to

- food security through the supply of seafood products
- · growth of a sustainable blue economy
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ healthy, safe and sustainable managed seas and oceans



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Justice, Safety and Security



Labour Market/ Employment, Competitiveness







LIFE - PROGRAMME FOR THE ENVIRONMENT AND CLIMATE ACTION

Funding Region







Moldova





North Macedonia

Ukraine

Eligible Entities/ **Organisations**

- Education and Training Institution
- International Organisation
- NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- Public Body
- Research Institution incl. University
- Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/5/LIFE--Programme-for-the-Environment-and-Climate-Action

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Natural Resources & Environment Cluster: Environment & Climate Action

Summary

The LIFE program is one of the key contributors to the European Green Deal, which aims to transform the EU into a just and prosperous society with a modern, resource-

efficient and competitive economy where there are no net greenhouse gas emissions in 2050 and where economic growth is decoupled from resource use.

Priorities

The general objective of the LIFE Programme shall be to contribute to the shift towards a sustainable, circular, energyefficient, renewable energy-based, climate-neutral and resilient economy, in order to protect, restore and improve the quality of the environment, including the air, water and soil, and to halt and reverse biodiversity loss and to tackle the degradation of ecosystems, including by supporting the implementation and management of the Natura 2000 network, thereby contributing to sustainable development. The LIFE Programme shall also support the implementation of general action programmes adopted in accordance with Article 192(3) TFEU.

Specific objectives of the LIFE Programme are:

· To develop, demonstrate and promote innovative techniques, methods and approaches for reaching the objectives of Union legislation and policy on the environment, including nature and biodiversity, and on climate action, including the transition to renewable energy and increased energy efficiency, and to contribute to the knowledge base and to the application of best practice, in particular in relation to nature and biodiversity, including through the support of the Natura 2000 network;

- support the development, implementation, • To monitoring and enforcement of relevant Union legislation and policy on the environment, including nature and biodiversity, and on climate action and the transition to renewable energy or increased energy efficiency, including by improving governance at all levels, in particular by enhancing the capacities of public and private actors and the involvement of civil society;
- · To act as a catalyst for the large-scale deployment of successful technical and policy-related solutions for implementing relevant Union legislation and policy on the environment, including nature and biodiversity, and on climate action and the transition to renewable energy or increased energy efficiency, by replicating results, by integrating related objectives into other policies and into







public and private sector practices, by mobilising investment and by improving access to finance.

The LIFE Programme is structured as follows:

- The field **'Environment'**, which includes:
 - · The subprogramme 'Nature and Biodiversity';
 - The subprogramme 'Circular Economy and Quality of Life'.

- The field 'Climate Action', which includes:
 - The subprogramme 'Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation';
 - The subprogramme 'Clean Energy Transition'.



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Governance, Institutional cooperation







SUB-PROGRAMME "NATURE AND BIODIVERSITY" (LIFE-NAT)

Funding Region







Moldova





North Macedonia Ukraine



- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/65/LIFE-sub-programme-Nature-and-Biodiversity

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Natural Resources & Environment Cluster: Environment & Climate Action

Summary

The Nature and Biodiversity sub-program aims to protect and restore European nature and to halt and reverse the loss of biodiversity. Therefore, the LIFE-Nature and Biodiversity subprogram will continue to fund nature conservation projects, especially in the areas of biodiversity, habitats and species. It will support projects that contribute to the implementation of the EU Birds and Habitats Directives, and in particular to the development and management of the Natura 2000 network and the IAS Regulation, and it will support the achievement of the objectives of the EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2030, which is part of the European Green Deal.

The Nature and Biodiversity sub-program aims to:

 Develop, demonstrate, promote and stimulate the dissemination of innovative techniques, methods and approaches (including nature-based solutions and ecosystem approaches) to achieve the objectives set out in the Union's nature and biodiversity legislation and policy, and contribute to the knowledge base and application of best practices, including through support to the Natura 2000 network;

- Support the development, implementation, monitoring and enforcement of relevant Union legislation and policy related to nature and biodiversity, including by improving governance at all levels, in particular by strengthening the capacity of public and private actors and engaging civil society, taking also due account of the potential contributions of citizen science;
- Catalyzing the large-scale adoption of successful solutions/approaches to the implementation of relevant nature and biodiversity legislation and Union policy through replication of results, mainstreaming of related objectives into other policy areas and public and private sector practices, mobilizing investment, and improving access to finance.

Priorities

The Nature and Biodiversity Sub-Program will be implemented primarily through the following types of actions:

 A continuation of the traditional bottom-up approach of implementing practical and effective actions to improve the conservation status of species and habitats, ecosystem health, and related services through the co-







financing of **Standard Action Projects (SAPs)**. All SAPs should be designed to achieve tangible improvements to species, habitats, ecosystems, and related services as a direct result of their implementation, to be defined based on specific and measurable (SMART) objectives. The general focus of the SAPs is on the following: (1) areabased conservation and restoration actions ('Space for Nature') and (2) additional specific actions for species and ecosystems/habitats with measures other than area-based ('Protect/Safeguard Our Species and Habitats');

 A continuation of the integrated approach to support the full implementation of national or regional Prioritized Action Frameworks (PAFs) and other EU biodiversity policy planning tools through Strategic Nature Projects (SNAPs). SNAPs include capacity building and mainstreaming activities, including through mobilizing other funding sources for nature and biodiversity. SNAPs may also include specific conservation actions, especially when these cannot be supported by mobilizing additional funding from other EU funding programs;

- A structured approach to support the implementation of specific policy priorities through specific calls for proposals under Other Actions (OAs);
- Technical Assistance (TA) projects.



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Governance, Institutional cooperation







SUB-PROGRAMME "CIRCULAR ECONOMY AND QUALITY OF LIFE" (LIFE-ENV)

Funding Region



FU





Moldova





North Macedonia Ukraine

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/64/LIFE-sub-programme-Circular-Economy-and-Quality-of-Life-

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Natural Resources & Environment Cluster: Environment & Climate Action

Summary

The Circular Economy and Quality of Life subprogram aims to facilitate the transition to a sustainable, circular, toxinfree, energy-efficient, and climate-resilient economy and to protect, restore, and enhance environmental quality, either through direct interventions or by supporting the integration of these goals into other policies.

The specific objectives of the Circular Economy and Quality of Life subprogram are:

- Develop, demonstrate, and promote innovative techniques, methods, and approaches to achieve the objectives of Union environmental law and policy, and contribute to the knowledge base and, where appropriate, the application of best practices;
- Support the development, implementation, monitoring, and enforcement of relevant Union environmental law and policy, including by improving governance at all levels, particularly through capacity building of public and private stakeholders and the involvement of civil society;
- Catalyzing the large-scale adoption of successful technical and policy solutions for the implementation of relevant Union environmental law and policy through replication of results, integration of related objectives into other policy areas and public and private sector practices, mobilization of investment, and improvement of access to finance.

Priorities

The program will contribute to relevant European Union priorities by:

- Reducing resource consumption and facilitating the transition to a sustainable, circular, toxic-free, energyefficient and climate-resilient environment;
- Developing circular systems in line with the new Circular Economy Action Plan, which focuses on sustainable
- products, material- and energy-intensive sectors, and circular business models to preserve value. Projects from EU outermost regions and islands will be given special consideration;
- Reduce waste generation in line with the Waste Framework Directive and reduce hazardous waste in view of the EU's commitment under the Basel Convention;







- Improving waste management in terms of waste collection and storage, recovery options and end-of-life disposal, including on islands, in remote coastal or land areas and in outermost regions where waste management faces particular challenges;
- Reduce emissions of pollutants to air and seas and ensure clean air and seas for EU citizens in line with the EU acquis and the objectives of the Pollution Action Plan;
- Achieve and maintain good status of the Union's water bodies;
- Ensure **clean surface and groundwater** in sufficient quantity for humans and other species, including through more efficient water use;

- Reducing the production, use, and emissions of hazardous chemicals and reducing human and environmental exposure to them;
- Promoting the development, commercialization, and adoption of safe and sustainable substances, materials and products;
- Reducing exposure to harmful noise levels;
- Protecting the quality of EU soils, preventing soil degradation, and increasing the resilience of soils to climate threats and combating desertification through sustainable soil and land management practices; remediating soil pollution and increasing the capacity to improve water quality by reducing nitrate leaching and reducing emissions through carbon sequestration; and preventing and mitigating soil sealing.



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Governance, Institutional cooperation







SUB-PROGRAMME "CLIMATE CHANGE MITIGATION AND ADAPTATION" (LIFE-CLIMA)

Funding Region



EU





Moldova





North Macedonia Ukraine

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- · Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/62/LIFE-sub-programme-Climate-Change-Mitigation-and-Adaptation

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Natural Resources & Environment Cluster: Environment & Climate Action

Summary

The Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation subprogramme will contribute to the shift towards a sustainable, energy-efficient, renewable energy-based, climate-neutral and resilient economy, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

The specific objectives of the sub-programme "Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation" are:

- To develop, demonstrate and promote innovative techniques, methods and approaches for reaching the objectives of Union legislation and policy on climate action and to contribute to the knowledge base and to the application of best practices;
- To support the development, implementation, monitoring and enforcement of relevant Union legislation and policy on climate action, including by improving governance at all levels, in particular through enhancing capacities of public and private actors and the involvement of civil society;
- To catalyse the large-scale deployment of successful technical and policy-related solutions for implementing relevant Union legislation and policy on climate action by replicating results, integrating related objectives into other policies and into public and private sector practices, mobilising investment and improving access to finance.

Priorities

Climate Change Mitigation

- Reduction of greenhouse gas emissions, including fluorinated greenhouse gases and ozone depleting substances, in line with the EU's climate neutrality target and the improvement of energy efficiency, including addressing the policy and market framework for the development and deployment of low-carbon or energy efficient products and services, as well as by promoting the transition of the transport sector;
- Enhancing the functioning of the Emissions Trading System;
- Support to sustainable land, forest, soil, sea and ocean management practices, which reduce emissions or remove CO2 from the atmosphere;
- Develop and promote solutions to remove/sequester CO2 from the atmosphere. Carbon capture and carbon removals can be nature-based and coupled with







restoration projects or rely on storage in specific longterm media or use of long-lasting products.

Climate Change Adaptation

- Support adaptation related policy development, and improve adaptation strategies and plans at all levels and in all sectors, in line with the new EU Strategy on Adaptation to Climate Change;
- Improve, promote, and scale up the use of state-of-the art tools and solutions for adaptation modelling, risk assessment, management and decision support; adaptation monitoring, reporting and evaluation; and ex-ante project assessment tools to better identify cobenefits and positive impacts on the economy of adaptation and prevention projects;
- Support the rollout of viable nature-based solutions in the management of land, coastal and marine areas including through assessments, guidance, capacity building, and suitable financial approaches and products;
- Approaches and solutions for adapting cities and regions to climate change, notably in support of the EU and Global Covenant of Mayors and of the European Climate Pact;
- Approaches and solutions to ensure a stable and secure supply of high quality freshwater, prevent droughts, reduce water use, protect and restore wetlands, and prevent floods;
- Solutions to climate-proof and enhance the resilience of infrastructure and buildings, including by using bluegreen infrastructure and through cooperation with standardisation organisations;

- Support preparedness for extreme weather events, notably at a local level and in the outermost regions;
- Promote financial instruments and innovative solutions to deal with climate-induced risks, and public-private collaboration to reduce the share of uninsured climaterelated economic losses, including by improving collection and access to climate-related economic loss data.

Climate Change Governance and Information, which will include actions contributing to climate change mitigation or adaptation

- Incentivise changes in behaviour and practices, as well as improving citizens' knowledge and awareness, notably through the support of the implementation of the European Climate Pact, mainstreaming emission reduction and resource efficiency actions in relevant sectors;
- Development and implementation of climate and energy strategies or mid-century strategies at local, regional and national level;
- Improve greenhouse gas monitoring, accounting and reporting and contribute to policy monitoring, assessment and ex-post evaluation;
- Information on best practices and awareness raising on climate change mitigation and adaptation, including on climate-proofing of infrastructure investment and policies;
- Development of climate services and promotion of climate science;
- Development and promotion of sustainable finance instruments and support for climate diplomacy.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries,



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Disaster Prevention, Resilience



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Rural & Urban Development







SUB-PROGRAMME "CLEAN ENERGY TRANSITION" (LIFE-CET)

Funding Region







Moldova





North Macedonia

Ukraine

Eligible Entities/ **Organisations**

- Education and Training Institution
- International Organisation
- NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- Public Body
- Research Institution incl. University
- Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/63/LIFE-sub-programme-Clean-Energy-Transition

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Natural Resources & Environment Cluster: Environment & Climate Action

Summary

Building on the success of the Intelligent Energy Europe (2003-2013) and Horizon 2020 Energy Efficiency (2014-2020) programmes, the LIFE Clean Energy Transition subprogramme continues to support the delivery of EU policies in the field of sustainable energy, in particular, the European Green Deal, the Energy Union (2030 energy and climate targets) and the European Union's 2050 long-term decarbonisation strategy.

The sub-programme will aim at facilitating the transition toward an energy-efficient, renewable energy-based, climate-neutral and -resilient economy by funding coordination and support actions across Europe. These actions aim at breaking market barriers that hamper the socio-economic transition to sustainable energy, typically engaging multiple small and medium-size stakeholders,

multiple actors including local and regional public authorities and non-profit organisations, and involving consumers.

The sub-programme will contribute to the implementation of the energy-related actions of the European Green Deal, including the 'Renovation wave' initiative for the building sector and will give due consideration to territories not connected to the European grids such as the EU outermost regions. It will contribute to the Just Transition objectives by accompanying the territories and the groups of citizens negatively affected by the transition from fossil fuels to clean energy, by building capacity of actors and fostering clean energy investments, in energy efficiency and locally available, sustainable, renewable energy sources. Activities related to technology development will not be included.

Priorities

The specific objectives of the sub-programme "Clean Energy Transition" are the following:

- · To develop, demonstrate and promote innovative techniques, methods and approaches for reaching the objectives of Union legislation and policy on the transition to sustainable renewable energy and increased
- energy efficiency, and to contribute to the knowledge base and to the application of best practice;
- · To support the development, implementation, monitoring and enforcement of relevant Union legislation and policy on the transition to sustainable renewable energy or increased energy efficiency, including by improving governance at all levels, in







particular through enhancing capacities of public and private actors and the involvement of civil society;

 To catalyse the large-scale deployment of successful technical and policy-related solutions for implementing relevant Union legislation on the transition to renewable energy or increased energy efficiency by replicating results, integrating related objectives into other policies and into public and private sector practices, mobilising investment and improving access to finance.

This sub-programme will fund the activities responding to the specific topics defined in the annual calls for proposals which are based on the list of priority topics. Other activities related to energy efficiency and renewable energy, which do not address the specific requirements of the calls defined under this sub-programme can be submitted to the calls under the Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation subprogramme.

A significant part of this budget will be used to finance Coordination and Support Actions (CSA) under OAs grants for the four year period, whereas the possibility to finance SAPs is only foreseen as from 2023.







Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy



Governance, Institutional cooperation







INNOVATION FUND (INNOVFUND)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- NPO/NGO

- Public Body
- · Private Entity
- · International Organisation
- · Others

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/103/Innovation-Fund

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Natural Resources & Environment Cluster: Environment & Climate Action

Summary

The Innovation Fund is one of the world's largest funding programmes for the demonstration of innovative low-carbon technologies. The Innovation Fund provides grants for projects aiming at the commercial deployment of

innovative low-carbon technologies. The aim is to bring industrial solutions to market to decarbonise Europe and support its transition to climate neutrality.

Priorities

The Innovation Fund supports large and small projects that focus on:

- Innovative low-carbon technologies and processes in energy-intensive industries, including products that replace carbon-intensive industries
- Carbon capture and utilisation (CCU).
- Construction and operation of carbon capture and storage (CCS)
- · Innovative renewable energy generation
- · Energy storage

Projects funded under this programme are expected to contribute to the transition to a climate neutral economy by 2050 and to the achievement of the target to reduce emissions by at least 55% by 2030 as set out in the European

Climate Change Act and the European Green Deal, as well as to the achievement of the targets set out in the REPowerEU Plan for Renewable Energy, Energy Efficiency and Renewable Hydrogen.

The Innovation Fund focuses on highly **innovative technologies and large-scale flagship projects** in Europe that can deliver significant emission reductions. It is about sharing the risk with project promoters to support the demonstration of highly innovative projects that are unique in their kind.

The aim is to fund a diverse project pipeline that strikes an optimal balance between a broad range of innovative technologies in all eligible sectors and Member States, Norway and Iceland.

At the same time, projects must be sufficiently mature in terms of planning, business model and financial and legal structure.







The Fund supports cross-cutting projects on innovative low-carbon solutions that lead to emission reductions in several

sectors, for example through industrial symbiosis.



Agriculture and Forestry, Fisheries, Food



Biodiversity & Environment, Climate and Climate Change



Circular Economy, Natural Resources



Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy







Heading: Migration & Border Management

Cluster: Migration

Cluster: Border Management







ASYLUM, MIGRATION AND INTEGRATION FUND (AMIF)

Funding Region



EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO
- Private Entity

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/69/Asylum-Migration-and-Integration-Fund-

Multiannual Financial Framework - Heading: Migration & Border Management Cluster: Migration

Summary

The AMIF aims to further develop national capacities and improve migration management procedures, as well as strengthen solidarity and responsibility sharing between Member States, in particular through emergency assistance and the resettlement mechanism.

AMIF will contribute to the achievement of **four specific objectives**:

 Strengthen and further develop all aspects of the Common European Asylum System, including its external dimension;

- Support legal immigration to Member States, including by contributing to the integration of third-country nationals;
- Contribute to the fight against irregular migration and ensuring effective return and readmission to third countries;
- Strengthen solidarity and responsibility-sharing among Member States, in particular towards those most affected by migration and asylum challenges.

Priorities

Actions financed by the AMIF can cover a wide range of initiatives, such as:

- Ensure uniform application of the EU acquis (common rulebook) and priorities related to the Common European Asylum System, legal migration and return;
- Provide support and services appropriate to the status and needs of the person concerned, in particular vulnerable groups;
- Support the resettlement, humanitarian admission and transfer of persons who have applied for or been granted international protection;
- Support the development and implementation of measures to promote legal migration, such as developing EU mobility programs and raising awareness of appropriate legal immigration channels;
- Support integration measures tailored to the needs of third-country nationals and early integration programs that focus on education, language, and other training







(such as civic orientation courses and career counseling) to prepare for their active participation in and acceptance by the host society;

- Support infrastructures for the reception of thirdcountry nationals, including the possible sharing of such facilities by more than one Member State;
- Support an integrated and coordinated approach to return management at EU and Member State level,

building capacity for effective and sustainable return and reducing incentives for irregular migration;

- · Support assisted voluntary return and reintegration;
- Cooperation with third countries in the areas of asylum, legal migration and the fight against irregular migration, as well as in effective return and readmission for the purpose of migration management.







Governance, Institutional cooperation



Justice, Safety and Security



Migration, European Citizenship







Other Programmes







GRANTS IN THE AREA OF COMMUNICATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT (EP-COMM)

Funding Region



EU

Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- Education and Training Institution
- EU-Institution
- · International Organisation
- · NPO/NGO

- Public Body
- · Research Institution incl. University

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/102/Grants-in-the-area-of-Communication-of-the-European-Parliament

Summary

The Directorate-General for Communication of the European Parliament (EP) awards grants in the field of communication to raise public awareness of the role of the European Parliament in our lives, promote democracy, increase civic participation and mobilise voters for the 2024 European Elections (EE24).

The EP Civic Engagement Grants for Communication consist of one-off grants to build an **informed and engaged European electorate and increase democratic participation** in the European Union (EU).

The purpose of this call is to select proposals for grants for one or a series of actions aimed at engaging the broadest possible segment of European citizens to promote the role and work of the EP and the importance of making parliamentary democracy a reality through participation in the 2024 European elections (EE24). The EP will launch its institutional EE24 communication campaign in early 2024 to inform the public about the European elections and increase voter turnout. The activities organised by the grantees will

complement and support this campaign. Therefore, grantees are expected to adapt the timing of their activities to the different phases of the EP campaign.

Projects co-funded by the EP under this call should cover a wide range of non-partisan communication activities related to European democracy and community engagement.

The engagement grants will enable civil society organisations and change agents to harness the potential of their networks and their ability to reach out to other citizens. The grants will fund communication activities to ensure that even more citizens are informed about the role of the DP in our daily lives and also play an active role in the EE24 by mobilising others to vote.

The actions funded under this call aim to equip European citizens with the skills, knowledge and motivation they need to participate effectively in EE24 and to encourage and support others to participate in turn.

Priorities

The objectives of the actions funded under this call are:

 Raise awareness of the role and democratic values of the EU among European citizens from as diverse a population as possible, provide an understanding of the benefits of the European Parliament, the impact of the European Parliament on our daily lives and the importance of voting through participation in the forthcoming EE24, including in the context of the together.eu community (promoting democratic engagement),

 To support increased non-partisan civic engagement of European citizens and organisations from as diverse groups as possible, while promoting the idea of the importance of voting and thus encouraging active participation (including as decision-makers), with a focus







on mobilising voters in the run-up to the European election(s), also in the framework of the together.eu community.

The expected results of the actions funded under this call are as follows

- Capacity building and strategic cooperation with other civil society organisations (at national or local level) and active citizens (potential and existing decision-makers) to support and facilitate their engagement and provide them with information and tools to effectively spread the message of democratic participation (through the together.eu community) in view of the upcoming 24 February.
- Raise citizens' awareness of the benefits of European parliamentary democracy, the powers the EP has to influence our daily lives and why it is therefore important to vote in EE24. Actions should inform citizens about why

- and how they can participate in EE24 in order to promote civic education and build an informed and engaged electorate (also through the together.eu community).
- Empowering organisations and active citizens (decisionmakers) to increase voter participation by further mobilising their networks and communities (through together.eu) and supporting and facilitating their initiatives.
- Support civil society organisations, change stakeholders and their networks and communities in the last phase of voting (a few days before 24 March and on the day of the European election(s)).

Overall, all actions aim to increase the number of citizens and organisations registering on together.eu and to promote their active participation in the together.eu community.



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Equal Rights,



Governance, Institutional cooperation



Migration, European Citizenship







PILOT PROJECTS AND PREPARATORY ACTIONS (PPPAS)

Funding Region



Eligible Entities/ Organisations

- · Education and Training Institution
- · Research Institution incl. University
- · NPO/NGO
- Public Body

- · International Organisation
- · Small and medium-sized enterprise (SME)
- Private Entity
- Others

Partnership

Partnerships are not mandatory

https://www.euro-access.eu/en/programs/118/Pilot-Projects-and-Preparatory-Actions-PPPAs

Summary

Pilot projects and preparatory actions (PPPAs) are **new initiatives that might turn into EU funding programmes**. Pilot projects are designed to test the feasibility of an action, and last not more than 2 years.

Preparatory actions last for up to 3 years, and are often the successor of a successful pilot project. They are designed to **prepare new EU policies, legislation, programmes** etc.

Priorities

EACEA manages PPPAs in the areas of **sport, culture and media**.

Actions will focus on **encouraging community integration of children and youth**. By improving their mental well-being by attending sport sessions, these individuals will eventually become ready to adjust to their new environment. Sport activities, with their power of bringing people together, will help interaction with the host community; facilitate integration into the education system and the labour market.

Additionally, actions may focus on **examples of inspirational behaviour and practices at grassroots level** that can be multiplied and on methods to engage citizens and sport stakeholders in communities to co-create and cooperate on sustainable sport practices

Other actions work on pooling voices, forces and resources – both public and private - for the **benefit of a holistic and integrated approach to cultural heritage policies** at all levels, notably at the EU level, and ensure that all relevant EU and national policies and priorities duly incorporate a cultural heritage dimension, as explained in the abovementioned Annual Work Programme for 2022. In pursuing this objective, the Hub will build on and pool the resources of the data space for cultural heritage, based in Europeana and in the 15-years work of over 4000 museums, libraries and archives across Europe, including Ukraine and the Balkans as well as the upcoming Competence Centre for the conservation of cultural heritage (which is also leading an initiative called SUM (Save the Ukraine Monuments).



Cultural Heritage, Art & Culture, Tourism



Education, Children and Youth, Media



Equal Rights, Social Inclusion



Health, Social, Sport



Migration, European Citizenship